



INSTITUTE FOR
YOUTH RESEARCH
MALAYSIA



FACTS & FIGURES INDEKS BELIA MALAYSIA 2021 (IBM'21)

Mengukur Kualiti & Kesejahteraan Hidup Belia Malaysia



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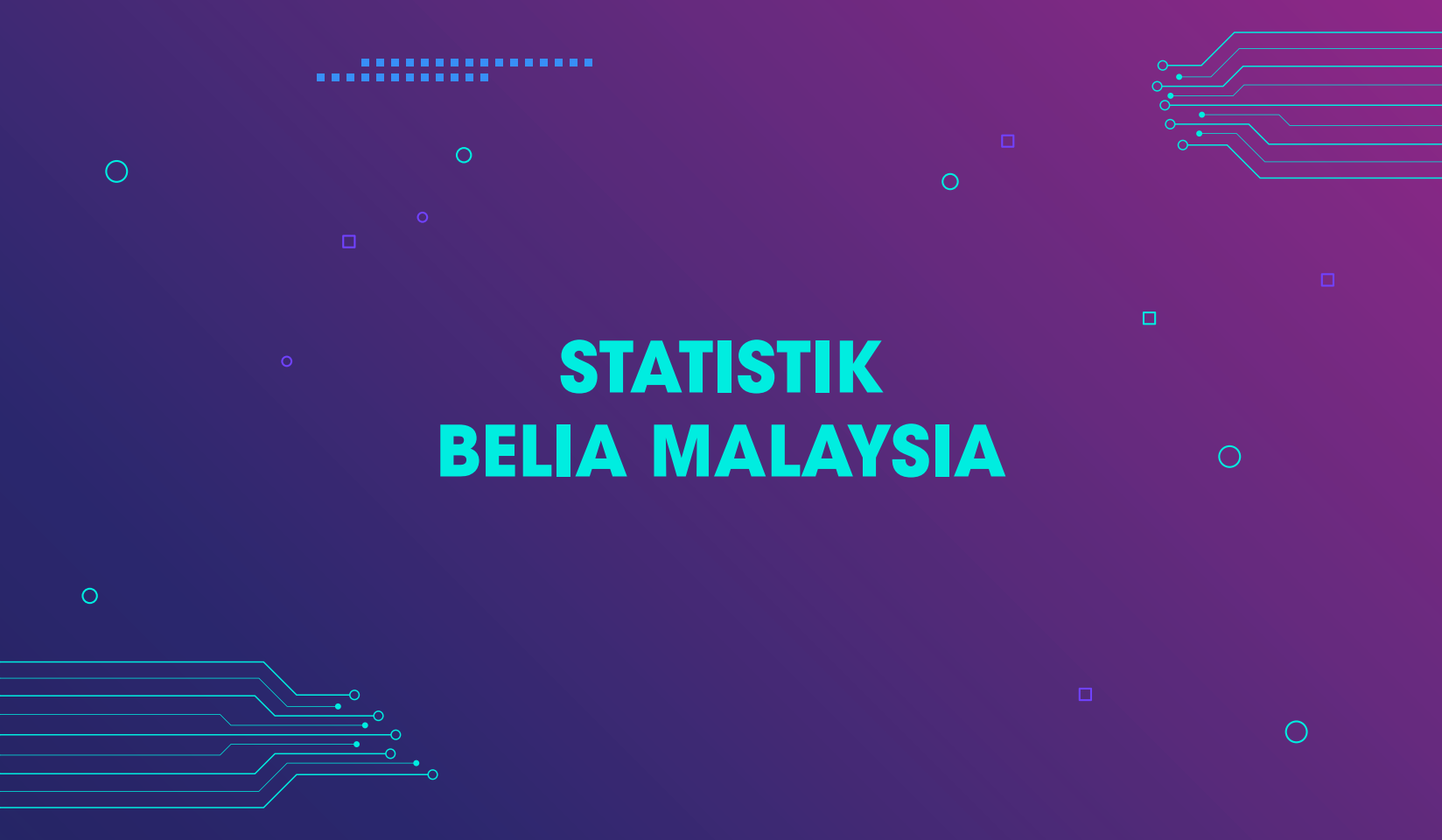
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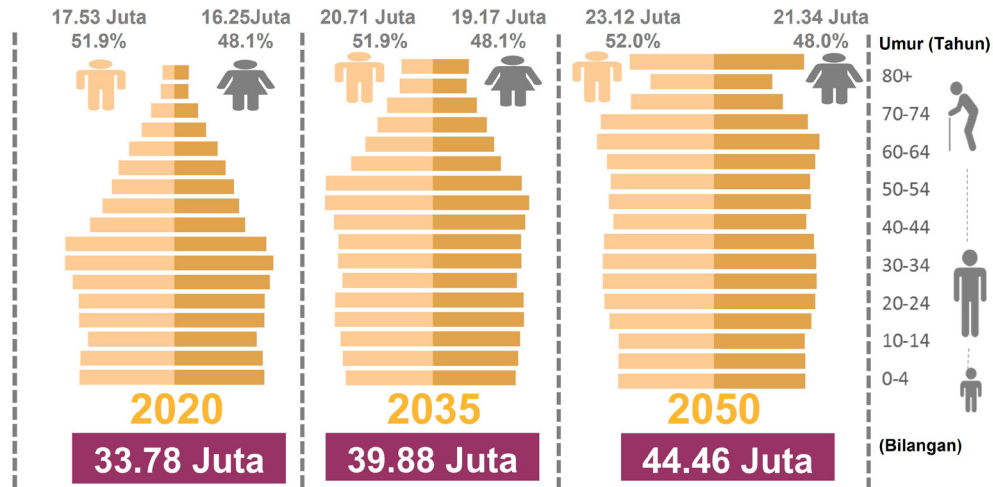
SOALAN LAZIM



STATISTIK BELIA MALAYSIA

UNJURAN PENDUDUK BAGI TAHUN 2020, 2035 & 2050

*Berdasarkan unjuran penduduk 2020 hingga 2050, Malaysia berhadapan masalah pertumbuhan populasi menua (*Aging Population*) di mana kadar peningkatan sebanyak 16% menjelang tahun 2050.

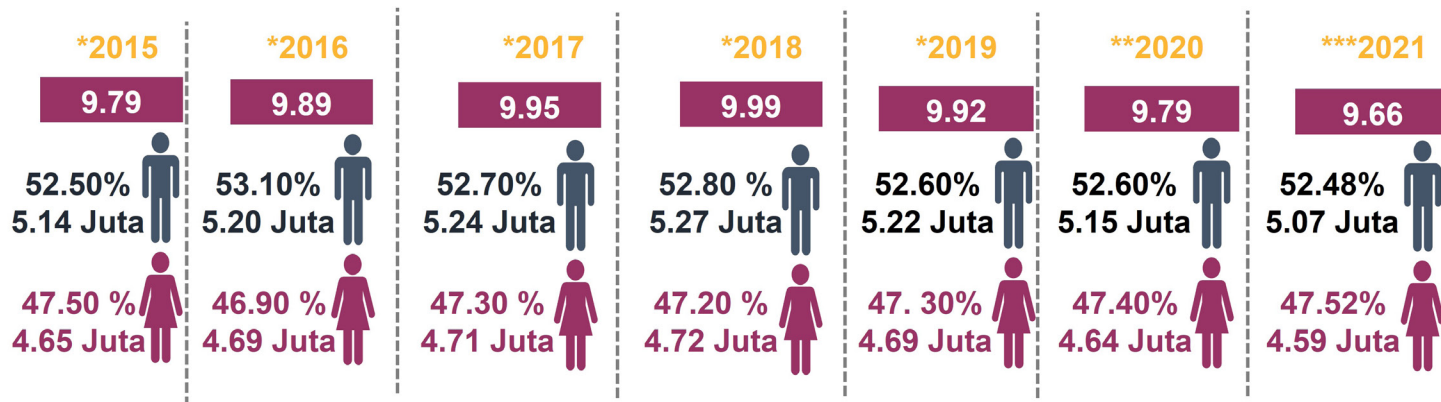


Nota:

1. Merujuk kepada Kadar Pertumbuhan Tahunan (GR)
2. 2020-2050: Unjuran Penduduk (semakan semula) berdasarkan data Banci Penduduk & Perumahan 2010
3. Hasil tambah mungkin berbeza disebabkan oleh pembundaran

Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia, 2021

JUMLAH POPULASI BELIA (15-30 TAHUN) MENGIKUT JANTINA BAGI TAHUN 2015-2021



Nota:

1. * Anggaran Penduduk Pertengahan Tahun berdasarkan data Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan Malaysia 2010
2. ** Unjuran Penduduk (semakan semula) berdasarkan data Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan Malaysia 2010
3. *** Unjuran Penduduk (semakan semula) berdasarkan data Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan Malaysia 2010
4. Hasil tambah mungkin berbeza kerana pembundaran

Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia, 2022



SENARIO DAN CABARAN BELIA MALAYSIA

SENARIO DAN CABARAN BELIA MALAYSIA



Politik

- Literasi Politik
- Kematangan Politik
- Kepimpinan
- Pemikiran Global
- Hubungan Serantau dan Antarabangsa



Sosial

- Pendidikan
- Gejala Sosial
- Kerohanian dan Keagamaan
- Nilai Murni
- Jati Diri dan Perpaduan
- Kesukarelawanan
- Kesihatan Mental dan Fizikal
- Institusi Kekeluargaan
- Sentuhan Insaniah
- Institusi Masyarakat



Ekonomi

- Kos Sara Hidup
- Budaya Keusahawanan
- Kemahiran
- Pekerjaan
- Belia Miskin Bandar



Teknologi

- Teknologi Maklumat dan Komunikasi
- Media Digital atau Sosial
- Inovasi dan Kreativiti
- Sains dan Teknologi

DASAR BELIA MALAYSIA (DBM) 2015-2035

4 KONSEP DASAR BELIA MALAYSIA

KONSEP I:

HAD UMUR SETARA PIAWAIAN ANTARABANGSA



BELIA

≥15 tahun dan <30 tahun

"Individu belia yang berumur di antara 15 tahun dan sebelum mencapai umur 30 tahun."

Takrifan umur belia baharu akan dilaksanakan pada tahun 2018 bagi memberi masa yang mencukupi untuk latihan dan peralihan kepimpinan baharu serta proses pindaan Akta Pertubuhan Belia dan Pembangunan Belia 2007 (Akta 668).

KONSEP II:

HOLISTIK DAN BERPANDUKAN PELEMBAGAAN PERSEKUTUAN DAN RUKUN NEGARA

8

Kumpulan Sasaran Belia

- 1 Belia Bersekolah
- 2 Belia Pengajian Tinggi
- 3 Belia Berkerjaya
- 4 Perkumpulan Belia (a - Belia Berpersatuan & b - Kumpulan Berdasarkan Minat Khusus)
- 5 Belia Massa
- 6 Belia Malaysia Antarabangsa
- 7 Belia Minoriti dan Golongan Terpinggir
- 8 Belia Berisiko

9

Bidang Keutamaan Belia

Menyerlahkan bakat dan potensi modal insan belia agar berkeupayaan menyumbang di semua peringkat kehidupan sehingga ke peringkat antarabangsa menerusi jaringan kerjasama strategik pemegang taruh berdasarkan 9 bidang keutamaan belia iaitu:

- 1 Pendidikan dan Latihan Kemahiran
- 2 Kenegaraan dan Jati Diri
- 3 Gaya Hidup Sihat dan Sejahtera
- 4 Kepemimpinan
- 5 Kesukarelawanan dan Masyarakat Civil
- 6 Keusahawanan
- 7 Penyelidikan dan Inovasi
- 8 Profesionalisme Kerja Belia
- 9 Pengiktirafan

KONSEP III:

FUTURISTIK, RELEVAN DAN TERKINI

PERANCANGAN JANGKA PANJANG

20 tahun

3 Teras DBM

Teras DBM 1: Pembangunan Belia Postif

Teras DBM 2: Dari Belia Untuk Belia

Teras DBM 3: Belia Sebagai Sumber dan Aset Negara

6 Mekanisme Penilaian



KONSEP IV:

MERENTAS PELAKSANA DAN GENERASI

Konsep Merentas Pelaksana

10

Kumpulan Pelaksana

- 1 Keluarga
- 2 Masyarakat
- 3 Pertubuhan Bukan Kerajaan (NGO)
- 4 KBS dan Agensi Persekutuan
- 5 Kerajaan Negeri
- 6 Institut Pendidikan dan Penyelidikan
- 7 Media
- 8 Syarikat Berkaitan Kerajaan dan Swasta
- 9 Kepimpinan Politik
- 10 NGO Belia dan Individu Belia

Konsep Merentas Generasi

5 fasa pembangunan bagi Konsep Merentas Generasi:

- | | |
|--------|--|
| Fasa 1 | Instansi Perkahwinan |
| Fasa 2 | Kanak-kanak (dari kandungan ibu sehingga 14 tahun, 0-14 tahun) |
| Fasa 3 | Belia (≥15 dan <30 tahun) |
| Fasa 4 | Dewasa (30 - 59 tahun) |
| Fasa 5 | Warga Emas (≥60 tahun) |

Sumber: Dasar Belia Malaysia 2015 - 2035

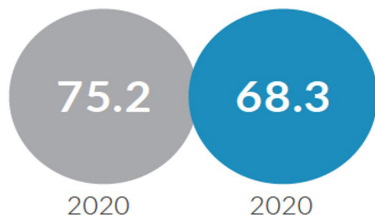
RANCANGAN MALAYSIA KEDUA BELAS (2021-2025)

Bab 5: Menangani Kemiskinan Dan Membangunkan Masyarakat Inklusif

Strategi F2: Membangunkan Belia yang Dinamik, Berdaya Tahan dan Berdaya Saing

RMKe-11

Menangani Keperluan
Kumpulan Sasar Khusus



Indeks Belia Malaysia



RMKe-12

Memperkasa Kumpulan
Sasar Khusus



Indeks Belia Malaysia



Sumber: Unit Perancang Ekonomi, Jabatan Perdana Menteri (2021)



INDEKS BELIA MALAYSIA 2021 (IBM'21)

INDEKS BELIA MALAYSIA 2021 (IBM'21)



Merupakan instrumen atau **penanda aras** yang dibentuk bagi memantau perkembangan kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup generasi belia Malaysia



Pembentukan domain dan indikator baharu pada tahun 2021 mengandungi **6 Domain dan 41 Indikator** bagi mengenal pasti pola gaya fikir dan gaya hidup semasa belia Malaysia



Input bagi memandu pemegang taruh **agar lebih sensitif dengan perubahan** dalam indikator yang diukur



Rujukan terhadap perubahan dan **pembangunan inovatif** bagi program-program pembangunan belia pada masa akan datang

KEPENTINGAN IBM'21

Memantau pencapaian tahap kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup belia Malaysia yang merupakan KPI Nasional RMKe-12 (2021-2025)

Mewujudkan **data empirikal** belia setempat

Memandu **penyediaan input** bagi pelan/ strategi berkaitan pembangunan belia Malaysia.

Pemantauan secara bersepadu hala tuju pembangunan belia peringkat nasional

Memberi input sebagai salah satu mekanisme **penilaian Dasar Belia Malaysia (DBM) 2015-2035**



OBJEKTIF IBM'21

01

Menilai **perubahan gaya hidup** belia melalui perbandingan dengan indeks semasa;

02

Menilai **perubahan** yang berlaku ke atas **domain dan indikator** kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup belia Malaysia;

03

Menyediakan **input serta cadangan** bagi membentuk polisi dan membangunkan program bersesuaian untuk meningkatkan kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup belia;

04

Menyediakan input bagi mekanisme **penilaian Dasar Belia Malaysia (DBM) 2015-2035**.

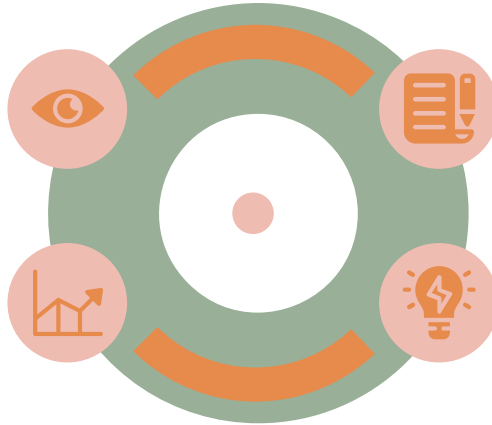
LIMITASI KAJIAN

Maklumbalas Responden

Bergantung kepada maklumbalas responden

Tempoh masa

Pengumpulan data dilaksanakan semasa fasa pasca pandemik



Belia Malaysia

Responden berumur 15 - 30 tahun sahaja

Lokasi Kajian

Berpanduan Blok Perhitungan (BP) yang disediakan oleh Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM)

LITERATURE REVIEW

Global Youth Development Index (YDI)



2013: 0.700
2016: 0.729
2020: 0.775

ASEAN YDI



2017: 3/ 10 negara (*Education; Employment & Opportunity; Health & Well-being; & Participation & Engagement*)
2021: *Values, Awareness & Identity*)

Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) 2030



Goal 1: No Poverty
Goal 3: Good Health & Well-being
Goal 4: Quality Education

Goal 6: Clean Water & Sanitation
Goal 8: Decent Work & Economic Growth
Goal 17: Partnership for The Goals

Rancangan Malaysia Kedua Belas (2021 - 2025)



Tema 2: Memperkukuh Keselamatan, Kesejahteraan dan Inklusiviti

Wawasan Kemakmuran Bersama 2030



Kumpulan sasaran - belia

Dasar Belia Malaysia (DBM) 2015 - 2035

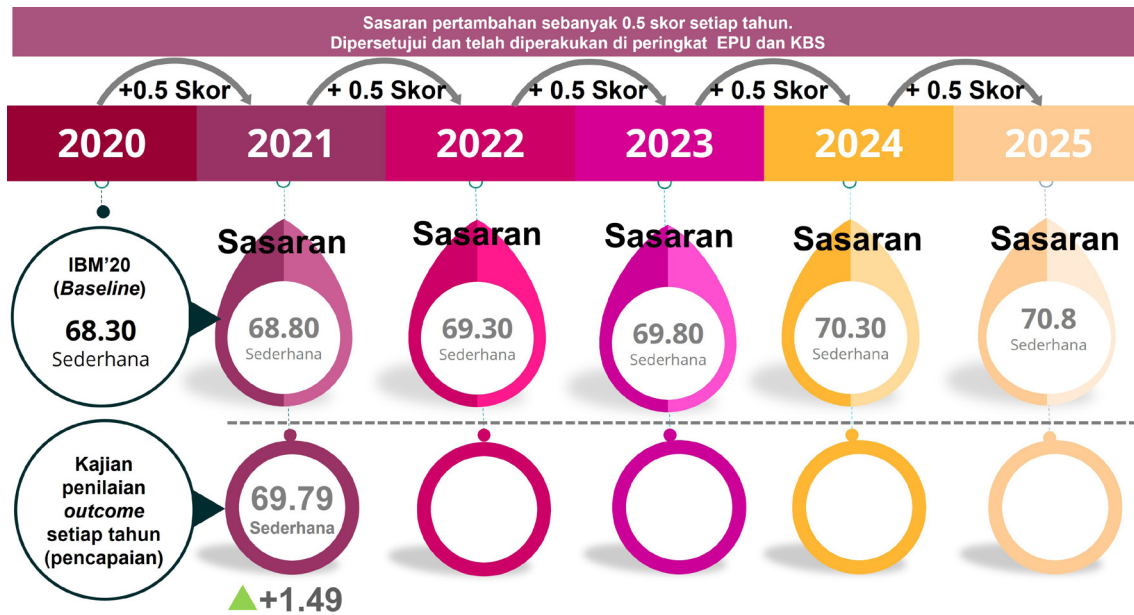


Enam Mekanisme Penilaian DBM 2015 - 2035



SASARAN PENCAPAIAN INDEKS BELIA MALAYSIA (IBM) 2021 - 2025

SASARAN PENCAPAIAN TAHAP KUALITI & KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA 2021-2025



Sumber: Mesyuarat Penetapan Sasaran Skor Dalam RMKe-12 pada 5 Mac 2020 dan Bab 5, Dokumen RMKe-12 (2021-2025)



KRONOLOGI INDEKS BELIA MALAYSIA (IBM)

KRONOLOGI INDEKS BELIA MALAYSIA (IBM)

ASEAN Workplan on Youth 2016-2020

- 2016 - Pembentangan Indeks Belia Malaysia 2015 (IBM'15) di peringkat Sekretariat ASEAN
- Pembentukan Indeks Belia Malaysia merupakan inisiatif di bawah ASEAN *Workplan on Youth* 2016-2020
- 2017 - Pembentangan Indeks Belia Malaysia 2015 (IBM'15) di peringkat Sekretariat Komanwel

Pengemaskinian dan Penambahbaikan Domain dan Indikator IBM

- Pengemaskinian dan penambahbaikan Indeks Belia Malaysia melalui enam (6) Domain dan 41 Indikator
- Skor Domain dengan nilai pemberat (*weightage*)

IBM sebagai input Rancangan Malaysia Ketiga Belas (2026-2030)

- Input kepada perancangan strategik pembangunan belia di peringkat nasional



Global Youth Development Index (GYDI) 2020

- Pengemaskinian domain dan indikator di peringkat global

Key Performance Indicator (KPI) Nasional (RMKe-12)

- IBM merupakan *Key Performance Indicator* (KPI) Nasional untuk Rancangan Malaysia Kedua Belas (2021 – 2025)
- Sasaran skor IBM 70.8 (Sederhana) pada tahun 2025
- Pelaksanaan Indeks Belia Malaysia merupakan inisiatif di bawah ASEAN *Workplan on Youth* 2021-2025

KRONOLOGI DOMAIN DAN INDIKATOR IBM





KONSEP KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA

KONSEP KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP

KUALITI HIDUP

Kesejahteraan atau **ketidaksejahteraan masyarakat** dalam persekitaran kehidupan mereka. Kualiti hidup juga membawa maksud **kehidupan yang baik** atau **menjalani kehidupan dengan kualiti tinggi**.

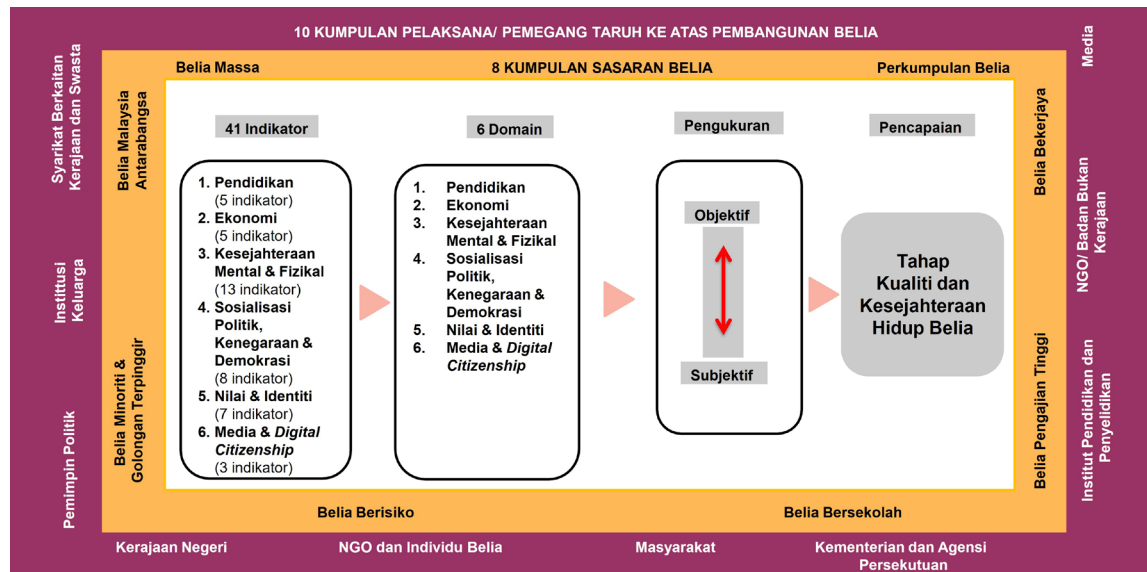
KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP

Menggambarkan **satu keadaan cukup** (makan minum, pakaian, tempat tinggal), **selesa** (kedudukan ekonomi), **tenang** (jiwa, psikososial, kesihatan), **segar** (persekitaran), **harmoni** (keadaan yang selamat), dan **damai** (suasana hidup sekeliling) yang mampu dan memberi makna kepada kebahagiaan hidup seseorang.

KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP

Satu konsep yang **saling melengkapi**. Satu bentuk penilaian secara sedar atau taksiran psikologikal individu tentang **kepuasan kehidupan** mencakupi aspek **pembangunan sendiri, hubungan sosial, sosioekonomi, persekitaran, integrasi sosial, kesihatan fizikal, pendidikan, keseimbangan hidup dan pekerjaan, keselamatan, politik dan sebagainya**.

KERANGKA KONSEP KUALITI & KESEJAHTERAAN MELALUI NATIONAL KEY YOUTH DEVELOPMENT AREA (NKYDA) 2021-2025



Sumber: Diadaptasi dan diubahsuai berdasarkan Kerangka Konsep "Global Youth Development Index" 2016 dan Dasar Belia Malaysia (DBM) 2015-2035

PENAMBAHBAIKAN MUTU PENGUKURAN KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA



6 DOMAIN IBM'21

Pendidikan
(1. Domain Pendidikan)



**Media & Digital
Citizenship**
(4. Domain Ketembusan
Media)



Nilai & Identiti
(5. Domain Pembangunan
Kendiri, 6. Domain Hubungan
Sosial, 7. Domain Identiti, 8.
Domain Potensi Diri & 9.
Domain Bebas Tingkah laku
Devian)



Kesejahteraan Mental & Fizikal
(10. Domain Kesihatan, 11. Domain
Keselamatan & 12. Domain Waktu Senggang)



Ekonomi
(2. Domain Ekonomi)



**Sosialisasi Politik, Kenegaraan
& Demokrasi**
(3. Domain Sosialisasi Politik)



IBM'21

DEFINISI 6 DOMAIN KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA



1. PENDIDIKAN

Akses kepada Pendidikan, pencapaian akademik tertinggi dan tahap penguasaan dalam membaca dan menulis.



3. KESEJAHTERAAN MENTAL & FIZIKAL

Tahap literasi kesihatan, kesejahteraan mental dan fizikal, bebas dari penyakit yang dikaitkan dengan amalan cara hidup dan tingkah laku berisiko.



5. NILAI & IDENTITI

Prinsip/ garis panduan menjalani kehidupan, ciri-ciri psikologi, semangat, siri kepercayaan, pegangan, nilai diri, kekuatan dan kemampuan dalam diri seseorang yang boleh dibangunkan secara optimum ke arah mencapai sahsiah unggul dan jati diri yang mantap.



2. EKONOMI

Tahap ekonomi seseorang yang menggambarkan sejauh mana kedudukan kewangannya.



4. SOSIALISASI POLITIK, KENEGARAAN & DEMOKRASI

Keterlibatan dalam aktiviti politik meliputi kewujudan polisi berkaitan belia, kewujudan pendidikan pengundi, suara belia secara formal, perbincangan, penyertaan dan mengikuti perkembangan berkaitan isu politik, kenegaraan dan demokrasi.



6. MEDIA & DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP

Segala bentuk medium dan saluran bagi menyampaikan informasi dan kemampuan mengelola dan memantau perilaku dalam menggunakan teknologi merangkumi etika, norma dan budaya.

DEFINISI INDIKATOR BAGI SETIAP DOMAIN KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA



1. PENDIDIKAN

Akses kepada Pendidikan, pencapaian akademik tertinggi dan tahap penguasaan dalam membaca dan menulis.

1. Pencapaian Pendidikan	• Pencapaian Pendidikan pasca menengah belia
2. Enrolmen Pendidikan Menengah	• Nisbah jumlah enrolmen pendidikan menengah (tanpa had umur) kepada populasi yang merujuk kepada kumpulan umur sepadan dengan tahap Pendidikan tersebut
3. Kadar Tamat Pendidikan Menengah	• Kadar belia yang menamatkan pendidikan menengah
4. Literasi Pendidikan	• Kemahiran membaca dan menulis untuk memahami pernyataan ringkas tentang kehidupan seharian
5. Enrolmen Tertiar	• Nisbah enrolmen pendidikan tertiar (tanpa had umur) kepada populasi yang merujuk kepada kumpulan umur sepadan dengan tahap pendidikan tersebut

DEFINISI INDIKATOR BAGI SETIAP DOMAIN KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA



2. EKONOMI

Tahap ekonomi seseorang yang menggambarkan sejauh mana kedudukan kewangannya.

1. Jaminan Kewangan	• Keadaan di mana seseorang itu mempunyai perancangan kewangan yang teliti iaitu simpanan atau pelaburan yang membolehkan beliau melalui umur persaraan tanpa perasaan risau
2. Literasi Kewangan	• Kebolehan menggunakan pengetahuan dan kemahiran untuk menguruskan sumber kewangan secara berkesan bagi mencapai kesejahteraan kewangan
3. Bebas Hutang	• Kebolehan untuk mengekalkan gaya hidup yang selesa dan pada masa yang sama mempunyai simpanan masa depan serta mengelak daripada bebanan hutang
4. Kebolehpekerjaan	• Keupayaan untuk mendapat pekerjaan yang sesuai dengan tahap kelayakan
5. Kadar Pengangguran Belia	• Perkadaran belia yang menganggur (tidak bekerja) kepada jumlah penduduk belia di dalam tenaga buruh

DEFINISI INDIKATOR BAGI SETIAP DOMAIN KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA



3. KESEJAHTERAAN MENTAL & FIZIKAL

Tahap literasi kesihatan, kesejahteraan mental dan fizikal, bebas dari penyakit yang dikaitkan dengan amalan cara hidup dan tingkah laku berisiko.

1. Kesihatan Mental	• Keupayaan mengatasi ketegangan, perasaan bimbang dan kemurungan disebabkan sesuatu perkara
2. Keselamatan Diri dan Persekitaran	• Berasa aman dan bebas daripada rasa takut
3. Sanitasi	• Sistem kawalan kebersihan diri dan awam
4. BMI (Kadar Berat Badan dan Ketinggian)	• Kadar berat badan berbanding ketinggian diri sendiri
5. Waktu Lapang	• Kekerapan aktiviti berdasarkan minat seperti hobi, aktiviti rekreasi, hiburan dan penglibatan berpersatuan
6. Merokok/ Vape	• Kadar merokok/ vape belia
7. Amalan Pemakanan Seimbang	• Amalan pemakanan belia yang sihat dan seimbang.
8. Penyalahgunaan Alkohol	• Penggunaan alkohol yang berbahaya mampu merosakkan fizikal dan mental
9. Penyalahgunaan Dadah	• Penggunaan dadah yang bertentangan dengan kepentingan rawatannya
10. Kadar HIV	• Kadar jangkitan HIV
11. Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI)	• Penyakit yang boleh menjangkiti kesihatan sistem pembiakan daripada seseorang yang mempunyai jangkitan
12. Kadar Kelahiran (ASFR)	• Kadar adalah bagi setiap 1,000 perempuan berumur 15-30 tahun
13. Kadar Kematian (SDR)	• Kadar adalah per 1,000 penduduk berumur 15-30 tahun

DEFINISI INDIKATOR BAGI SETIAP DOMAIN KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA



4. SOSIALISASI POLITIK, KENEGARAAN & DEMOKRASI

Keterlibatan dalam aktiviti politik meliputi kewujudan polisi berkaitan belia, kewujudan pendidikan pengundi, suara belia secara formal, perbincangan, penyertaan dan mengikuti perkembangan berkaitan isu politik, kenegaraan dan demokrasi.

1. Kewujudan Polisi Berkaitan Pembangunan Belia	Rancangan tindakan yang telah dipersetujui secara rasmi sebagai asas untuk membuat atau melaksanakan sesuatu keputusan berkaitan ketersediaan belia dalam memju belia ke tahap yang lebih tinggi
2. Kewujudan Pendidikan Pengundi (<i>Voter Education</i>)	Program memupuk kesedaran masyarakat pelbagai lapisan dan mempromosikan tentang ketelusan dan kecekapan pengurusan pilihan raya dan merancang, membangun serta melaksanakan program kesedaran terhadap demokrasi dan pilihan raya
3. Kebebasan Bersuara Belia	Kebebasan untuk bersuara secara formal melalui saluran yang dipercayai
4. Perbincangan Politik, Kenegaraan dan Demokrasi	Perbincangan mengenai isu politik, kenegaraan dan demokrasi bersama rakan, keluarga, rakan siber, guru dan lain-lain
5. Mengikuti Perkembangan Aktiviti Politik, Kenegaraan dan Demokrasi	Sentiasa mendapat maklumat terkini mengenai politik, kenegaraan dan demokrasi
6. Penyertaan Dalam Aktiviti Politik, Kenegaraan dan Demokrasi	Menceburi aktiviti yang berkaitan politik termasuk mengundi, menghadiri ceramah politik dan aktif dalam parti politik
7. Patriotisme	Perasaan cinta yang kuat terhadap tanah air
8. Semangat Perpaduan	Penyatuan dan perpaduan sosial yang dipamerkan sesebuah masyarakat

DEFINISI INDIKATOR BAGI SETIAP DOMAIN KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA



5. NILAI & IDENTITI

Prinsip/ garis panduan menjalani kehidupan, ciri-ciri psikologi, semangat, siri kepercayaan, pegangan, nilai diri, kekuatan dan kemampuan dalam diri seseorang yang boleh dibangunkan secara optimum ke arah mencapai sahsiah unggul dan jati diri yang mantap.

1. Berdaya	Kemampuan seseorang untuk terus komited dalam melaksanakan sesuatu walaupun menempuh pelbagai cabaran dan halangan
2. Sensitiviti/ Keprihatinan	Keprihatinan terhadap nilai dan budaya masyarakat serta penjagaan alam sekitar
3. Hubungan Sosial	Ikatan antara individu dengan individu lain
4. Konsep Kendiri	Penghargaan sendiri merupakan darjah penghargaan dan pengiktirafan individu terhadap dirinya sendiri/ harga diri. Efikasi diri melibatkan kepercayaan individu terhadap kebolehan dan keupayaan untuk menyempurnakan sesuatu tugas dengan baik
5. Gaya Hidup	Kepercayaan dan manifestasi kepercayaan kepada tuhan yang berupaya bertindak sebagai petunjuk, pembentukan moral dan melahirkan nilai positif
6. Kepimpinan	Keupayaan untuk memimpin, bijak membuat keputusan dan mengendalikan sesuatu yang sukar
7. Kawalan Diri	Kawalan diri merangkumi nilai keikhlasan, keterbukaan, ketulusan, amanah, benar, beretika, tidak mudah dipengaruhi, boleh dipercayai, menepati janji serta potensi belia tidak terlibat dalam aktiviti salah laku sosial

DEFINISI INDIKATOR BAGI SETIAP DOMAIN KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA



6. MEDIA & *DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP*

Segala bentuk medium dan saluran bagi menyampaikan informasi dan kemampuan mengelola dan memantau perilaku dalam menggunakan teknologi merangkumi etika, norma dan budaya. unggul dan jati diri yang mantap.

1. Akses Kepada Media	• Kekerapan penggunaan media
2. Keselamatan Ketika Menggunakan Internet	• Rasa selamat ketika menggunakan teknologi digital termasuk transaksi kewangan
3. Literasi Digital	• Kecekapan menggunakan media digital dengan beretika dan bertanggungjawab untuk memperoleh informasi dan berkomunikasi



METODOLOGI KAJIAN

METODOLOGI KAJIAN INDEKS BELIA MALAYSIA 2021 (IBM'21)



REKA BENTUK KAJIAN

- Kaedah kuantitatif (edaran sistem soal selidik) dan data sekunder
- Analisa dokumen



SAMPEL KAJIAN

- Belia berumur 15-30 tahun seluruh Malaysia
- 6,153 (6,101 dianalisa) orang responden seluruh Malaysia
- 8 kumpulan sasaran belia



KAEDAH PERSAMPELAN

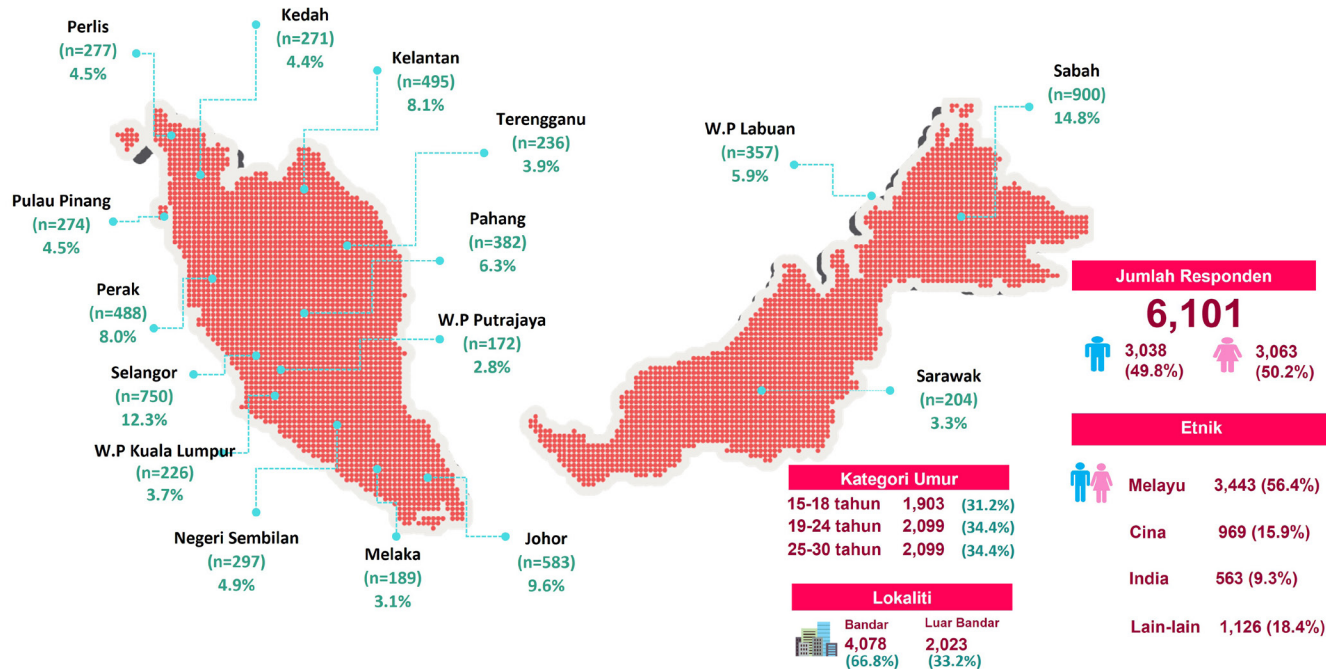
- Pemilihan responden mewakili pelbagai etnik, jantina dan lokaliti tempat tinggal
- Menggunakan blok perhitungan (BP)



PENGUMPULAN DATA

- Menggunakan khidmat IYRES *Community Enumerator* (ICE)
- 249 orang enumerator seluruh Malaysia
- 16 penyelia negeri
- 10 orang enumerator Kajian Rintis

TABURAN RESPONDEN IBM'21 DI SELURUH MALAYSIA



KAEDAH PEMBENTUKAN SKOR INDEKS BELIA MALAYSIA 2021 (IBM'21)

$$\text{Skor Indikator : } \bar{x}_{\text{indikator}} = \frac{\sum_k \frac{M_k - M_k^s}{R}}{n_{\text{item}}} \times 100 \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, n_{\text{item}}$$

Petunjuk :

M_k^s = nilai minimum skala

M_k = min

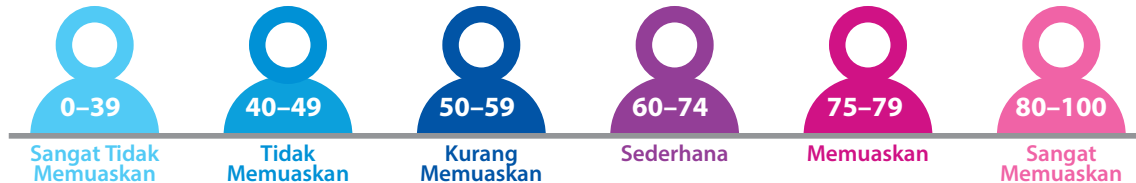
R = nilai maksima skala – nilai minimum skala

n = bilangan

$$\text{Skor domain : } \bar{x}_{\text{domain}} = \frac{\sum_i \bar{x}_{\text{indikator}}}{n_{\text{indikator}}} \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n_{\text{indikator}}$$

$$\text{Indeks : } \bar{x}_{\text{indeks}} = \frac{\sum_d \bar{x}_{\text{domain}}}{n_{\text{domain}}} \quad d = 1, 2, \dots, n_{\text{domain}}$$

Kajian ini menggunakan indeks "0" sebagai skor minimum dan indeks "100" sebagai skor maksimum. Semakin tinggi skor, maka lebih baik kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup keseluruhan belia Malaysia, berdasarkan skala di bawah.



PEMBERAT DOMAIN IBM'21

BIL.	DOMAIN	PEMBERAT (%)		
		GLOBAL	ASEAN	MALAYSIA
1.	PENDIDIKAN	25% (Global Youth Index, 2016)	30% (Youth Development Index, 2017)	20.0%
2.	EKONOMI	25% (Global Youth Index, 2016)	30% (Youth Development Index, 2017)	20.0%
3.	KESEJAHTERAAN MENTAL & FIZIKAL	25% (Global Youth Index, 2016)	30% (Youth Development Index, 2017)	20.0%
4.	SOSIALISASI POLITIK, KENEGARAAN & DEMOKRASI	15% (Global Youth Index, 2016)	-	15.0%
5.	NILAI & IDENTITI	10% (Global Youth Index, 2016)	10% (Youth Development Index, 2017)	12.5%
6.	MEDIA & DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP	10.94% (The Global Youth Wellbeing Index, 2017)	-	12.5%
JUMLAH		-	100%	100%

Sumber : First ASEAN Youth Development Index (2017); Global Youth Index and Report (2016) & (2020) dan The Global Youth Wellbeing Index (2017)



***TREND* PENCAPAIAN TAHAP KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA 2015-2021**

IBM'21 *HIGHLIGHTS*

Pengiraan skor IBM'21 merupakan kombinasi data **primer (75%)** dan **data sekunder (25%)**.

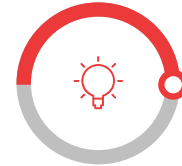
Evolusi Domain dan Indikator IBM'21 seiring dengan keperluan semasa pembangunan belia, berlandaskan **model analitik dan penyelarasan dengan indeks belia di peringkat antarabangsa** (ASEAN dan Global).



IBM'21 melaporkan pencapaian kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup belia Malaysia melalui **6 Domain dan 41 Indikator** berbanding 12 Domain dan 58 Indikator sebelum ini.



Skor keseluruhan IBM'21 **meningkat 1.49** berbanding IBM'20 dan masih berada di tahap Sederhana.



Domain Pendidikan mencatatkan pencapaian skor tertinggi (82.50) di tahap Memuaskan dan **Domain Ekonomi** mencatatkan pencapaian skor terendah (59.07) di tahap Kurang Memuaskan.

IBM'21 *HIGHLIGHTS*

Bagi pencapaian keseluruhan, **perancangan strategik melibatkan tiga tier/ peringkat** iaitu lonjakan inovasi; intervensi; dan diagnosis dan perbincangan kumpulan fokus.

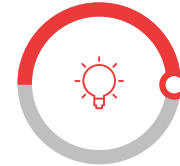
Pencapaian **Domain Kesejahteraan Mental & Fizikal; Sosialisasi Politik, Kenegaraan & Demokrasi; dan Media & Digital Citizenship** bagi IBM'21 di Tier 2.



Pencapaian kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup belia Malaysia secara keseluruhan dipengaruhi oleh **ekosistem lapar kumpulan sasaran belia dan 10 kumpulan pelaksana belia**, seperti yang digariskan dalam Dasar Belia Malaysia (DBM) 2015-2035.

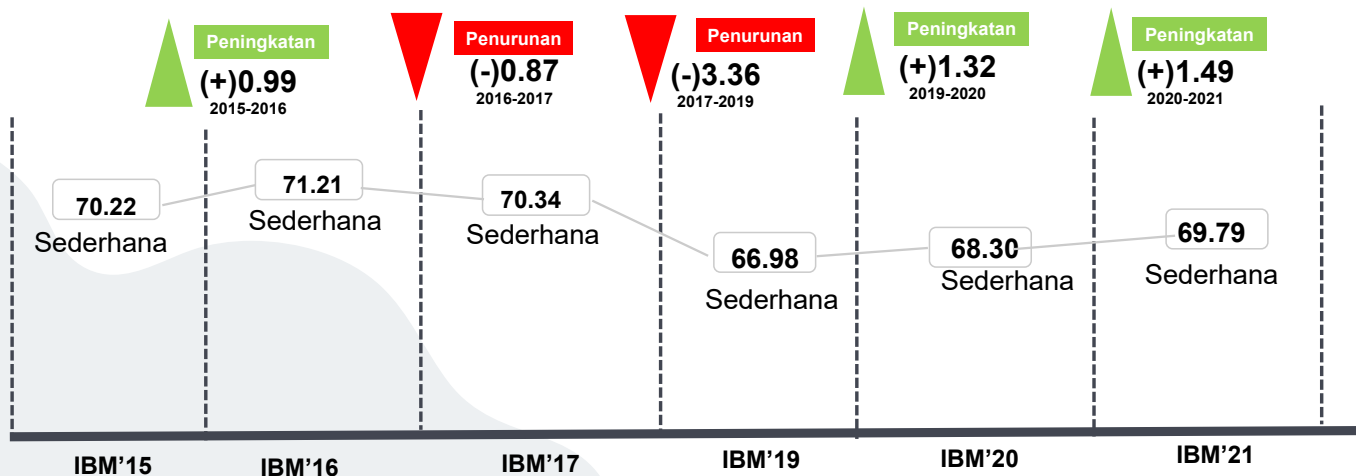


Pencapaian **Domain Ekonomi** bagi IBM'21 di **Tier 3** dan memerlukan tumpuan utama.



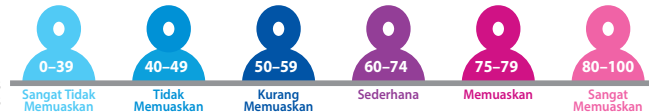
Domain Pendidikan; dan Nilai & Identiti bagi IBM'21 di Tier 1.

TREND PENCAPAIAN TAHAP KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA 2015 - 2021



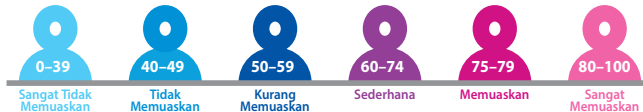
Sumber:

Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia . Putrajaya: IYRES
 Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2020). Indeks Belia Malaysia . Putrajaya: IYRES
 Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2019). Kajian Penilaian Outcome Indeks Belia Malaysia . Putrajaya: IYRES
 Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2017). Kajian Penilaian Outcome Indeks Belia Malaysia . Putrajaya: IYRES
 Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2016). Kajian Penilaian Outcome Indeks Belia Malaysia . Putrajaya: IYRES
 Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2015). Indeks Belia Malaysia . Putrajaya: IYRES



PERBANDINGAN SKOR IBM'15-IBM'20 (12 DOMAIN)

BIL.	TAHUN	IBM'15	IBM'16	IBM'17	IBM'19	IBM'20
	Domain/ Skor Keseluruhan (Tahap)	70.22 (Sederhana)	71.21 (Sederhana)	70.34 (Sederhana)	66.98 (Sederhana)	68.30 (Sederhana)
1.	Domain Pembangunan Kendiri	72.60 (Sederhana)	73.80 (Sederhana)	72.19 (Sederhana)	73.39 (Sederhana)	73.04 (Sederhana)
2.	Domain Hubungan Sosial	78.18 (Memuaskan)	78.06 (Memuaskan)	74.94 (Sederhana)	74.45 (Sederhana)	74.27 (Sederhana)
3.	Domain Identiti	69.14 (Sederhana)	69.71 (Sederhana)	69.24 (Sederhana)	68.39 (Sederhana)	69.23 (Sederhana)
4.	Domain Potensi Diri	68.13 (Sederhana)	68.37 (Sederhana)	69.39 (Sederhana)	66.38 (Sederhana)	66.57 (Sederhana)
5.	Domain Kesihatan	68.42 (Sederhana)	76.59 (Memuaskan)	74.15 (Sederhana)	78.51 (Memuaskan)	74.94 (Sederhana)
6.	Domain Pendidikan	71.22 (Sederhana)	73.86 (Sederhana)	74.65 (Sederhana)	77.08 (Memuaskan)	76.33 (Memuaskan)
7.	Domain Ekonomi	54.26 (Kurang Memuaskan)	58.05 (Kurang Memuaskan)	55.75 (Kurang Memuaskan)	61.71 (Sederhana)	61.81 (Sederhana)
8.	Domain Keselamatan	70.82 (Sederhana)	71.13 (Sederhana)	68.27 (Sederhana)	72.20 (Sederhana)	68.17 (Sederhana)
9.	Domain Ketembusan Media	73.59 (Sederhana)	68.12 (Sederhana)	63.31 (Sederhana)	60.36 (Sederhana)	59.83 (Kurang Memuaskan)
10.	Domain Sosialisasi Politik	45.82 (Tidak Memuaskan)	49.35 (Tidak Memuaskan)	50.07 (Kurang Memuaskan)	29.03 (Sangat Tidak Memuaskan)	27.75 (Sangat Tidak Memuaskan)
11.	Domain Waktu Senggang	81.02 (Sangat Memuaskan)	76.14 (Memuaskan)	78.86 (Memuaskan)	70.82 (Sederhana)	69.01 (Sederhana)
12.	Domain Bebas Tingkahlaku Devian	89.45 (Sangat Memuaskan)	91.31 (Sangat Memuaskan)	93.22 (Sangat Memuaskan)	97.20 (Sangat Memuaskan)	97.63 (Sangat Memuaskan)



PERBANDINGAN SKOR IBM'20 DENGAN IBM'21

BIL.	TAHUN	IBM'20
	Domain/ Skor Keseluruhan (Tahap)	68.30 (Sederhana)
1.	Domain Pembangunan Kendiri	73.04 (Sederhana)
2.	Domain Hubungan Sosial	74.27 (Sederhana)
3.	Domain Identiti	69.23 (Sederhana)
4.	Domain Potensi Diri	66.57 (Sederhana)
5.	Domain Kesihatan	74.94 (Sederhana)
6.	Domain Pendidikan	76.33 (Memuaskan)
7.	Domain Ekonomi	61.81 (Sederhana)
8.	Domain Keselamatan	68.17 (Sederhana)
9.	Domain Ketembusan Media	59.83 (Kurang Memuaskan)
10.	Domain Sosialisasi Politik	27.75 (Sangat Tidak Memuaskan)
11.	Domain Waktu Senggang	69.01 (Sederhana)
12.	Domain Bebas Tingkahlaku Devian	97.63 (Sangat Memuaskan)



BIL.	TAHUN	IBM'21
	Domain/ Skor Keseluruhan (Tahap)	69.79 (Sederhana)
1.	Domain Pendidikan	82.50 (Memuaskan)
2.	Domain Ekonomi	59.07 (Kurang memuaskan)
3.	Domain Kesejahteraan Mental dan Fizikal	68.91 (Sederhana)
4.	Domain Sosialisasi Politik, Kenegaraan & Demokrasi	60.31 (Sederhana)
5.	Domain Nilai & Identiti	75.00 (Memuaskan)
6.	Domain Media & Digital Citizenship	74.23 (Sederhana)



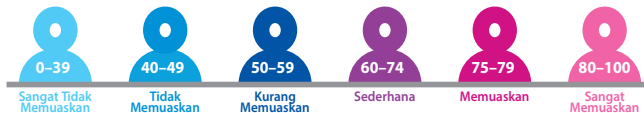
BIL.	DOMAIN	SKOR DOMAIN 2021	INDIKATOR	SKOR INDIKATOR	JENIS DATA
1	PENDIDIKAN	82.50	1. Pencapaian Pendidikan	97.20	Primer
			2. Literasi Pendidikan	95.00	Sekunder
			3. Enrolmen Pendidikan Menengah	89.41	Sekunder
			4. Kadar Tamat Pendidikan Menengah	82.30	Sekunder
			5. Enrolmen Tertiar	48.59	Sekunder
2	EKONOMI	59.07	1. Jaminan Kewangan	50.45	Primer
			2. Literasi Kewangan	62.90	Primer
			3. Bebas Hutang	45.08	Primer
			4. Kebolehpkerjaan (Employability)	42.10	Primer
			5. Kadar Pengangguran Belia	9.20	Sekunder
3	KESEJAHTERAAN MENTAL & FIZIKAL	68.91	1. Kesihatan Mental	85.03	Primer
			2. Keselamatan Diri dan Persekitaran	54.20	Primer
			3. Sanitasi	33.70	Primer
			4. BMI (Kadar Berat Badan dan Ketinggian)	59.00	Primer
			5. Waktu Lapang	48.49	Primer
			6. Merokok/ Vape	16.39	Primer
			7. Amalan Pemakanan Seimbang	46.11	Primer
			8. Penyalahgunaan Alkohol	0.01	Sekunder
			9. Penyalahgunaan Dadah	0.10	Sekunder
			10. Kadar HIV	0.02	Sekunder
			11. Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI)	0.04	Sekunder
			12. Kadar Kelahiran (ASFR)	53.60	Sekunder
			13. Kadar Kematian (SDR)	0.58	Sekunder
4	SOSIALISASI POLITIK, KENEGARAAN & DEMOKRASI	60.31	1. Kewujudan Polisi Berkaitan Pembangunan Belia	70.87	Primer
			2. Kewujudan Pendidikan Mengundi (Voter Education)	69.12	Primer
			3. Kebebasan Bersuara Belia	71.19	Primer
			4. Perbincangan Politik, Kenegaraan dan Demokrasi	47.63	Primer
			5. Mengikuti Perkembangan Aktiviti Politik, Kenegaraan dan Demokrasi	42.86	Primer
			6. Penyertaan Dalam Aktiviti Politik, Kenegaraan dan Demokrasi	35.52	Primer
			7. Patriotisme	65.40	Primer
			8. Semangat Perpaduan	79.89	Primer
5	NILAI & IDENTITI	75.00	1. Berdaya	67.52	Primer
			2. Sensitiviti/ Keprihatinan (alam sekitar dan kesukarelawan)	68.50	Primer
			3. Hubungan Sosial (hubungan dengan ibu bapa/ keluarga, hubungan dengan masyarakat dan hubungan dengan rakan)	74.01	Primer
			4. Konsep Kendiri (efikasi diri dan penghargaan sendiri)	74.30	Primer
			5. Gaya Hidup (keagamaan dan budaya)	78.87	Primer
			6. Kepimpinan	74.50	Primer
			7. Kawalan Diri (integriti & tingkah laku devian)	87.28	Primer
6	MEDIA & DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP	74.23	1. Akses Kepada Media	68.33	Primer
			2. Keselamatan Ketika Menggunakan Internet	81.70	Primer
			3. Literasi Digital	72.65	Primer
SKOR IBM'21				69.79	

SKOR KESELURUHAN IBM'21



SKOR IBM'21 MENGIKUT DOMAIN & INDIKATOR

BIL.	DOMAIN	PEMBERAT (%)	SKOR DOMAIN IBM'21	INDIKATOR	SKOR INDIKATOR	JENIS DATA
1.	PENDIDIKAN	20	82.50	1. Pencapaian Pendidikan	97.20	Primer
				2. Literasi Pendidikan	95.00	Sekunder
				3. Enrolmen Pendidikan Menengah	89.41	Sekunder
				4. Kadar Tamat Pendidikan Menengah	82.30	Sekunder
				5. Enrolmen Tertiari	48.59	Sekunder

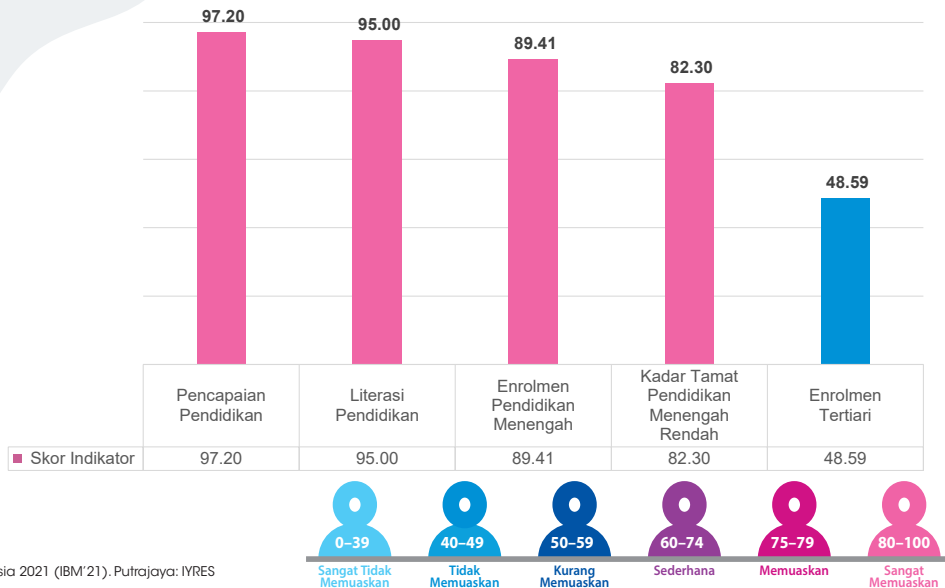




DOMAIN PENDIDIKAN

Skor Domain Pendidikan:
82.50
(Sangat Memuaskan)

PENCAPAIAN DOMAIN PENDIDIKAN DAN INDIKATOR BAGI IBM'21 (Keseluruhan Data Primer & Sekunder)



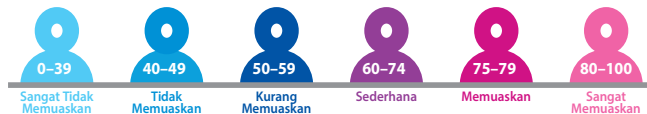
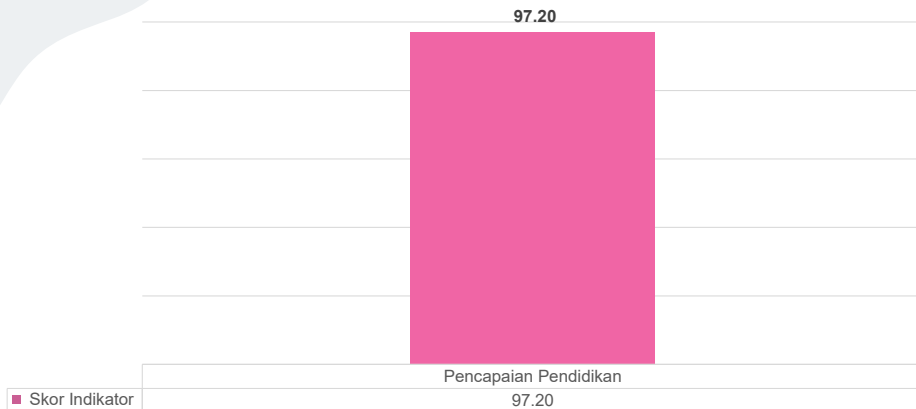
Sumber:
Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES



DOMAIN PENDIDIKAN

Skor Domain Pendidikan:
82.50
(Sangat Memuaskan)

PENCAPAIAN DOMAIN PENDIDIKAN DAN INDIKATOR BAGI IBM'21 (Data Primer)



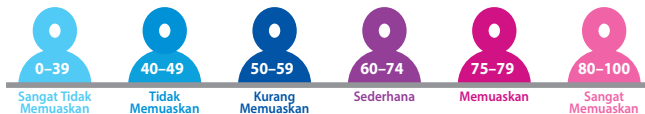
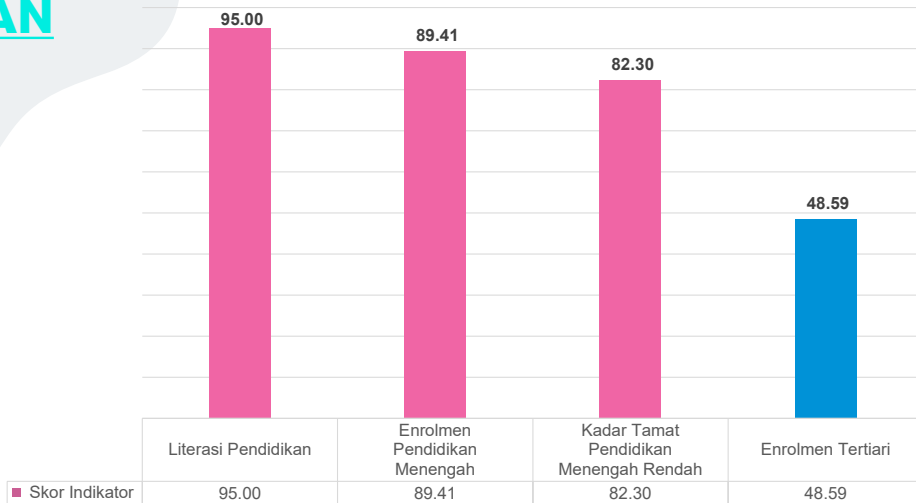
Sumber:
Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES



DOMAIN PENDIDIKAN

Skor Domain Pendidikan:
82.50
(Sangat Memuaskan)

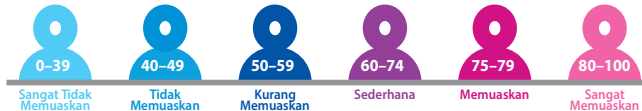
PENCAPAIAN DOMAIN PENDIDIKAN DAN INDIKATOR BAGI IBM'21 (Data Sekunder)

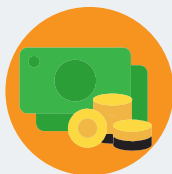


Sumber:
Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES

SKOR IBM'21 MENGIKUT DOMAIN & INDIKATOR

BIL.	DOMAIN	PEMBERAT (%)	SKOR DOMAIN IBM'21	INDIKATOR	SKOR INDIKATOR	JENIS DATA
2.	EKONOMI	20	59.07	1. Jaminan Kewangan	50.45	Primer
				2. Literasi Kewangan	62.90	Primer
				3. Bebas Hutang	45.08	Primer
				4. Kebolehpekerjaan	42.10	Primer
				5. Kadar Pengangguran	9.20	Sekunder

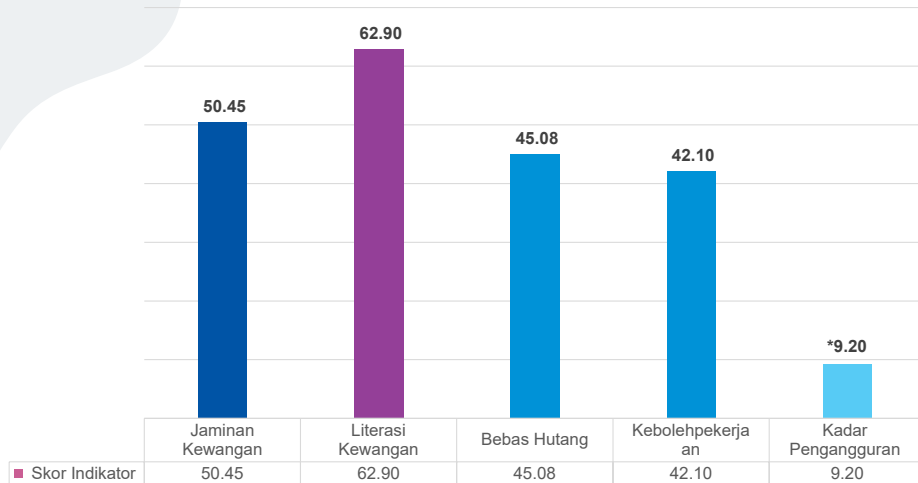




DOMAIN EKONOMI

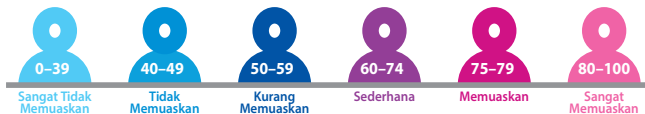
Skor Domain Ekonomi:
59.07
(Kurang Memuaskan)

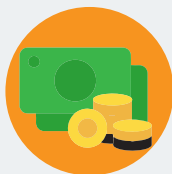
PENCAPAIAN DOMAIN EKONOMI DAN INDIKATOR BAGI IBM'21 (Keseluruhan Data Primer & Sekunder)



Sumber:
Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES

* Nota: Kadar pengangguran ialah perkadaran penduduk yang menganggur (tidak bekerja) kepada jumlah penduduk di dalam tenaga buruh. Kadar ini mengukur peratus penduduk di dalam tenaga buruh yang tidak bekerja (menurun pada 2021 (9.20%) berbanding pada Mac 2020 (11.3%)).

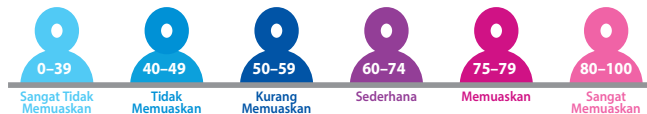
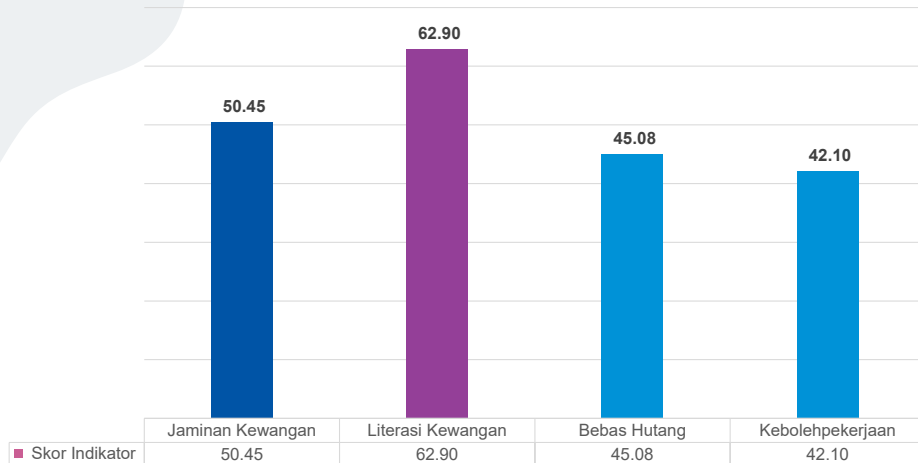




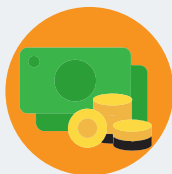
DOMAIN EKONOMI

Skor Domain Ekonomi:
59.07
(Kurang Memuaskan)

PENCAPAIAN DOMAIN EKONOMI DAN INDIKATOR BAGI IBM'21 (Data Primer)



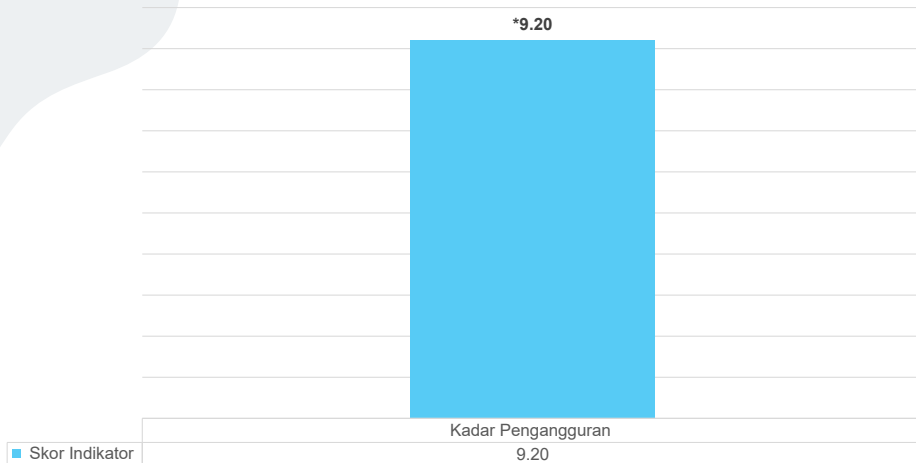
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Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES



DOMAIN EKONOMI

Skor Domain Ekonomi:
59.07
(Kurang Memuaskan)

PENCAPAIAN DOMAIN EKONOMI DAN INDIKATOR BAGI IBM'21 (Data Sekunder)



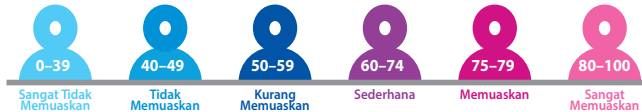
Sumber:
Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES

* Nota: Kadar pengangguran ialah perkadaran penduduk yang menganggur (tidak bekerja) kepada jumlah penduduk di dalam tenaga buruh. Kadar ini mengukur peratus penduduk di dalam tenaga buruh yang tidak bekerja (menurun pada 2021 (9.20%) berbanding pada Mac 2020 (11.3%)).



SKOR IBM'21 MENGIKUT DOMAIN & INDIKATOR

BIL.	DOMAIN	PEMBERAT (%)	SKOR DOMAIN IBM'21	INDIKATOR	SKOR INDIKATOR	JENIS DATA
3.	KESEJAHTERAAN MENTAL & FIZIKAL	20	68.91	1. Kesehatan Mental	85.03	Primer
				2. Keselamatan Diri dan Persekitaran	54.20	Primer
				3. Sanitasi	33.70	Primer
				4. BMI (Kadar Berat Badan dan Ketinggian)	59.00	Primer
				5. Waktu Lapang	48.49	Primer
				6. Merokok/ Vape	16.39	Primer
				7. Amalan Pemakanan Seimbang	46.11	Primer
				8. Penyalahgunaan Alkohol	0.01	Sekunder
				9. Penyalahgunaan Dadah	0.10	Sekunder
				10. Kadar HIV	0.02	Sekunder
				11. Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI)	0.04	Sekunder
				12. Kadar Kelahiran (ASFR)	53.60	Sekunder
				13. Kadar Kematian (SDR)	0.58	Sekunder

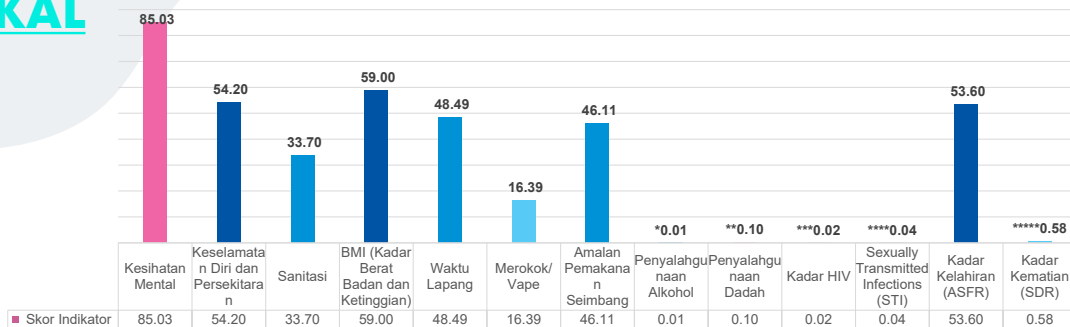




DOMAIN KESEJAHTERAAN MENTAL & FIZIKAL

**Skor Domain
Kesejahteraan
Mental & Fizikal:
68.91
(Sederhana)**

PENCAPAIAN DOMAIN KESEJAHTERAAN MENTAL DAN FIZIKAL DAN INDIKATOR BAGI IBM'21 (Keseluruhan Data Primer & Sekunder)



Sumber:
Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES

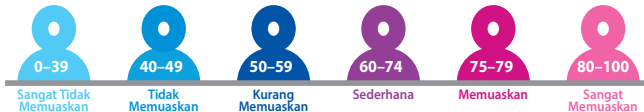
*Nota: Tiada Penyalahgunaan Alkohol adalah 99.99 (Sangat Memuaskan)

**Nota: Tiada Penyalahgunaan Dadah adalah 99.90 (Sangat Memuaskan)

***Nota: Kadar Tiada HIV adalah 99.98 (Sangat Memuaskan)

****Nota: Kadar Tiada STI adalah 99.96 (Sangat Memuaskan)

*****Nota: Kadar Kematian Kasar merujuk kepada bilangan kematian bagi setiap 1,000 penduduk dengan nilai 5.4 bagi penduduk Malaysia secara keseluruhan.

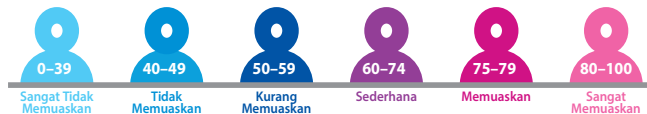
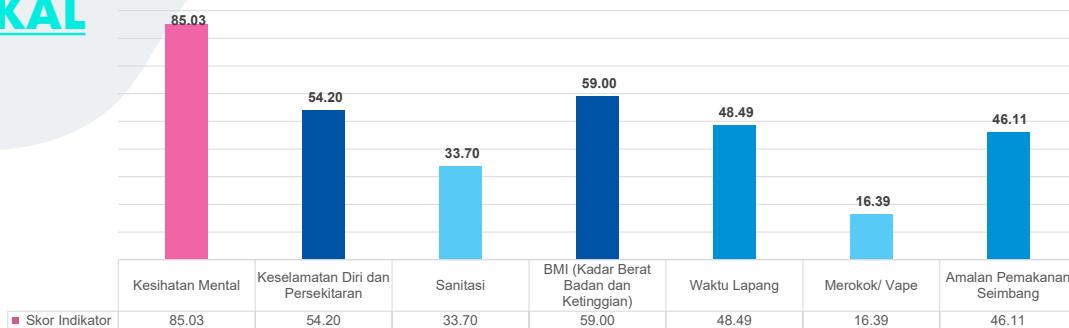




DOMAIN KESEJAHTERAAN MENTAL & FIZIKAL

**Skor Domain
Kesejahteraan
Mental & Fizikal:
68.91
(Sederhana)**

PENCAPAIAN DOMAIN KESEJAHTERAAN MENTAL DAN FIZIKAL DAN INDIKATOR BAGI IBM'21 (Data Primer)



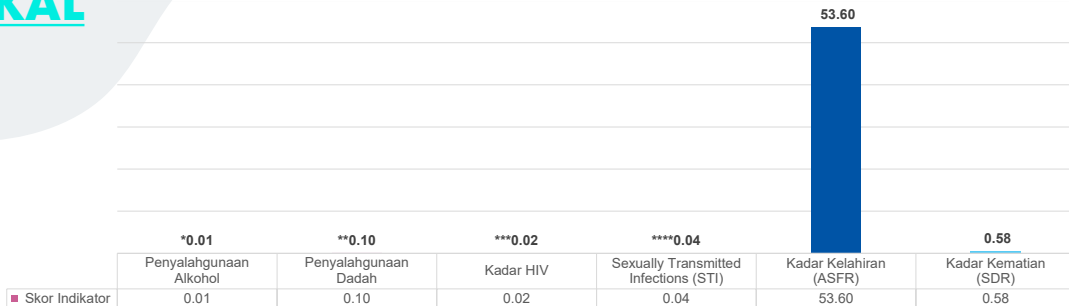
Sumber:
Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES



DOMAIN KESEJAHTERAAN MENTAL & FIZIKAL

**Skor Domain
Kesejahteraan
Mental & Fizikal:
68.91
(Sederhana)**

PENCAPAIAN DOMAIN KESEJAHTERAAN MENTAL DAN FIZIKAL DAN INDIKATOR BAGI IBM'21 (Data Sekunder)



Sumber:
Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES

*Nota: Tiada Penyalahgunaan Alkohol adalah 99.99 (Sangat Memuaskan)

**Nota: Tiada Penyalahgunaan Dadah adalah 99.90 (Sangat Memuaskan)

***Nota: Kadar Tiada HIV adalah 99.98 (Sangat Memuaskan)

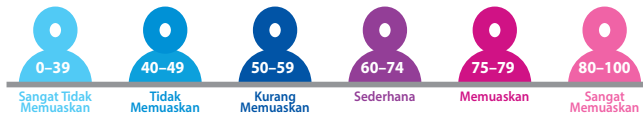
****Nota: Kadar Tiada STI adalah 99.96 (Sangat Memuaskan)

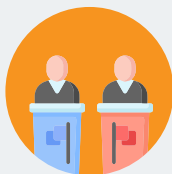
*****Nota: Kadar Kematian Kasar merujuk kepada bilangan kematian bagi setiap 1,000 penduduk dengan nilai 5.4 bagi penduduk Malaysia secara keseluruhan.



SKOR IBM'21 MENGIKUT DOMAIN & INDIKATOR

BIL.	DOMAIN	PEMBERAT (%)	SKOR DOMAIN IBM'21	INDIKATOR	SKOR INDIKATOR	JENIS DATA
4.	SOSIALISASI POLITIK, KENEGARAAN & DEMOKRASI	15	60.31	1. Kewujudan Polisi Berkaitan Pembangunan Belia	70.87	Primer
				2. Kewujudan Pendidikan Mengundi	69.12	Primer
				3. Kebebasan Bersuara Belia	71.19	Primer
				4. Perbincangan Politik, Kenegaraan dan Demokrasi	47.63	Primer
				5. Mengikuti Perkembangan Aktiviti Politik, Kenegaraan dan Demokrasi	42.86	Primer
				6. Penyertaan Dalam Aktiviti Politik, Kenegaraan dan Demokrasi	35.52	Primer
				7. Patriotisme	65.40	Primer
				8. Semangat Perpaduan	79.89	Primer

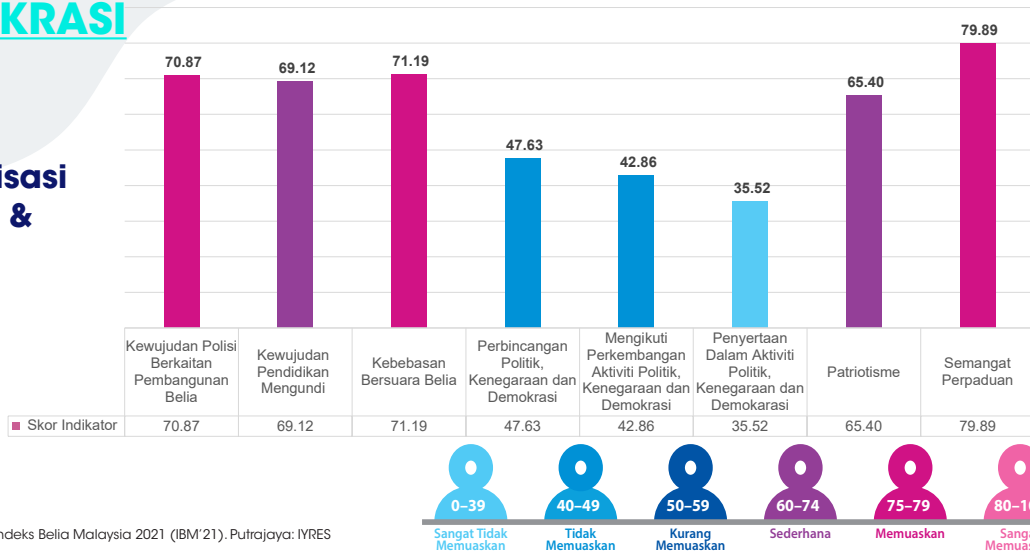




DOMAIN SOSIALISASI POLITIK, KENEGARAAN & DEMOKRASI

**Skor Domain Sosialisasi
Politik, Kenegaraan &
Demokrasi:
60.31
(Sederhana)**

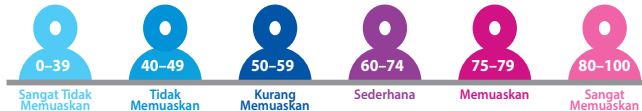
PENCAPAIAN DOMAIN SOSIALISASI POLITIK, KENEGARAAN DAN DEMOKRASI DAN INDIKATOR BAGI IBM'21 (Keseluruhan Data Primer)



Sumber:
Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES

SKOR IBM'21 MENGIKUT DOMAIN & INDIKATOR

BIL.	DOMAIN	PEMBERAT (%)	SKOR DOMAIN IBM'21	INDIKATOR	SKOR INDIKATOR	JENIS DATA
5.	NILAI & IDENTITI	12.5	75.00	1. Berdaya	67.52	Primer
				2. Sensitiviti/ Keprihatinan	68.50	Primer
				3. Hubungan Sosial	74.01	Primer
				4. Konsep Kendiri	74.30	Primer
				5. Gaya Hidup	78.87	Primer
				6. Kepimpinan	74.50	Primer
				7. Kawalan Diri	87.28	Primer

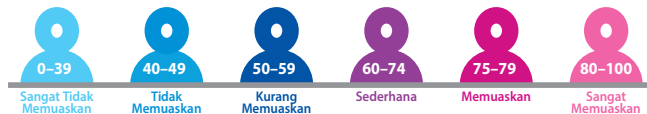
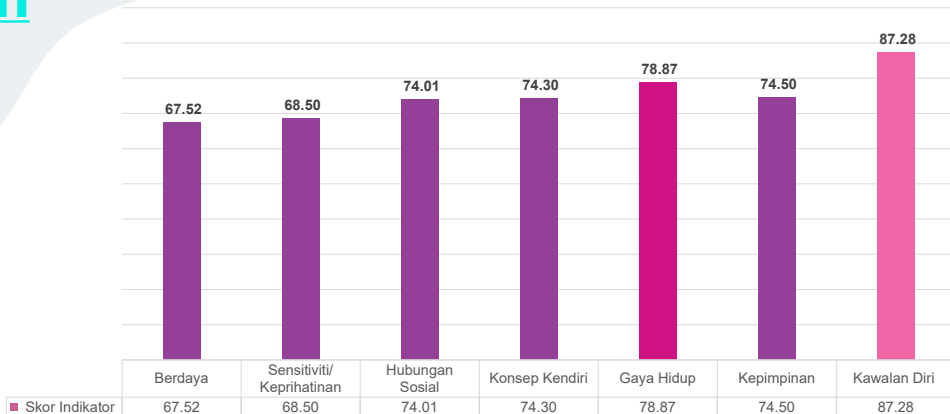




DOMAIN DOMAIN NILAI & IDENTITI

Skor Domain Nilai & Identiti:
75.00
(Memuaskan)

PENCAPAIAN DOMAIN NILAI & IDENTITI DAN INDIKATOR BAGI IBM'21 (Keseluruhan Data Primer)

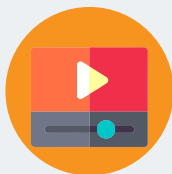


Sumber:
Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES

SKOR IBM'21 MENGIKUT DOMAIN & INDIKATOR

BIL.	DOMAIN	PEMBERAT (%)	SKOR DOMAIN IBM'21	INDIKATOR	SKOR INDIKATOR	JENIS DATA
6.	MEDIA & DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP	12.5	74.23	1. Akses Kepada Media	68.33	Primer
				2. Keselamatan Ketika Menggunakan Internet	81.70	Primer
				3. Literasi Digital	72.65	Primer

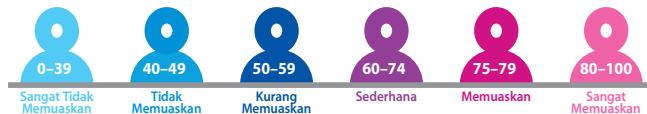
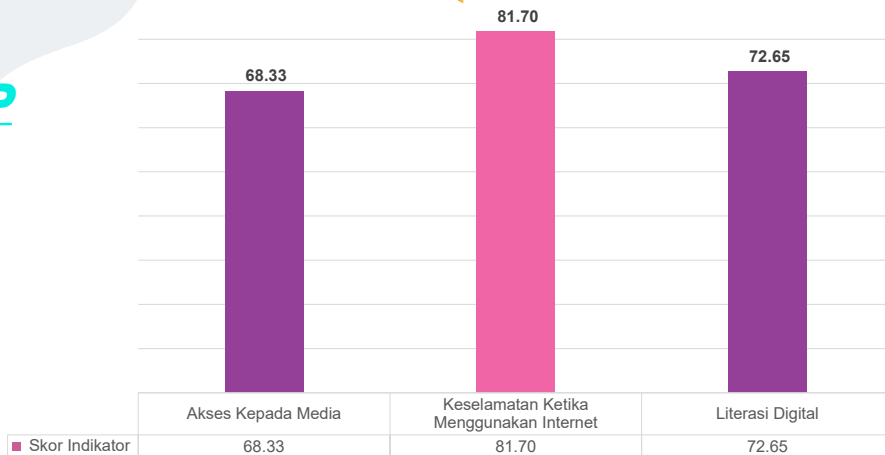




DOMAIN MEDIA & DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP

**Skor Domain Media &
Digital Citizenship:
74.23
(Sederhana)**

PENCAPAIAN DOMAIN MEDIA DAN DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP DAN INDIKATOR BAGI IBM'21 (Keseluruhan Data Primer)



Sumber:
Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Belia Malaysia. (2021). Indeks Belia Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES



PENCAPAIAN IBM DI PERINGKAT NASIONAL

PENCAPAIAN IBM SEHINGGA 2021

PERINGKAT NASIONAL

- 1 KPI nasional RMK 11 (2016-2020) dan RMK 12 (2021-2025)
- 2 Pembentangan di peringkat Majlis Sosial Negara (2016)
- 3 Pembentangan Indeks Belia Malaysia di Seminar *Youth Cyber Wellness in The Digital Era In Conjunction of Safer Internet Day* (SID) 2019 #mydigitalH2O (2019)
- 4 *Government Wide Approach* melalui kerjasama rentas kementerian bagi pembangunan belia (2016 – 2021)
- 5 Mekanisma penilaian Dasar Belia Malaysia (DBM) 2015-2035:
 - Indeks Belia Malaysia
 - Kajian Aset Belia Malaysia
 - Kajian Pembangunan Belia Positif 8C
 - Perbandingan di peringkat antarabangsa
- 6 Townhall IYRES 2020 & 2021
- 7 Forum Statistik Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) & Universiti Malaysia Pahang (UMP)



PENCAPAIAN IBM DI PERINGKAT ANTARABANGSA

PENCAPAIAN IBM SEHINGGA 2021

PERINGKAT ANTARABANGSA

1

Rujukan oleh:

- Sekretariat Komanwel bagi Pembentukan Indeks Belia Komanwel (2013)
- Sekretariat ASEAN bagi Pembentukan Indeks Belia ASEAN (2016)
- Strategi dalam dokumen ASEAN *Work Plan On Youth* (2016-2020, 2021-2025)

2

- Dilantik sebagai *Task Force* pembentukan Indeks Belia ASEAN (2016-2020)
- Dilantik sebagai *Task Force* pembentukan Indeks Belia ASEAN (2021-2025)

3

Panel bagi *Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research* (ECSSR): *The Role of Malaysian Youth Index as Result Based Management for Malaysian Youth Policy* (2016)

4

Pembentangan Peringkat Komanwel: *Evidence Based Policies On Youth Development in Asia and Southeast Asia Workshop*, Bangkok, Thailand (2017)

YOUTH DEVELOPMENT INDEX (YDI)

LAPORAN YDI 2020

INFO !!

MALAYSIA

SKOR Keseluruhan YDI
0.775 (*High*)

Domain YDI:

- **Education**
(0.83 (*Very High*))
- **Employment & Opportunity**
(0.881 (*Very High*))
- **Equality & Inclusion**
(0.887 (*Very High*))
- **Health & Wellbeing**
(0.724 (*High*))
- **Peace & Security**
(0.844 (*Very High*))
- **Political & Civic Participation**
(0.311 (*Low*))

PERINGKAT GLOBAL:

Malaysia – 50/181 negara

Peringkat Komanwel:

Malaysia – 11/48 negara

Sumber:

Global Development Index & Report,
2020



Umur Belia
Dalam Indeks
**15–30
Tahun**

Indeks Belia Malaysia 2015

12 Domain & 58 Indikator

- Pembangunan Kendiri
- Hubungan Sosial
- Identiti
- Potensi Diri
- Kesihatan
- Kesejahteraan Ekonomi
- Keselamatan
- Sosialisasi Politik
- Penggunaan Media
- Waktu Senggang
- Pendidikan
- Bebas Tingkah Laku Devian



Umur Belia
Dalam Indeks
**15–30
Tahun**

Indeks Pembangunan Belia Brunei Darussalam 2016

8 Domain & 41 Indikator

- Pembangunan Kendiri
- Aktiviti Masa Lapang
- Nilai & Identiti
- Kesihatan
- Penilaian Potensi Diri
- Pendedahan Multimedia
- Integrasi Masyarakat
- Masalah Sosial



Umur Belia
Dalam Indeks
**15–30
Tahun**

Indeks Pembangunan Belia Filipina 2016

5 Domain & 17 Indikator

- Pendidikan
- Pekerjaan
- Kesihatan
- Penyertaan
- Organisasi



Umur Belia
Dalam Indeks
**15–30
Tahun**

Indeks Pembangunan Belia Indonesia 2016

5 Domain & 20 Indikator

- Pendidikan
- Kesihatan
- Kebajikan
- Pembangunan Kepimpinan
- Kepekaan Jantina



Umur Belia
Dalam Indeks
**15–30
Tahun**

Indeks Pembangunan Belia Asean 2016

5 Domain & 19 Indikator

- Pendidikan
- Pekerjaan & Peluang
- Kesihatan & Kesejahteraan
- Penyertaan & Penglibatan Belia
- Nilai & Identiti



Umur Belia
Dalam Indeks
**15–29
Tahun**

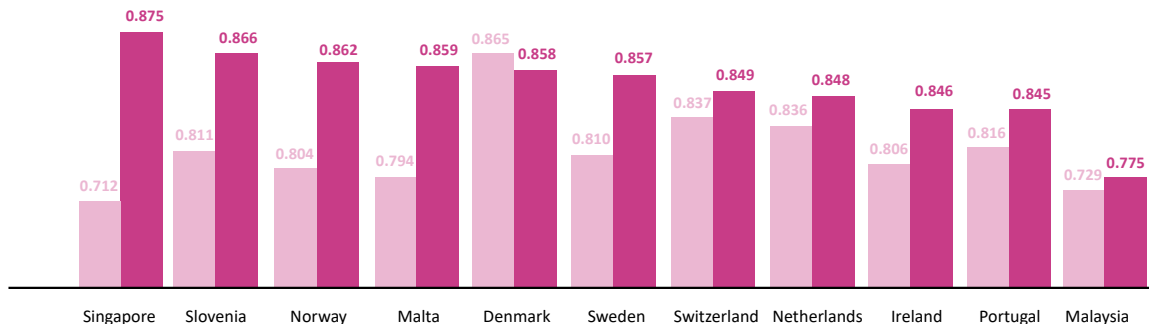
Indeks Pembangunan Belia Komanwel 2016

5 Domain & 15 Indikator

- Pendidikan
- Kesihatan & Kesejahteraan
- Pekerjaan
- Penyertaan Politik
- Penyertaan Sivik

Sumber: IYRES, 2020, Indeks Pembangunan Belia Dunia, The Commonwealth, 2020, *Global Youth Development Index and Report*.

PERBANDINGAN TAHAP KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA PERINGKAT ANTARABANGSA – KEDUDUKAN DI KALANGAN NEGARA-NEGARA DUNIA



2020	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	50
2016	43	12	16	20	2	13	4	6	15	9	34

Indikator

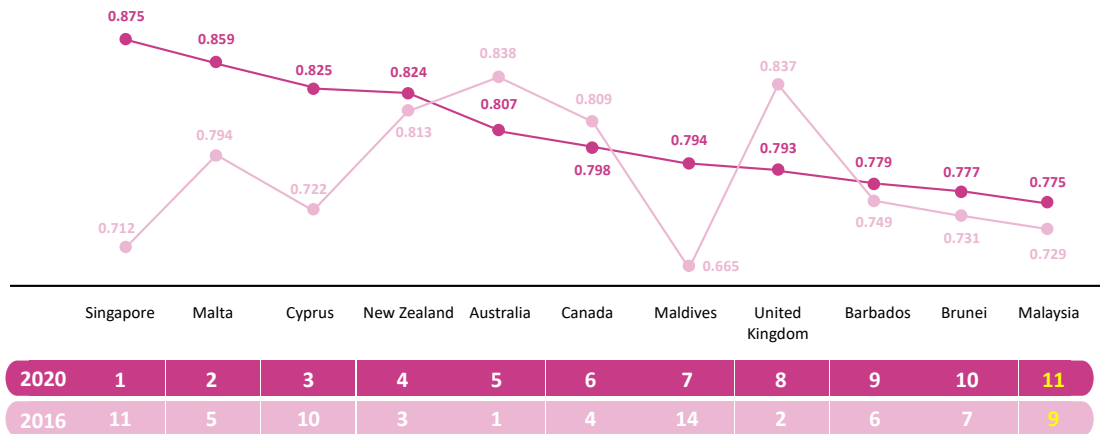
0.000-0.595 *Low*
 0.595-0.691 *Medium*
 0.691-0.78 *High*
 0.78-1.000 *Very High*

Nota:

2016:Malaysia menduduki tangga ke 34/183 negara
 2020:Malaysia menduduki tangga ke 50/181 negara

Sumber: GYDI 2016 & 2020

PERBANDINGAN TAHAP KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA PERINGKAT ANTARABANGSA – KEDUDUKAN DI KALANGAN NEGARA-NEGARA COMMONWEALTH



Indikator

0.000-0.595 *Low*
 0.595-0.691 *Medium*
 0.691-0.78 *High*
 0.78-1000 *Very High*

Nota:

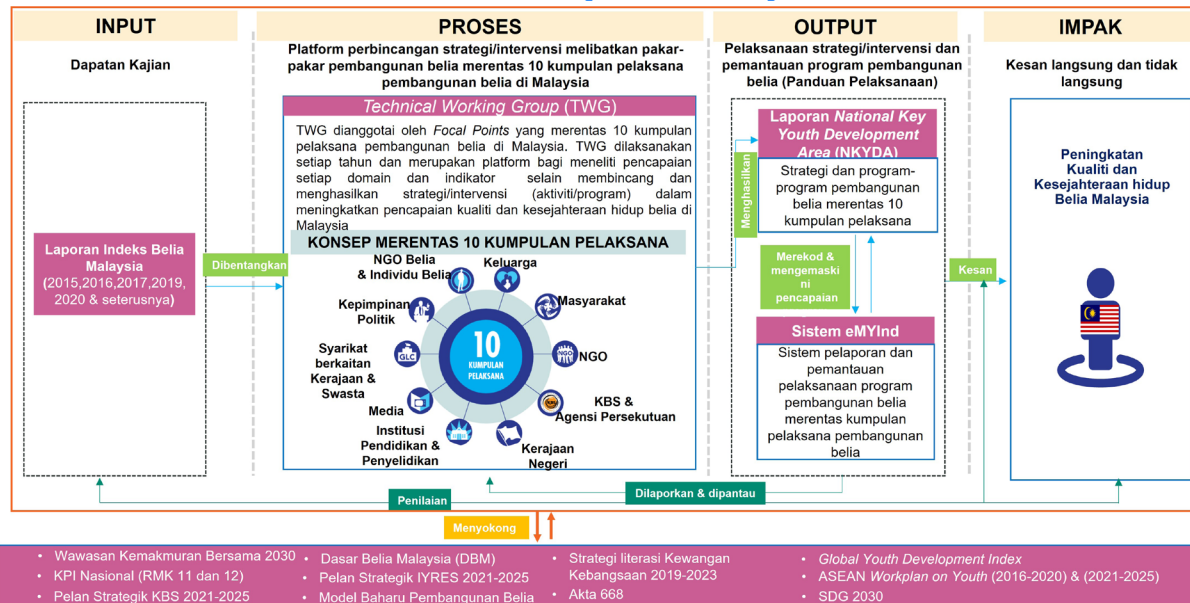
2016:Malaysia menduduki tangga ke 9/49 negara
 2020:Malaysia menduduki tangga ke 11/48 negara

Sumber: GYDI 2016 & 2020



STRATEGI BAGI MENINGKATKAN KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MALAYSIA

PELAKSANAAN PEMANTAUAN KUALITI DAN KESEJAHTERAAN HIDUP BELIA MELALUI NATIONAL KEY YOUTH DEVELOPMENT AREA (NKYDA)

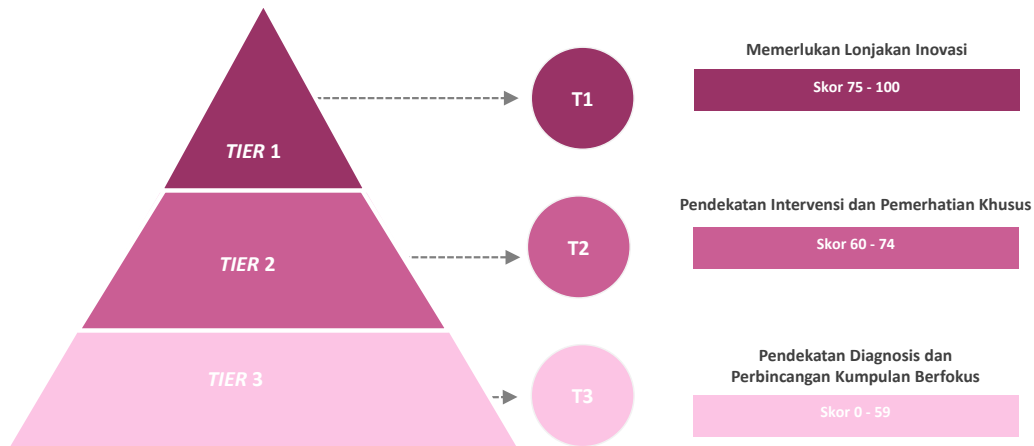


STRATEGI MERENTAS PELAKSANA/ PEMEGANG TARUH

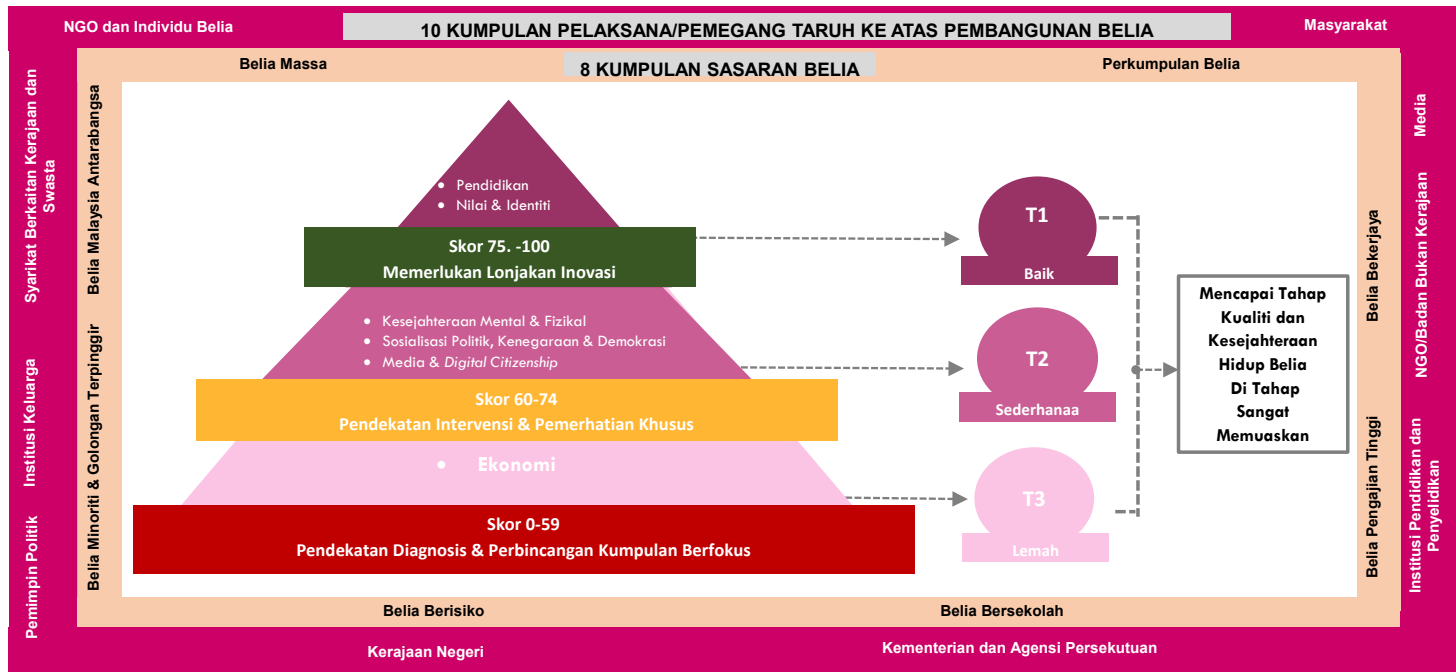
PEMBANGUNAN BELIA

- Cabaran utama pembangunan belia masa kini adalah bagaimana untuk merancang dan melaksanakan program yang dapat memberi impak maksimum kepada kumpulan sasaran secara konsisten dengan sumber dana yang terhad.
- Kejayaan keseluruhan program pembangunan belia akan dapat ditentukan jika semua pemegang taruh memainkan peranan dan fungsinya serta menjadikan IBM sebagai input dan rujukan dalam setiap perancangan program dan aktiviti belia Di Malaysia.

Kerangka Kanvas Pembangunan Belia Malaysia dicadangkan untuk dibangunkan mengikut tiga Tier seperti berikut:



KERANGKA KANVAS PEMBANGUNAN BELIA





SOALAN LAZIM

SOALAN LAZIM



Apakah itu Indeks Bella Malaysia (IBM)?

Indeks Bella Malaysia merupakan satu indeks yang dibangunkan untuk mengukur tahap kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup bella di Malaysia dan memberikan satu gambaran yang lebih komprehensif mengenai status semasa generasi bella di negara ini.



Apakah elemen atau domain yang terlibat dalam IBM? Dan bagaimana pemilihan domain ini di buat?

- a) IBM'15 – IBM'20 telah dibangunkan dengan 12 Domain dan 58 Indikator yang penting dalam pembangunan diri individu bella. Indikator-indikator yang positif dipilih agar selaras dengan pendekatan pembangunan bella positif atau "positive youth development (PYD)". Indikator yang telah dibangunkan ini dikelompokkan kepada dua belas (12) domain iaitu:

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Pembangunan Kendiri | 7. Kesejahteraan Ekonomi |
| 2. Hubungan Sosial | 8. Keselamatan |
| 3. Identiti | 9. Sosialisasi Politik |
| 4. Potensi Diri | 10. Ketembusan Media |
| 5. Kesihatan | 11. Waktu Senggang |
| 6. Pendidikan | 12. Bebas Tingkah Laku Devian |

- b) IBM'21 pula telah dibangunkan dengan Enam Domain dan 41 Indikator selepas ditambahbaik mengikut keperluan semasa, berlandaskan model analitik dan Realignment dengan Indeks Bella Antarabangsa (Global, ASEAN). Indikator yang telah dibangunkan ini juga dikelompokkan kepada enam domain iaitu:

1. Pendidikan
2. Ekonomi
3. Kesejahteraan Mental & Fizikal
4. Sosialisasi Politik, Kenegaraan & Demokrasi
5. Nilai & Identiti
6. Media & Digital Citizenship

Beberapa siri sindikasi (syndication) bersama pemegang taruh pembangunan bella melibatkan pelbagai kementerian, agensi, syarikat-syarikat korporat, NGO, pakar-pakar akademik, bella masa yang tergolong dalam pelbagai kategori dan individu-individu yang memberikan sumbangan idea telah dilaksanakan untuk mendapatkan maklumat terperinci yang berfokuskan pembangunan, kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup bella yang menyeluruh.



Bagaimanakah IBM dibangunkan?

IBM'15 – IBM'20 kaedah tinjauan/ survei menggunakan borang soal selidik dan pelaporan skor menggunakan data Primer, manakala bagi IBM'21, kaedah tinjauan/ survei menggunakan aplikasi sistem kaji selidik dan pelaporan skor menggunakan data Primer dan data Sekunder. Pemilihan sampel kajian mewakili populasi bella yang melibatkan kategori umur bella, etnik, lokaliti, jantina, dan latar belakang yang pelbagai. Blok Penghitungan (BP) Banci 2010 digunakan bagi menentukan kawasan pemilihan sampel bagi memastikan populasi sasaran mendapat peluang yang sama untuk dipilih. Khidmat nasihat Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) turut diambil kira untuk memastikan sampel yang terlibat adalah menggambarkan populasi dari bella Malaysia.

Pengumpulan data dijalankan oleh enumerator terlatih (IYRES Community Enumerator) yang mewakili 13 buah negeri dan tiga (3) Wilayah Persekutuan di Malaysia. Manual bertulis merangkumi semua maklumat yang diperlukan telah disediakan beserta dengan peta Blok Perhitungan (BP). Rakaman kil video simulasi sesi pengendalian temu duga bermuka turut dibekalkan.



Apakah penambahbaikan IBM berbanding tahun-tahun sebelum ini?

1. Pengumpulan data menggunakan aplikasi sistem kaji selidik berbanding tahun-tahun sebelumnya yang menggunakan borang soal selidik.
2. Pengenalalan enam domain dan 41 indikator berbanding IBM'15 – IBM'20 yang dilaporkan melalui 12 domain dan 58 indikator.
3. Pelaporan skor IBM'21 menggunakan data Primer dan data Sekunder.
4. Perubahan kumpulan sampel responden kajian 15-30 tahun selaras takrifan umur bella yang baru berdasarkan Dasar Bella Malaysia (DBM) 2015 – 2035.
5. Peningkatan penanda aras bagi skala skor daripada empat tahap (kurang baik, sederhana baik, baik dan sangat baik) kepada enam (6) tahap (sangat tidak memuaskan, tidak memuaskan, kurang memuaskan, sederhana, memuaskan dan sangat tidak memuaskan) mengikut keperluan semasa pembangunan bella bermula dari IBM'15.
6. Bermula pada tahun 2016, kajian penilaian "Outcome" Indeks Bella Malaysia akan dilaksanakan secara berkala bagi tujuan memantau dan menilai prestasi kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup bella.



Sejauh mana pengesanan data IBM dilakukan?

Data IBM dibentangkan dalam platform *Technical Working Group (TWG)* yang melibatkan *Focal Point* yang merentas Kementerian/Agensi/Labarat Pakar Akademik/ NGO Pembangunan Bella di Malaysia. Pelaksanaan TWG dilaksanakan setiap tahun bermula dari tahun 2016 dan hanya dijadikan platform bagi penelitian pencapaian setiap domain dan indikator dalam IBM berdasarkan pelaksanaan inisiatif dan program dan aktiviti yang dilaksanakan oleh 10 kumpulan pelaksana yang melibatkan kementerian dan agensi yang berkaitan dengan Agenda Pembangunan Bella di Malaysia.



Adakah IBM ini boleh dibandingkan dengan indeks yang lain di peringkat antarabangsa?

Tidak. Pengukuran yang digunakan adalah berbeza iaitu domain dan indikator yang dibangunkan berdasarkan kepada sosio budaya dan pembangunan bella dalam ruang lingkup serta ekosistem semasa di Malaysia. Tambahan pula, di peringkat antarabangsa indeks tersebut dilaporkan melalui data sekunder sahaja.



Mengapakah penilaian outcome bagi IBM'21 perlu dilaksanakan setiap tahun?

Penilaian outcome yang dilaksanakan setiap tahun selepas penghasilan Indeks Bella Malaysia 2021 (IBM'21) adalah lebih memfokuskan kepada kesan atau outcome hasil daripada IBM'21 bagi mengukur tahap pencapaian kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup bella serta perbandingan dapat dilihat setiap tahun berdasarkan tahun asas, 2021, dan pencapaian skor dapat memberi gambaran terhadap keperluan penambahbaikan dalam aktiviti pembangunan bella oleh pemegang-pemegang taruh bella yang berkaitan yang terdiri daripada NGO Bella dan Individu Bella, Keluarga, Masyarakat, NGO, KBS dan Agensi Persekutuan, Kerajaan Negeri, Institusi Pendidikan dan Penyelidikan, Media, Syarikat Berkaitan Kerajaan dan Swasta serta Kepimpinan Politik berdasarkan Dasar Bella Malaysia (DBM) 2015 – 2035.



Apakah kepentingan IBM kepada pembangunan bella di Malaysia?

1. Sebagai penanda aras mengukur tahap kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup bella Malaysia;
2. Menyediakan input bagi pembentukan atau mengubah polsi dan dasar;
3. Memandu pembangunan pelan tindakan bagi meningkatkan kualiti dan kesejahteraan hidup bella Malaysia;
4. Sebagai indikator bagi mengukur pencapaian Dasar Bella Malaysia (DBM) 2015 – 2035; dan
5. Panduan kepada pemegang taruh berkaitan pembangunan bella.



Siapakah yang perlu menggunakan IBM ini?

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Penggubal dasar dan polisi Pembangunan Bella | 6. Pemegang taruh bella |
| 2. Badan-badan korporat | 7. Lain-lain individu yang berkepentingan dalam pengurusan pembangunan bella |
| 3. Pemimpin-pemimpin bella | |
| 4. Pakar-pakar pembangunan bella | |
| 5. Lapan kumpulan sasaran bella iaitu: | |
| i. Bella Bersekolah | vi. Bella Malaysia Antarabangsa |
| ii. Bella Pengajian Tinggi | vii. Bella Minoriti & Golongan Terpinggir |
| iii. Bella Berkerjaya | viii. Bella Berisiko |
| iv. Perumpulan Bella | |
| v. Bella Massa | |



Bagaimana buku atau maklumat berhubung IBM ini boleh diperolehi?

Anda boleh mendapatkan koleksi IBM seperti berikut:

- Penerbitan Buku IBM:
Institut Penyelidikan Pembangunan Bella Malaysia
– Aras 10, Menara KBS,
No.27 Persiaran Perdana,
62570 Putrajaya

ATAU, Boleh dimuat turun secara percuma melalui Portal IYRES iaitu <http://www.iyres.gov.my>.

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INSTITUTE FOR
YOUTH RESEARCH
MALAYSIA



FACTS & FIGURES MALAYSIAN YOUTH INDEX 2021 (MYI'21)

Measuring Quality of Life and Well-Being of Malaysian Youth



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IYRES is a national research centre that studies various aspects of the trend and development of the younger generation and its relevance to the changes taking place at the national, regional and international levels. To achieve its goals, the Institute conducts various research; organizes conferences, workshops, talks and seminars; published journals, articles on research findings; creates and implements research-related training programs; and provides research facilities including a resource and data centre on youth development. This book is an annual publication of the research findings.

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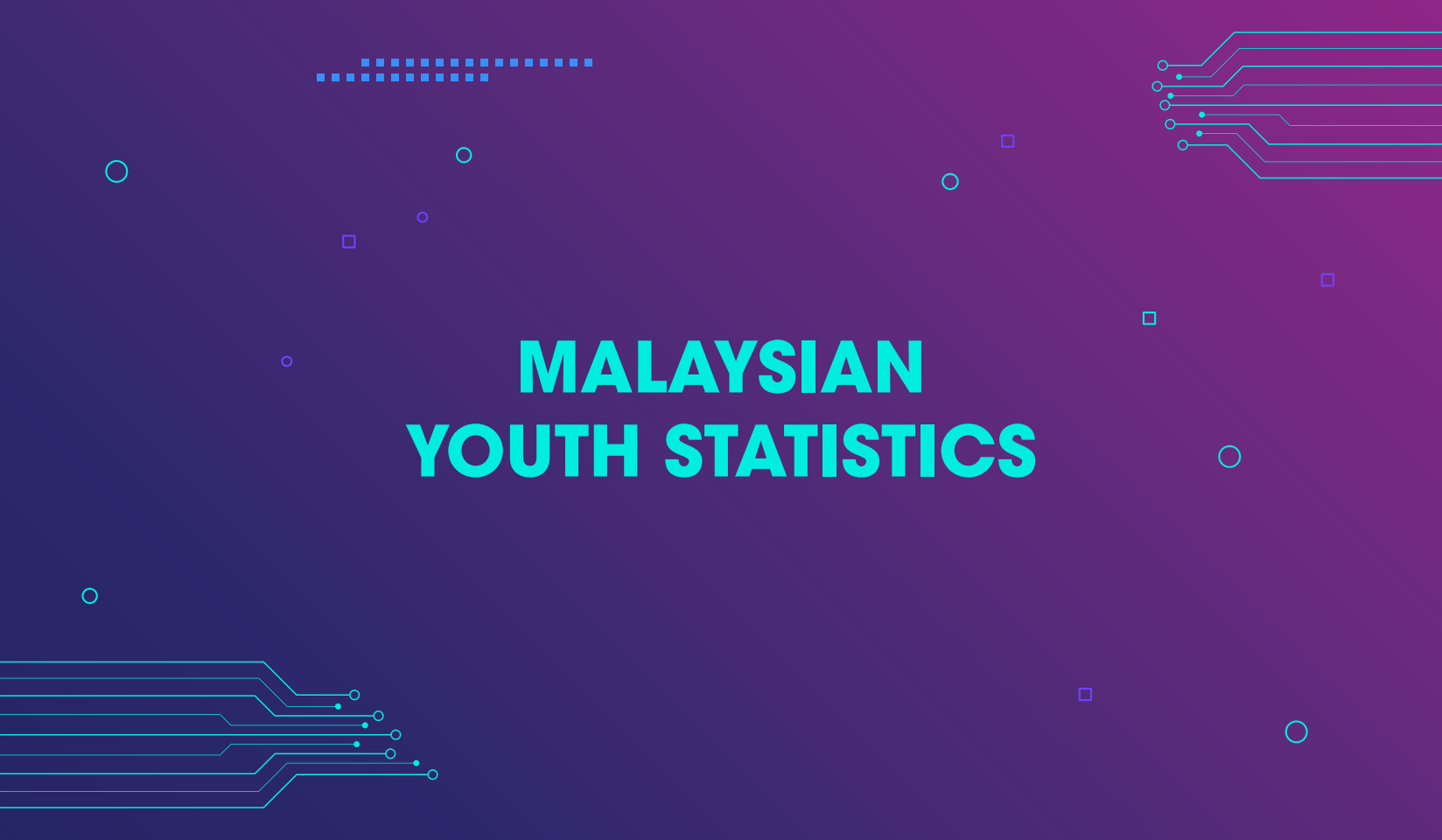
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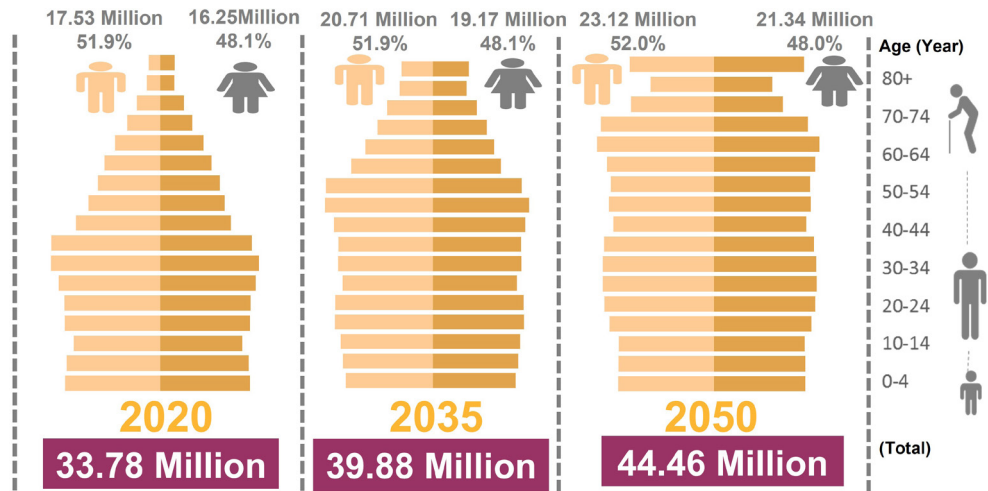
FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (FAQ)



MALAYSIAN YOUTH STATISTICS

POPULATION PROJECTION FOR 2020, 2035 & 2050

*Based on the population projection for the year 2020 to 2050, Malaysia is expected to face an Aging Population problem at the rate of 16% by 2050.

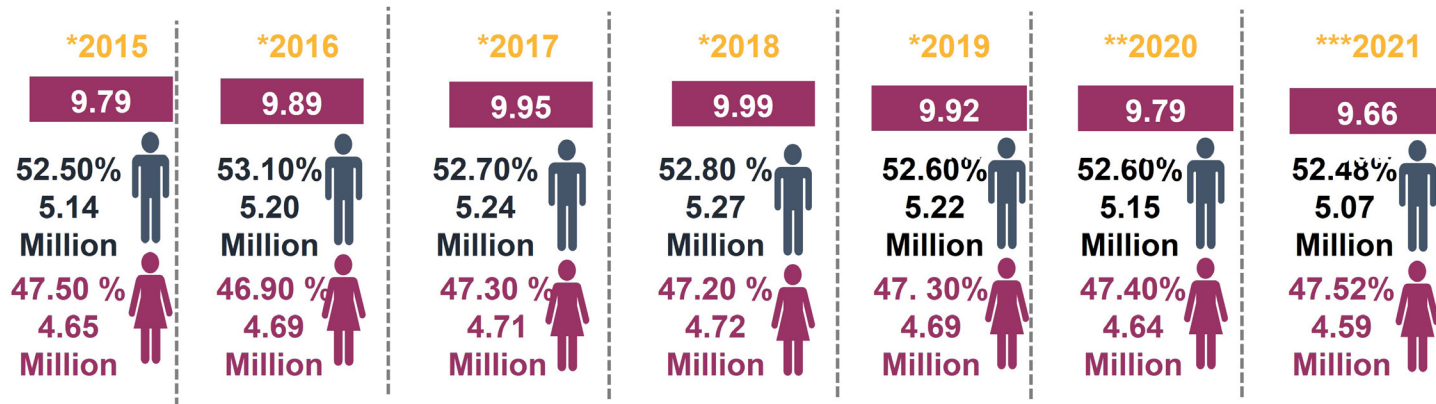


Note:

1. Based on Population Growth Rate (GR)
2. 2020-2050: Population Projection based on the adjusted Population and Housing Census of Malaysia 2010
3. Summation may differ due to rounding

Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM), 2021

TOTAL YOUTH POPULATION (15-30 YEARS OLD) BY GENDER FOR 2015-2021



Note:

1. * Mid-Year Population Estimates based on the Population and Housing Census of Malaysia 2010
2. ** Population Projection (adjusted) based on the Population and Housing Census of Malaysia 2010
3. *** Population Projection (adjusted) based on Population and Housing Census of Malaysia 2010
4. Summation may differ due to rounding

Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia, 2022



SCENARIO AND CHALLENGES OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH

SCENARIO AND CHALLENGES OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH



Politics

- Political Literacy
- Political Maturity
- Leadership
- Global Thinking
- Regional and International Relations



Social

- Education
- Social Problems
- Spiritual and Religion
- Good Values
- Identity and Unity
- Volunteerism
- Mental and Physical Health
- Family Institution
- Human Touch
- Community Institution



Economy

- Cost of Living
- Entrepreneurial Culture
- Skills
- Employment
- Urban-Poor Youth



Technology

- Information Technology and Communication
- Digital or Social Media
- Innovation and Creativity
- Science and Technology

MALAYSIAN YOUTH POLICY (MYP) 2015-2035

4 CONCEPTS OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH POLICY

Concept 1
STANDARD INTERNATIONAL AGE CLASSIFICATIONS



YOUTH
≥15 and <30 YEARS OLD

"Youth individual between the age of 15 and before reaching the age of 30"

New definition of youth age will be implemented on 2018 to give ample time for training and transition for the new leadership and for the amendment of the Youth Societies and Youth Development Act 2007 ("Act 668")

Concept 2
HOLISTIC AND ACCORDING TO FEDERAL CONSTITUTION AND NATIONAL PRINCIPLES

8 Youth Groups Areas

- 1 Youth at School
- 2 Youth at Higher Education
- 3 Youth with Career
- 4 Youth Groups (A Youth involved in Associations with Specific Interest)
- 5 Mass Youth
- 6 International Malaysian Youth
- 7 Minority Youth and Marginalized Youth
- 8 Youth at Risk

9 Youth Key Areas

• Highlighting talent and potential of youth human capital to enable them to contribute to every stage of life up to the international level through the stakeholders' strategic cooperation network based on 9 areas namely:

- 1 Education and Skills Training
- 2 Nationalism and Identity
- 3 Healthy and Prosperous Lifestyle
- 4 Leadership
- 5 Volunteerism and Civil Society
- 6 Entrepreneurship
- 7 Research and Innovation
- 8 Youth Work Professionalism
- 9 Recognition

Concept 3
FUTURISTIC, RELEVANT AND UP TO DATE

LONG-TERM PLANNING **20 YEARS**

3 DBM Cores

- DBM Core 1: Positive Youth Development
- DBM Core 2: By Youth, For Youth
- DBM Core 3: Youth as Nation's Source and Asset

6 Assessment Mechanism



Concept 4
CONCEPT ACROSS IMPLEMENTOR

CONCEPT ACROSS IMPLEMENTOR

10 Implementor Groups

- 1 Family
- 2 Community
- 3 NGOs/Non-Governmental Organizations
- 4 Ministry of Youth and Sports and Federal Agencies
- 5 State Government
- 6 Educational and Research Institutions
- 7 Media
- 8 Government and Private Linked
- 9 Companies
- 10 Political Leaders
- 10 NGOs and Youth Individuals

CONCEPT ACROSS GENERATIONS

5 Development Phases of Concept Across Generations

Phase 1	Institution of Marriage
Phase 2	Children (from inside mother's womb to 14 years old, 0-14 years)
Phase 3	Youth (>15 and <30 years)
Phase 4	Adult (30-59 years)
Phase 5	Elderly (>60 years)

Source: Malaysian Youth Policy 2015 - 2035

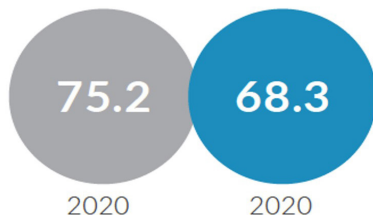
TWELFTH MALAYSIA PLAN (2021-2025)

Chapter 5: Addressing Poverty and Building an Inclusive Society

Strategi F2: Building Dynamic, Resilient and Competitive Youth

11MP

Addressing the Needs of
Specific Target Groups



Malaysian Youth Index



12MP

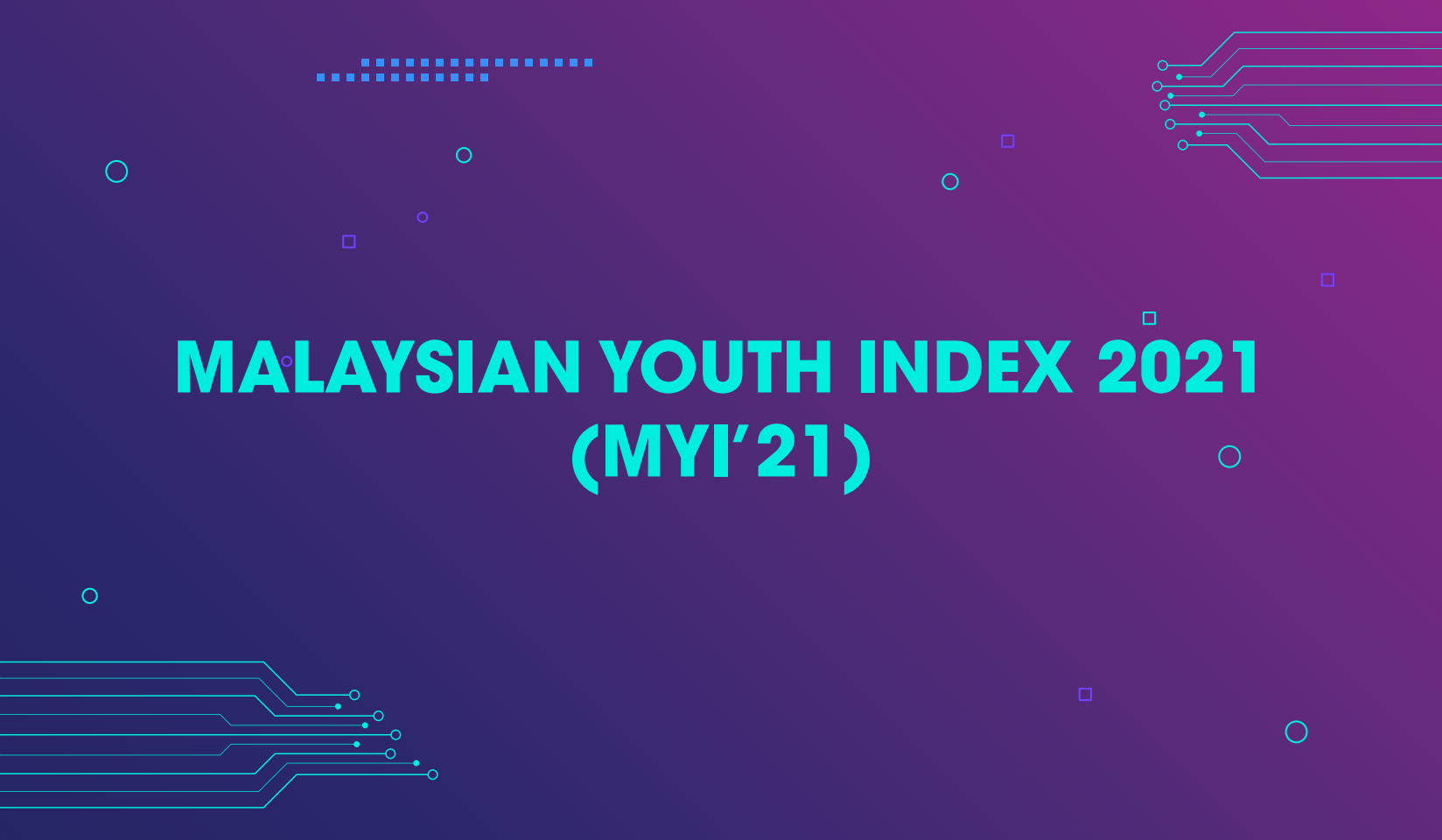
Empowering Specific Target
Groups



Malaysian Youth Index



Source: Economic Planning Unit, Prime Minister's Office of Malaysia (2021)



MALAYSIAN YOUTH INDEX 2021 (MYI'21)

MALAYSIAN YOUTH INDEX 2021 (MYI'21)



An instrument or **benchmark** formulated to monitor the development of the quality of life and well-being of Malaysian Youth



Formation of new domains and indicators in 2021 consists of **6 Domains and 41 Indicators** to identify thinking and lifestyle patterns of the current Malaysian Youth



Input to guide stakeholders to **be more sensitive to changes** in measured indicators



As reference for **changes and innovative developments** for future youth development programs

THE IMPORTANCE OF MYI'21

Monitor the achievement of quality of life and well-being of youth which is the national KPI for 12MP (2021-2025)

Establishing **empirical data** of local youth

Guide the **preparation of input** related to the formation of the youth development action plan/ strategies

Integrated monitoring of the national youth development direction

Provide input as one of the **evaluation mechanism** for **Malaysian Youth Policy (MYP) 2015-2035**



MYI'21 OBJECTIVES

01

Assesing youth **lifestyle changes** through comparison with current index;

02

Assesing the **changes** occurred towards youth quality of life and well-being **domains and indicators**;

03

Provide **input and suggestions** for suitable policy formation and program development to increase youth quality of life and well-being;

04

Provide input for the evaluation mechanism for **Malaysian Youth Policy (MYP) 2015-2035**.

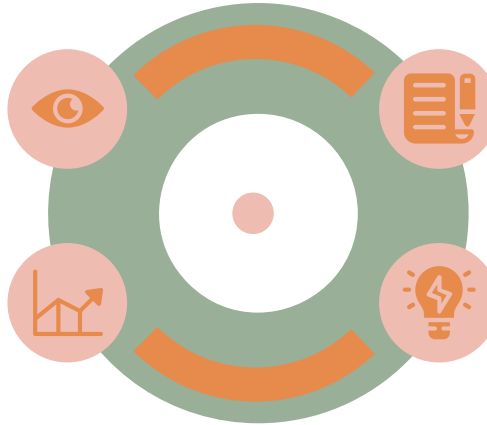
STUDY LIMITATIONS

Responds From Respondents

Depended on the responds from respondents

Time Period

Data collection was conducted during post-pandemic phase



Malaysian Youth

Respondents age between 15-30

Study Location

Based on Census Block (CB) from Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)

LITERATURE REVIEW

Global Youth Development Index (YDI)



2013: 0.700
2016: 0.729
2020: 0.775

ASEAN YDI



2017: 3/ 10 countries (Education; Employment & Opportunity; Health & Well-being; & Participation & Engagement)
2021: Values, Awareness & Identity)

Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) 2030



Goal 1: No Poverty
Goal 3: Good Health & Well-being
Goal 4: Quality Education

Goal 6: Clean Water & Sanitation
Goal 8: Decent Work & Economic Growth
Goal 17: Partnership for The Goals

Twelfth Malaysia Plan (2021 - 2025)



Theme 2: Strengthening Security, Wellbeing and Inclusivity

Shared Prosperity Vision 2030



Target Group - Youth

Malaysian Youth Policy (MYI) 2015 - 2035

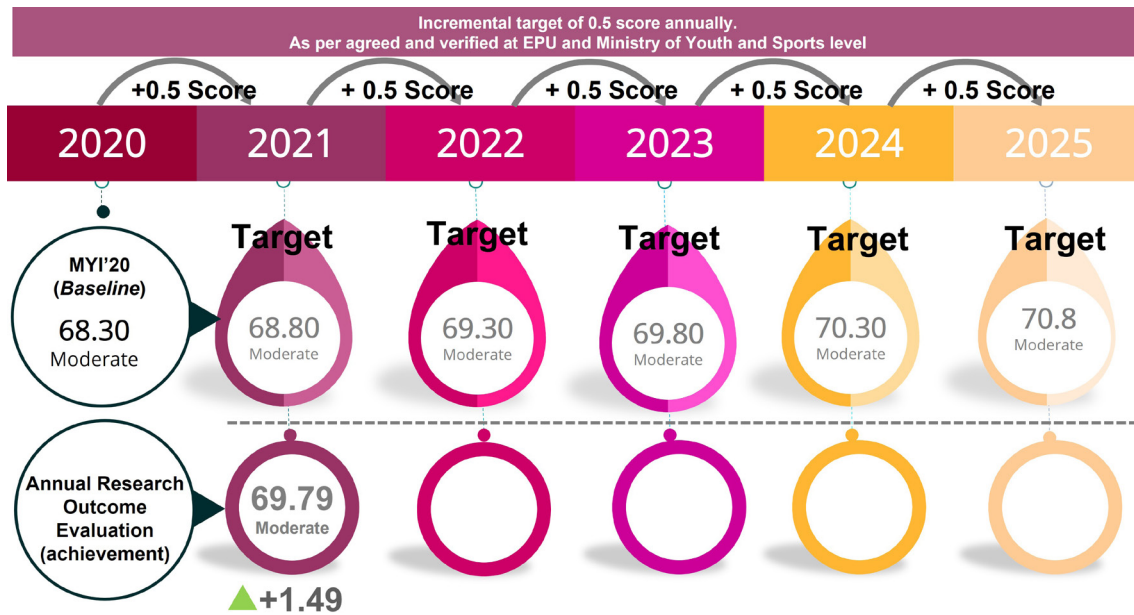


6 Evaluation Mechanism MYI
2015 - 2035

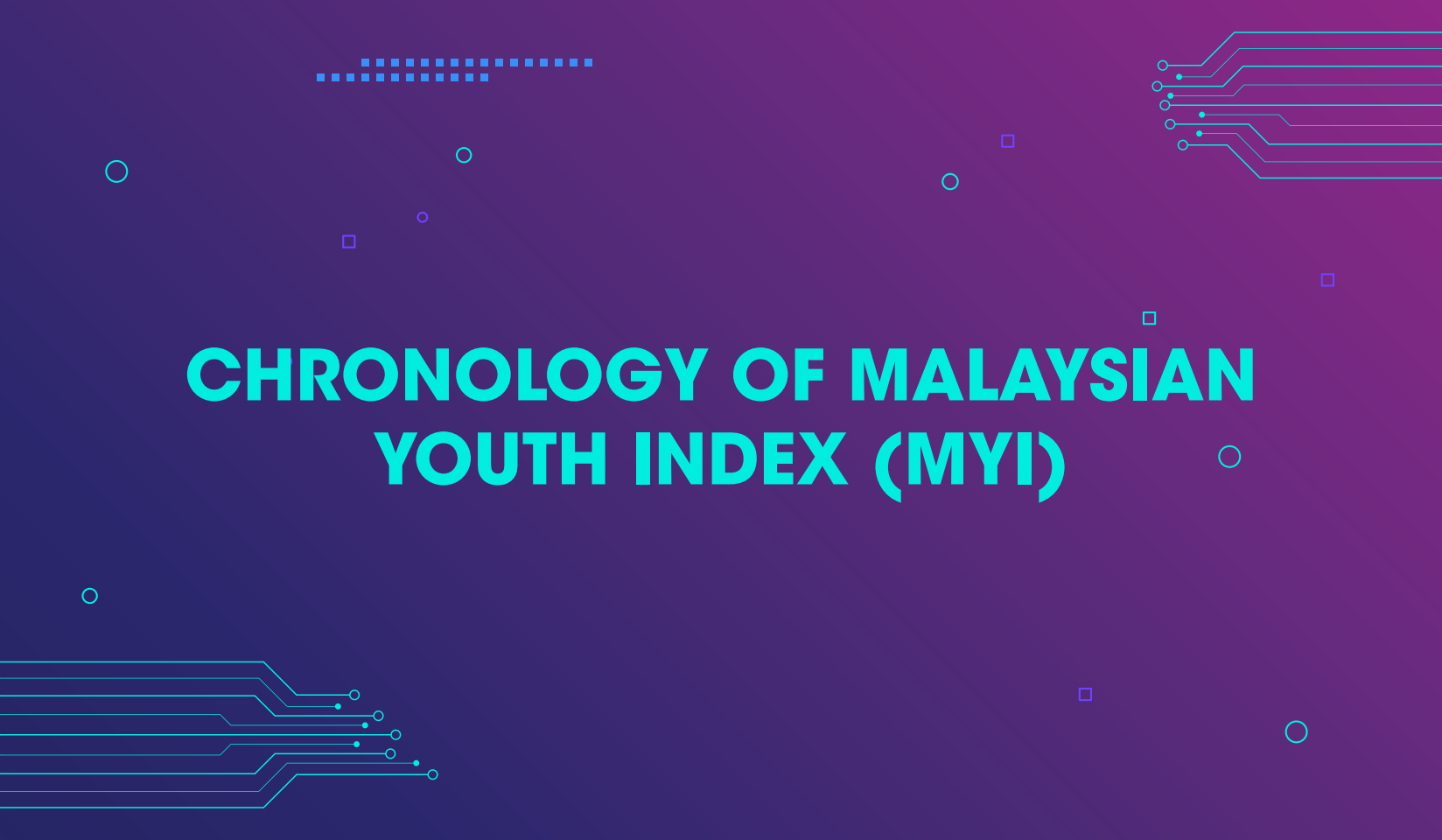


TARGET ACHIEVEMENT OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH INDEX (MYI) 2021-2025

YOUTH QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING ACHIEVEMENT TARGET 2021-2025



Source: Score Target Setting Meeting in 12MP on 5th March 2020 and Chapter 5, 12MP Document (2021-2025)



CHRONOLOGY OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH INDEX (MYI)

CHRONOLOGY OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH INDEX (MYI)

ASEAN Workplan on Youth 2016-2020

- 2016 – Presentation of Malaysian Youth Index 2015 (MYI'15) at ASEAN Secretariat level
- Formation of Malaysian Youth Index was an initiative under ASEAN Workplan on Youth 2016-2020
- 2017 – Presentation of Malaysian Youth Index 2015 (MYI'15) at Commonwealth Secretariat level

MYI Domains and Indicators Update and Improvement

- Update and Improvements of Malaysian Youth Index through six (6) Domains and 41 Indicators
- Domain Score with weightage value

MYI as input for Thirteenth Malaysian Plan (2026-2030)

- Input for youth development strategic planning at national level



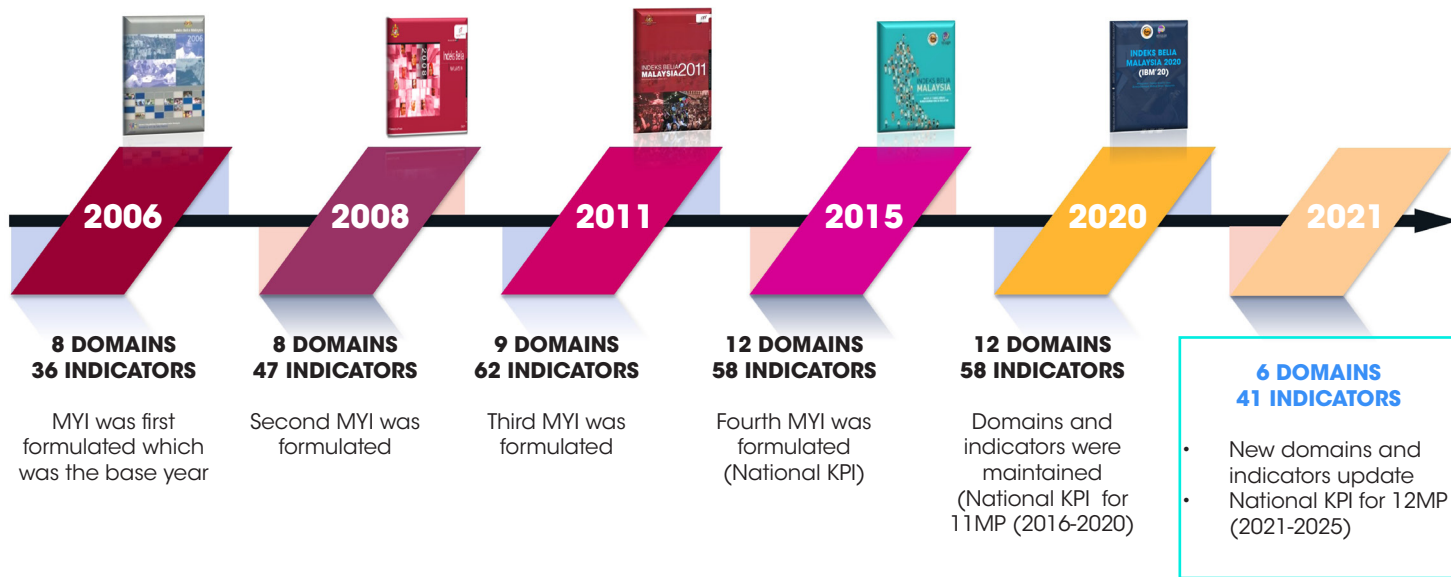
Global Youth Development Index (GYDI) 2020

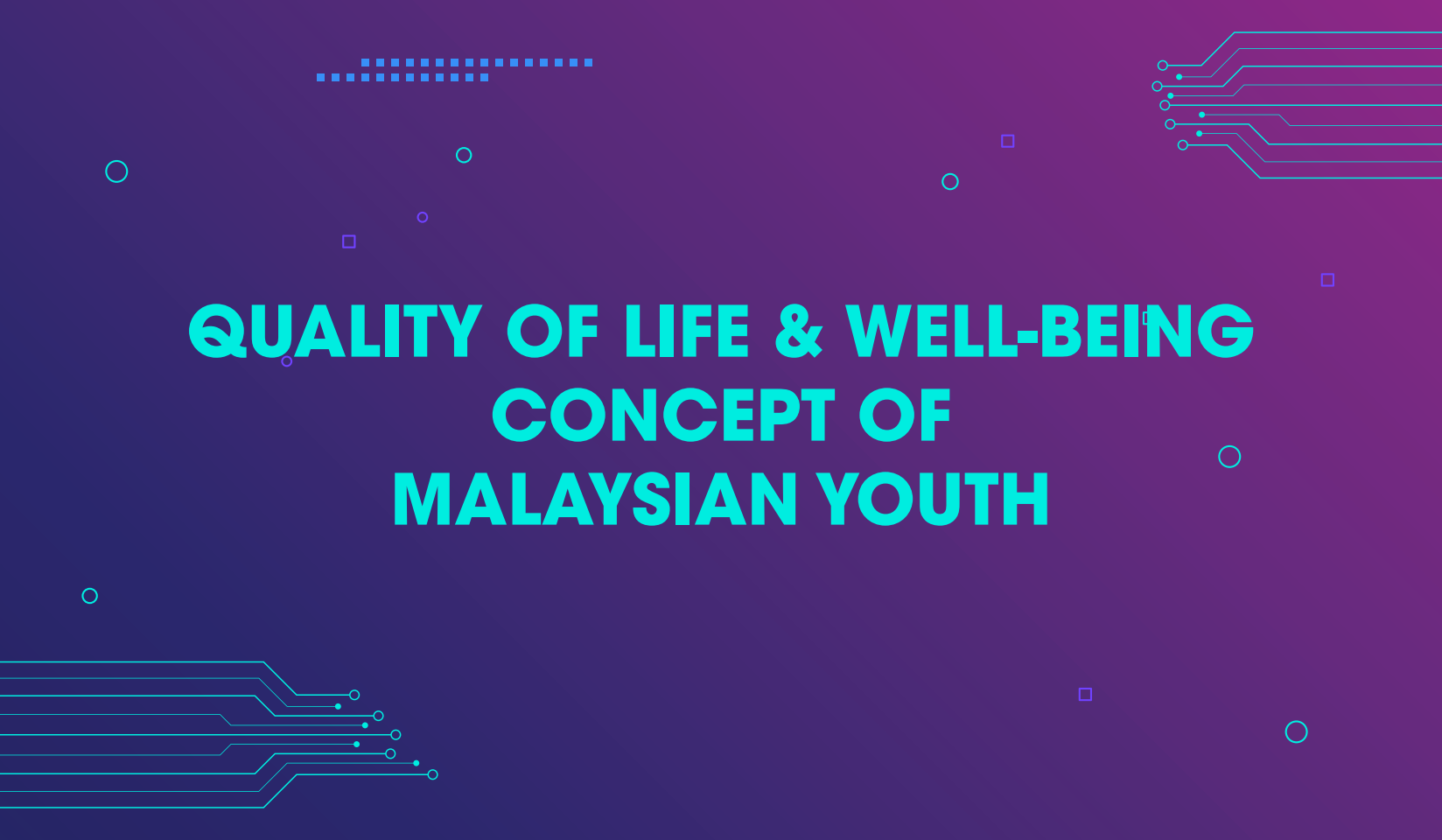
- Domains and indicators update at global level

National Key Performance Indicator (KPI) for 12MP

- MYI is a National Key Performance Indicator (KPI) for Twelfth Malaysian Plan (2021-2025)
- MYI score target is 70.8 (Moderate) in 2025
- Malaysian Youth Index implementation is an initiative under ASEAN Workplan on Youth 2021-2025

MYI DOMAIN AND INDICATOR CHRONOLOGY (MYI)





QUALITY OF LIFE & WELL-BEING CONCEPT OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH

QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING CONCEPT

QUALITY OF LIFE

Community well-being or ill-being within their life surrounding. Quality of life also means a **good life** or **living a high-quality life**.

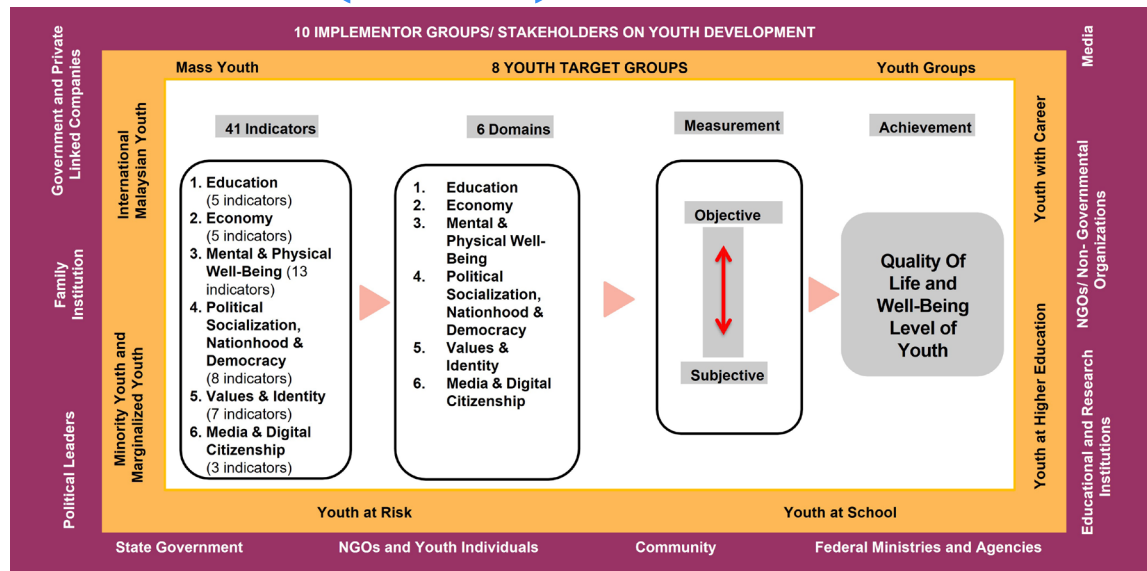
LIFE WELL-BEING

Represents **a sufficient situation** (food and drink, clothing, dwelling), **comfortable** (economic status), calm (soul, psychosocial, health), **fresh** (surrounding), **harmony** (sense of security) and **peace** (living atmosphere) which give meaning to one's life well-being.

QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING

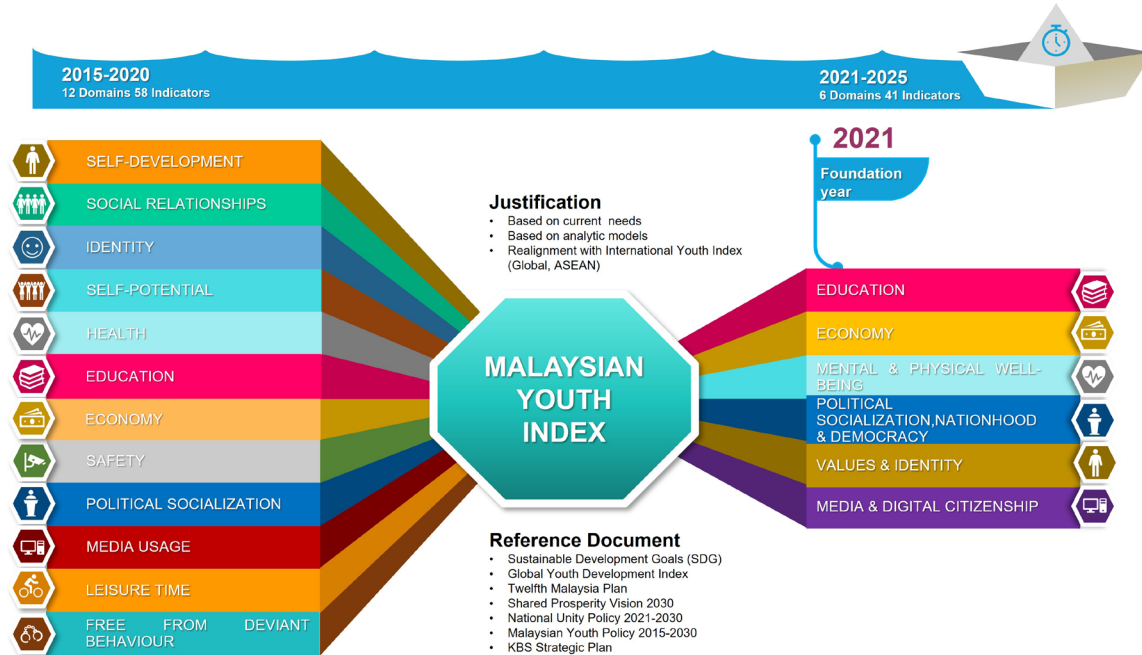
A concept that **complements each other**. A conscious evaluation method or individual psychological assessment towards **life satisfaction** consisting of several aspects namely **self-development, social relationship, socioeconomic, environment, social integration, physical health, education, work life balance, employment, safety, politics and so forth**.

THE FRAMEWORK FOR QUALITY & WELL-BEING CONCEPT THROUGH NATIONAL KEY YOUTH DEVELOPMENT AREA (NKYDA) 2021-2025

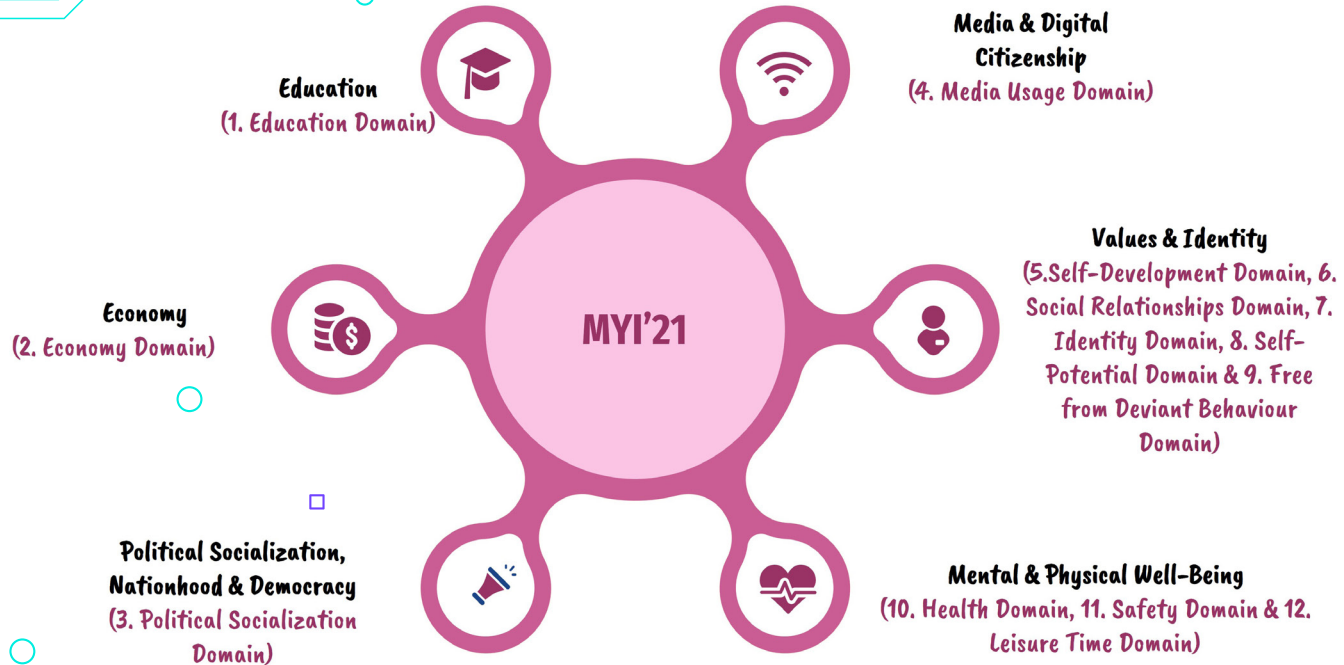


Source: Adapted and modified based on the "Global Youth Development Index" 2016 Concept Framework and the Malaysian Youth Policy (MYP) 2015-2035

IMPROVING THE STANDARD MEASUREMENT OF QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH



6 DOMAINS OF MYI'21



DEFINITION OF 6 DOMAINS OF QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH



1. EDUCATION

Access to Education, individual highest academic achievement, level of mastery in reading and writing.



3. MENTAL & PHYSICAL WELL-BEING

Level of health literacy, mental & physical well-being, free from any diseases related to the practice of risky lifestyle and behaviour.



5. VALUES & IDENTITY

Principles/guidelines regarding way of life, psychological characteristics, spirit, belief, faith, values, strength and ability in an individual which can be developed optimally to achieve the best personality and identity.



2. ECONOMY

An individual's economic status which reflects the extent of his financial position.



4. POLITICAL SOCIALIZATION NATIONHOOD & DEMOCRACY

Involvement in political activities covering the existence of youth-related policies, voters' education, formal participation of youth, discussion, engagement and following the development pertaining political, nationhood and democracy issues.



6. MEDIA & DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP

Principles/guidelines regarding way of life, psychological characteristics, spirit, belief, faith, values, strength and ability in an individual which can be developed optimally to achieve the best personality and identity.

DEFINITION OF INDICATORS FOR EVERY DOMAIN OF QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH



1. EDUCATION

Access to education, individual highest academic achievement, level of mastery in reading and writing.

1. Academic Achievement	Youth post-high school academic achievement level
2. High-school Education Enrolment	The ratio of high-school education enrolment (without age limit) to population which refers to the age group equivalent to referred level of education
3. High-school Graduation Rate	The rate of youth who graduate from secondary school
4. Education Literacy	Mastery in reading and writing to comprehend simple statements regarding day-to-day life
5. Tertiary Enrolment	The ratio of tertiary education enrolment (without age limit) to population which refers to the age group equivalent to referred level of education.

DEFINITION OF INDICATORS FOR EVERY DOMAIN OF QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH



2. ECONOMY

An individual's economic status which reflects the extent of his financial position.

1. Financial Security	• A person with prudent financial planning, namely, savings or investments that allow him to go through retirement age without feeling anxious
2. Financial Literacy	• Ability to use knowledge and skills to manage financial resources effectively to achieve financial well-being
3. Debt Free	• Ability to maintain a comfortable lifestyle and at the same time having sufficient savings for the future as well as being debt-free
4. Employability	• Ability to get a job that matches the qualification
5. Youth Unemployment Rate	• The rate of unemployed youth (not working) to the total amount of youth in the labour force

DEFINITION OF INDICATORS FOR EVERY DOMAIN OF QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH



3. MENTAL AND PHYSICAL WELL-BEING

Level of health literacy, mental and physical well-being, free from any diseases related to the practice of risky lifestyle and behavior.

1. Mental Health	• Ability to overcome tension, anxiety and depression caused by certain matters
2. Personal Safety and Environment	• Feel safe and free from fear
3. Sanitation	• Cleanliness regulation systems that keep oneself and the public clean
4. BMI (Body Mass Index)	• The ratio of one's weight to height
5. Leisure Time	• Frequency of activities based on interest such as hobbies, recreation, entertainment, involvement in associations
6. Smoking/ Vaping	• Ratio of smoking/ vaping within youth
7. Balanced Diet	• Balanced and healthy eating habit of youth
8. Alcohol Abuse	• Alcohol abuse may cause mental and physical damage
9. Drugs Abuse	• Drugs Abuse as opposed to its medicinal importance
10. HIV Rate	• HIV infection rate
11. Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI)	• Diseases that may infect reproduction system caused by infection from those who are infected
12. Age-Specific Fertility Rate (ASFR)	• Ratio is for every 1,000 female aged 15-30 years old
13. Standardized Death Rate (SDR)	• Ratio is per 1,000 population aged 15-30 years old

DEFINITION OF INDICATORS FOR EVERY DOMAIN OF QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH



4. POLITICAL SOCIALIZATION, NATIONHOOD & DEMOCRACY

Involvement in political activities covering the existence of youth-related policies, voters' education, formal participation of youth, discussion, engagement and following the development pertaining political, nationhood and democracy issues

1. Existence of Policy Related to Youth Development	Action plan that was officially agreed upon as the foundation to make or implement any decisions related to youth readiness to be developed towards a higher level
2. Existence of Voter Education	Programs to promote awareness in public from all walks of life and promote the idea of General Election management's efficiency and transparency and to plan, develop and implement awareness programs towards democracy and general election
3. Youth Freedom of Speech	Formal freedom of speech through trusted channels
4. Political Discussion, Nationhood and Democracy	Discussions regarding political issues, nationhood and democracy with peers, family, cyberfriends, teachers et cetera
5. Following the Developments of Political Activities, Nationhood and Democracy	Constantly seeking latest information regarding politics, nationhood and democracy
6. Involvement in Political Activities, Nationhood and Democracy	Venture into political activities including voting, attending political speech and being active in political parties
7. Patriotism	Deep feeling of love towards of one's country
8. Spirit of Unity	Social unity within any community

DEFINITION OF INDICATORS FOR EVERY DOMAIN OF QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH



5. VALUES & IDENTITY

Principles/guidelines regarding way of life, psychological characteristics, spirit, belief, faith, values, strength and ability in an individual which can be developed optimally to achieve the best personality and identity

1. Empowered	• The ability of a person to remain committed in performing something despite various challenges and obstacles
2. Sensitivity/ Concern	• Concern for the values and culture of society as well as environmental care
3. Social Relationships	• Bond between one individual and another
4. Self-Concept	• Self-actualization is a degree of individual appreciation and recognition of himself or herself/ self-esteem. Self-efficacy is an individual's belief in the ability and capacity to complete a task well
5. Lifestyle	• Beliefs and manifestations of belief in God that are able to act as a guide, to establish moral and express positive values
6. Leadership	• Ability to lead, make wise decisions and handle something difficult
7. Self-Regulation	• Self-Regulation includes the values of genuineness, openness, sincerity, trustworthiness, truthfulness, ethical, not easily influenced, trustworthy, keeping promises and tendency to not get involved in immoral social activities

DEFINITION OF INDICATORS FOR EVERY DOMAIN OF QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH



6. MEDIA & DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP

Every type of medium and channels to relay information and the ability to manage and monitor behavior in using technology covering ethics, norms and cultures

1. Access to Media	• Frequency of Media Usage
2. Safety While On Internet	• Feeling safe while using digital technology including financial transactions
3. Digital Literacy	• Proficiency of utilizing digital media while being ethical and responsible in seeking information and communicating

The background is a vertical gradient from dark purple at the top to a lighter purple at the bottom. It is decorated with various abstract elements: a grid of small squares in the top left; a series of horizontal lines with circular endpoints in the top right; a series of horizontal lines with circular endpoints in the bottom left; and several scattered circles and squares of different sizes throughout the space.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

MALAYSIA YOUTH INDEX 2021 (MYI'21) RESEARCH METHODOLOGY



RESEARCH DESIGN

- Quantitative methods (survey distribution method) and secondary data
- Documents analysis



STUDY SAMPLE

- Youth aged 15-30 throughout Malaysia
- 6,153 (6,101 analyzed) respondents throughout Malaysia
- 8 youth target groups



SAMPLING METHOD

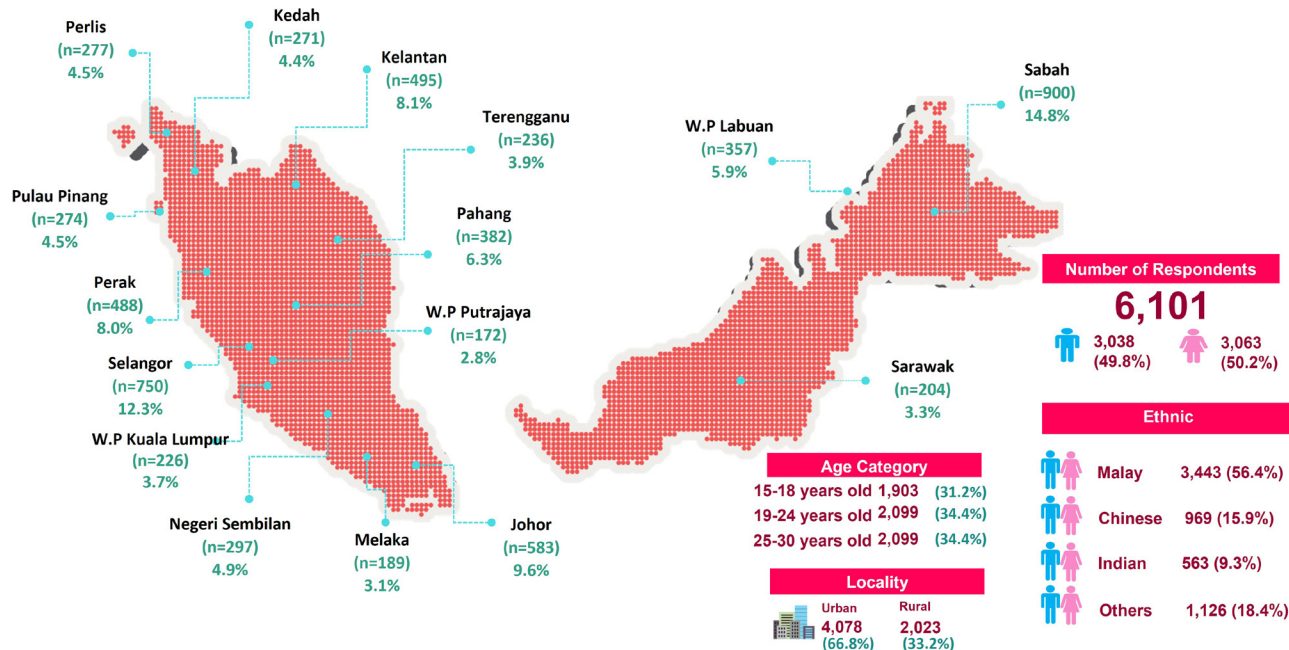
- Selection of respondents were made representing various ethnic groups, genders and localities.
- Usage of Census Block (CB)



DATA COLLECTION

- Utilizing the service of IYRES Community Enumerator (ICE)
- Total of 249 enumerators throughout Malaysia
- 16 state supervisors
- 10 Pilot Study enumerators

MYI'21 RESPONDENTS DISTRIBUTION THROUGHOUT MALAYSIA



METHOD OF FORMULATION MALAYSIAN YOUTH INDEX 2021 (MYI'21)

Indicator Score: $\bar{x}_{indicator} = \frac{\sum_k \frac{M_k - M_k^s}{R}}{n_{item}} \times 100 \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, n_{item}$

Remarks :

M_k^s = minimum scale value

M_k = min

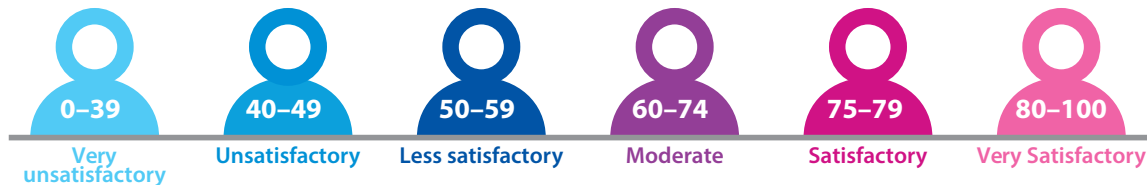
R = maximum scale value – minimum scale value

n = number

Domain Score : $\bar{x}_{domain} = \frac{\sum_i \bar{x}_{indicator}}{n_{indicator}} \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n_{indicator}$

Index : $\bar{x}_{index} = \frac{\sum_d \bar{x}_{domain}}{n_{domain}} \quad d = 1, 2, \dots, n_{domain}$

This study used a score of "0" as the minimum score and a score of "100" as the maximum score. The higher the score, the better quality of life and well-being of all Malaysian youth, based on the scale below.



MYI'21 DOMAIN WEIGHTAGE

NO.	DOMAINS	WEIGHTAGE (%)		
		GLOBAL	ASEAN	MALAYSIA
1.	EDUCATION	25% (Global Youth Index, 2016)	30% (Youth Development Index, 2017)	20.0%
2.	ECONOMY	25% (Global Youth Index, 2016)	30% (Youth Development Index, 2017)	20.0%
3.	MENTAL & PHYSICAL WELL-BEING	25% (Global Youth Index, 2016)	30% (Youth Development Index, 2017)	20.0%
4.	POLITICAL SOCIALIZATION, NATIONHOOD & DEMOCRACY	15% (Global Youth Index, 2016)	-	15.0%
5.	VALUES & IDENTITY	10% (Global Youth Index, 2016)	10% (Youth Development Index, 2017)	12.5%
6.	MEDIA & DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP	10.94% (The Global Youth Wellbeing Index, 2017)	-	12.5%
TOTAL		-	100%	100%

Source : First ASEAN Youth Development Index (2017); Global Youth Index and Report (2016) & (2020) and The Global Youth Wellbeing Index (2017)



QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH TREND ACHIEVEMENT FOR 2015 - 2021

MYI'21 HIGHLIGHTS

MYI'21 score calculation was a combination of **primary data (75%)** and **secondary data (25%)**.

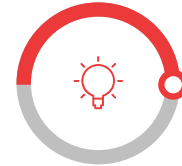
MYI'21 Domains and Indicators Evolution went hand-in-hand with the current need of youth development, based on **analytic model and coordination of youth index at international level** (ASEAN dan Global).



MYI'21 reported the achievement of quality of life and well-being of youth through **6 Domains and 41 Indicators** compared to 12 Domains and 58 Indicators prior to this.



MYI'21 total score recorded **1.49 increment** compared to MYI'20 and still at Moderate level.



Education Domain showed the highest score (82.50) at Moderate level and **Economy Domain** recorded the lowest score (59.07) at Less Satisfactory level.

MYI'21 HIGHLIGHTS

To increase total score achievement, **strategic planning involving three tier/level** namely innovation takeoff, intervention; and diagnosis and focus group discussion.

Mental & Physical Well-Being; Socialization, Nationalism & Democracy; and Media & Digital Citizenship Domain Achievement for MYI'21 at Tier 2.



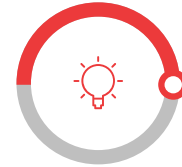
Quality of Life and Well-Being of Youth achievement in total was influenced by the **ecosystem of eight youth target group and 10 youth implementor groups** as was underlined in Malaysian Youth Policy (MYP) 2015-2035.



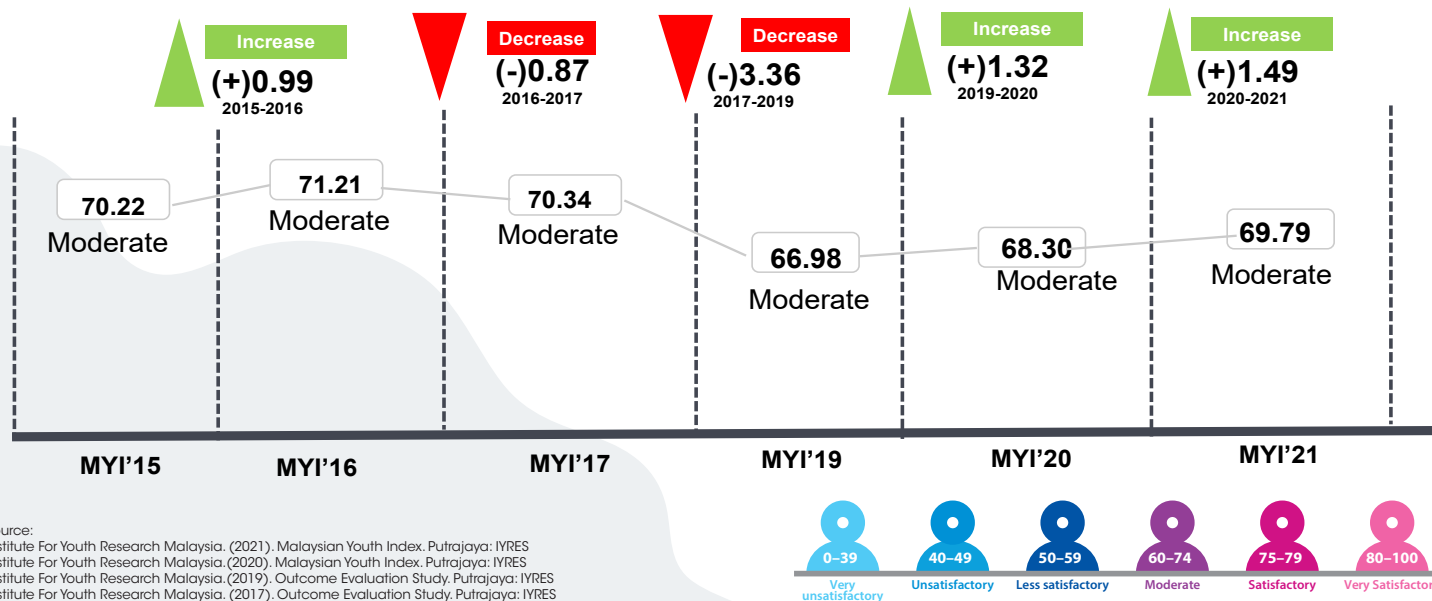
Economy Domain achievement for MYI'21 was at Tier 3 and required total attention.



Education Domain; and Value & Identity Domain for MYI'21 were at Tier 1.



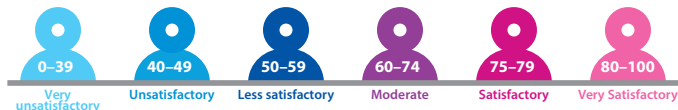
QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF YOUTH ACHIEVEMENT TREND 2015-2021



Source:
 Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2021). Malaysian Youth Index. Putrajaya: IYRES
 Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2020). Malaysian Youth Index. Putrajaya: IYRES
 Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2019). Outcome Evaluation Study. Putrajaya: IYRES
 Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2017). Outcome Evaluation Study. Putrajaya: IYRES
 Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2016). Outcome Evaluation Study. Putrajaya: IYRES
 Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2015). Malaysian Youth Index. Putrajaya: IYRES

MYI'15-MYI'20 SCORE COMPARISON (12 DOMAINS)

NO.	YEAR	MYI'15	MYI'16	MYI'17	MYI'19	MYI'20
	Domains/ Overall Score (Level)	70.22 (Moderate)	71.21 (Moderate)	70.34 (Moderate)	66.98 (Moderate)	68.30 (Moderate)
1.	Self –Development Domain	72.60 (Moderate)	73.80 (Moderate)	72.19 (Moderate)	73.39 (Moderate)	73.04 (Moderate)
2.	Social Relationship Domain	78.18 (Satisfactory)	78.06 (Satisfactory)	74.94 (Moderate)	74.45 (Moderate)	74.27 (Moderate)
3.	Identity Domain	69.14 (Moderate)	69.71 (Moderate)	69.24 (Moderate)	68.39 (Moderate)	69.23 (Moderate)
4.	Self Potential Domain	68.13 (Moderate)	68.37 (Moderate)	69.39 (Moderate)	66.38 (Moderate)	66.57 (Moderate)
5.	Health Domain	68.42 (Moderate)	76.59 (Satisfactory)	74.15 (Moderate)	78.51 (Satisfactory)	74.94 (Moderate)
6.	Education Domain	71.22 (Moderate)	73.86 (Moderate)	74.65 (Moderate)	77.08 (Satisfactory)	76.33 (Satisfactory)
7.	Economy Domain	54.26 (Less Satisfactory)	58.05 (Less Satisfactory)	55.75 (Less Satisfactory)	61.71 (Moderate)	61.81 (Moderate)
8.	Safety Domain	70.82 (Moderate)	71.13 (Moderate)	68.27 (Moderate)	72.20 (Moderate)	68.17 (Moderate)
9.	Media Penetration Domain	73.59 (Moderate)	68.12 (Moderate)	63.31 (Moderate)	60.36 (Moderate)	59.83 (Less Satisfactory)
10.	Political Socialization Domain	45.82 (Unsatisfactory)	49.35 (Unsatisfactory)	50.07 (Less Satisfactory)	29.03 (Very Unsatisfactory)	27.75 (Very Unsatisfactory)
11.	Leisure Time Domain	81.02 (Very Satisfactory)	76.14 (Satisfactory)	78.86 (Satisfactory)	70.82 (Moderate)	69.01 (Moderate)
12.	Free from Deviant Behaviour Domain	89.45 (Very Satisfactory)	91.31 (Very Satisfactory)	93.22 (Very Satisfactory)	97.20 (Very Satisfactory)	97.63 (Very Satisfactory)

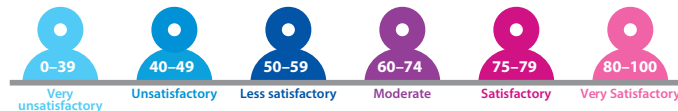


MYI'15-MYI'20 SCORE COMPARISON (12 DOMAINS)

NO.	YEAR	MYI'20
	Domains/ Overall Score (Level)	68.30 (Moderate)
1.	Self-Development Domain	73.04 (Moderate)
2.	Social Relationship Domain	74.27 (Moderate)
3.	Identity Domain	69.23 (Moderate)
4.	Self Potential Domain	66.57 (Moderate)
5.	Health Domain	74.94 (Moderate)
6.	Education Domain	76.33 (Satisfactory)
7.	Economy Domain	61.81 (Moderate)
8.	Safety Domain	68.17 (Moderate)
9.	Media Penetration Domain	59.83 (Less Satisfactory)
10.	Political Socializing Domain	27.75 (Very Unsatisfactory)
11.	Leisure Time Domain	69.01 (Moderate)
12.	Free From Deviant Behaviour Domain	97.63 (Very Satisfactory)



NO.	YEAR	MYI'21
	Domains/ Overall Score (Level)	69.79 (Moderate)
1.	Education Domain	82.50 (Satisfactory)
2.	Economy Domain	59.07 (Less Satisfactory)
3.	Mental & Physical Well-Being Domain	68.91 (Moderate)
4.	Political Socialization, Nationhood & Democracy Domain	60.31 (Moderate)
5.	Values & Identity Domain	75.00 (Satisfactory)
6.	Domain Media & Digital Citizenship	74.23 (Moderate)



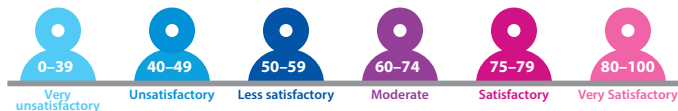
NO.	DOMAINS	DOMAINS SCORE 2021	INDICATORS	INDICATORS SCORE	TYPE OF DATA
1	EDUCATION	82.50	1. Academic Achievement	97.20	Primary
			2. Educational Literacy	95.00	Secondary
			3. High-School Education Enrolment	89.41	Secondary
			4. High-School Graduation Rate	82.30	Secondary
			5. Tertiary Enrolment	48.59	Secondary
2	ECONOMY	59.07	1. Financial Security	50.45	Primary
			2. Financial Literacy	62.90	Primary
			3. Debt Free	45.08	Primary
			4. Employability	42.10	Primary
			5. Youth Unemployment Rate	9.20	Secondary
3	MENTAL & PHYSICAL WELL-BEING	68.91	1. Mental Health	85.03	Primary
			2. Personal Safety and Environment	54.20	Primary
			3. Sanitation	33.70	Primary
			4. BMI (Weight and Height Ratio)	59.00	Primary
			5. Leisure Time	48.49	Primary
			6. Smoking/Vaping	16.39	Primary
			7. Balanced Diet	46.11	Primary
			8. Alcohol Abuse	0.01	Secondary
			9. Drugs Abuse	0.10	Secondary
			10. HIV rate	0.02	Secondary
			11. Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI)	0.04	Secondary
			12. Age-Specific Fertility Rate (ASFR)	53.60	Secondary
			13. Standardized Death Rate (SDR)	0.58	Secondary
4	POLITICAL SOCIALIZING, NATIONHOOD & DEMOCRACY	60.31	1. Existence of Policy Related to Youth Development	70.87	Primary
			2. Existence of Voter Education	69.12	Primary
			3. Youth Freedom of Speech	71.19	Primary
			4. Political Discussion, Nationhood and Democracy	47.63	Primary
			5. Following the Developments of Political Activities, Nationhood and Democracy	42.86	Primary
			6. Involvement in Political Activities, Nationhood and Democracy	35.52	Primary
			7. Patriotism	65.40	Primary
			8. Spirit of Unity	79.89	Primary
5	VALUES & IDENTITY	75.00	1. Resilient	67.52	Primary
			2. Sensitivity/ Concern (environment and volunteerism)	68.50	Primary
			3. Social Relationships (with parent/family, relationship with community and with peers.	74.01	Primary
			4. Self-Concept (self efficacy and self actualization)	74.30	Primary
			5. Lifestyle (religion and culture)	78.87	Primary
			6. Leadership	74.50	Primary
			7. Self-Regulation (Integrity and deviant behaviour)	87.28	Primary
6	MEDIA & DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP	74.23	1. Access to Media	68.33	Primary
			2. Safety while on Internet	81.70	Primary
			3. Digital Literacy	72.65	Primary
MYI'21 SCORE			69.79		

MYI'21 TOTAL SCORE



MYI'21 SCORE BY DOMAINS & INDICATORS

NO.	DOMAINS	WEIGHTAGE (%)	MYI'21 DOMAIN SCORE	INDICATORS	INDICATORS SCORE	TYPE OF DATA
1.	EDUCATION	20	82.50	1. Academic Achievement	97.20	Primary
				2. Educational Literacy	95.00	Secondary
				3. High-School Education Enrolment	89.41	Secondary
				4. High-School Graduate Rate	82.30	Secondary
				5. Tertiary Enrolment	48.59	Secondary

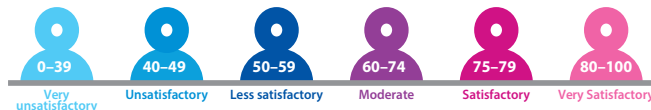
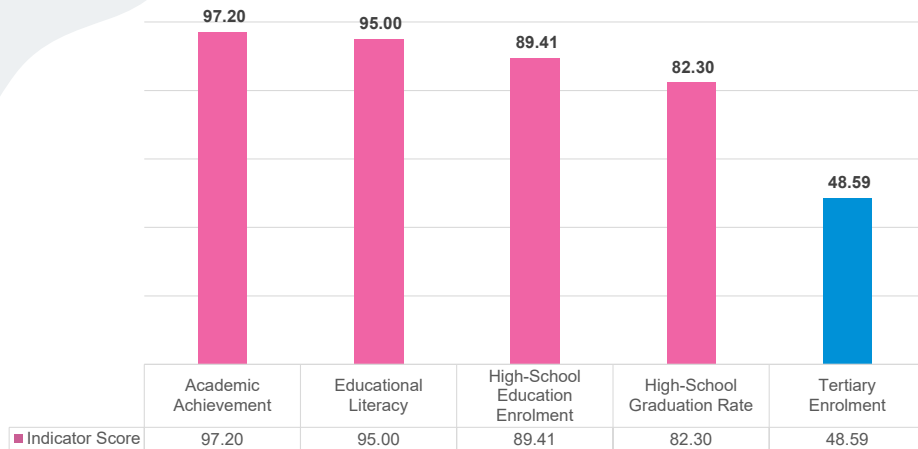




EDUCATION DOMAIN

Education Domain Score:
82.50
(Very Satisfactory)

MYI'21 EDUCATION DOMAIN AND INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENT (Entire Primary & Secondary Data)



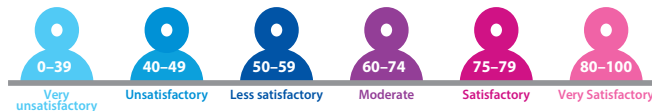
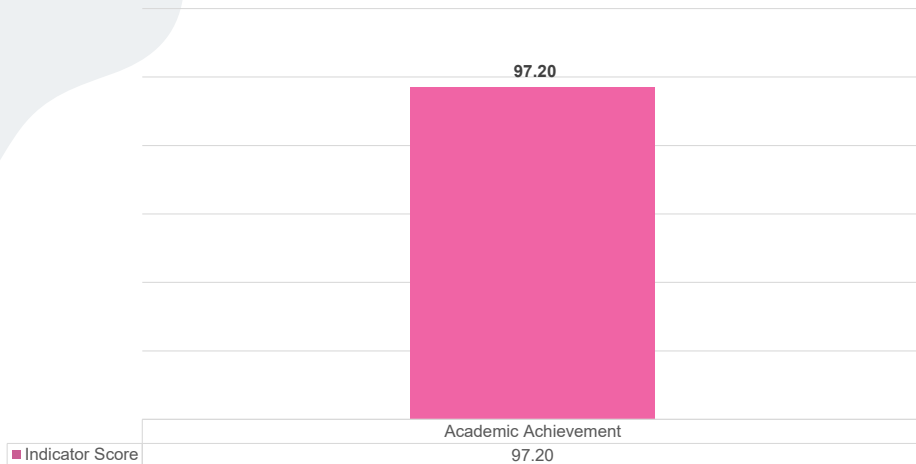
Source:
Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2021). Malaysian Youth Index 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES



EDUCATION DOMAIN

Education Domain Score:
82.50
(Very Satisfactory)

MYI'21 EDUCATION DOMAIN AND INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENT (Primary Data)



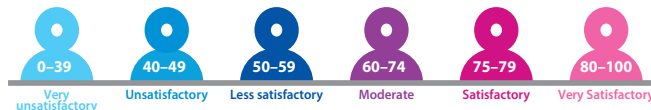
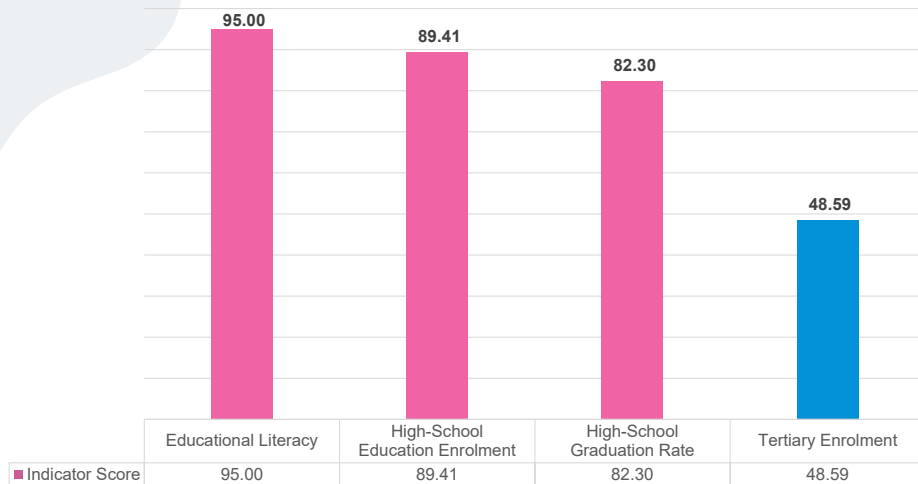
Source:
Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2021). Malaysian Youth Index 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES



EDUCATION DOMAIN

Education Domain Score:
82.50
(Very Satisfactory)

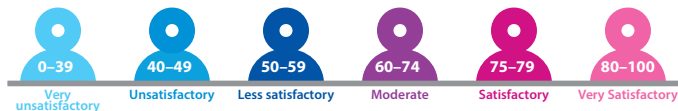
MYI'21 EDUCATION DOMAIN AND INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENT (Secondary Data)

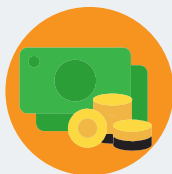


Source:
Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2021). Malaysian Youth Index 2021 (IBM'21). Putrajaya: IYRES

MYI'21 SCORE BY DOMAINS & INDICATORS

NO.	DOMAINS	WEIGHTAGE (%)	MYI'21 DOMAIN SCORE	INDICATORS	INDICATORS SCORE	TYPE OF DATA
2.	ECONOMY	20	59.07	1. Financial Security	50.45	Primary
				2. Financial Literacy	62.90	Primary
				3. Debt Free	45.08	Primary
				4. Employability	42.10	Primary
				5. Youth Unemployment Rate	9.20	Secondary





ECONOMY DOMAIN

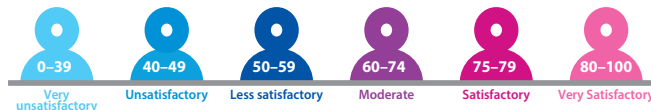
Economy Domain Score:
59.07
(Less Satisfactory)

MYI'21 ECONOMY DOMAIN AND INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENT (Entire Primary & Secondary Data)

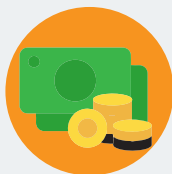


Source: Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2021). Malaysian Youth Index 2021. Putrajaya: IYRES

* Note: Youth Unemployment Rate is the ratio of unemployed population (not working) to the total amount of population in the labor force. This ratio measures the percentage of population in the labor force who are not working (percentage decrease in 2021 (9.20%) compared to March 2020 (11.3%)).



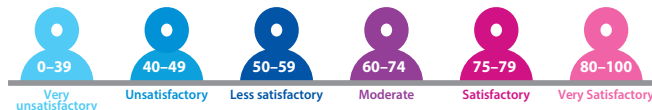
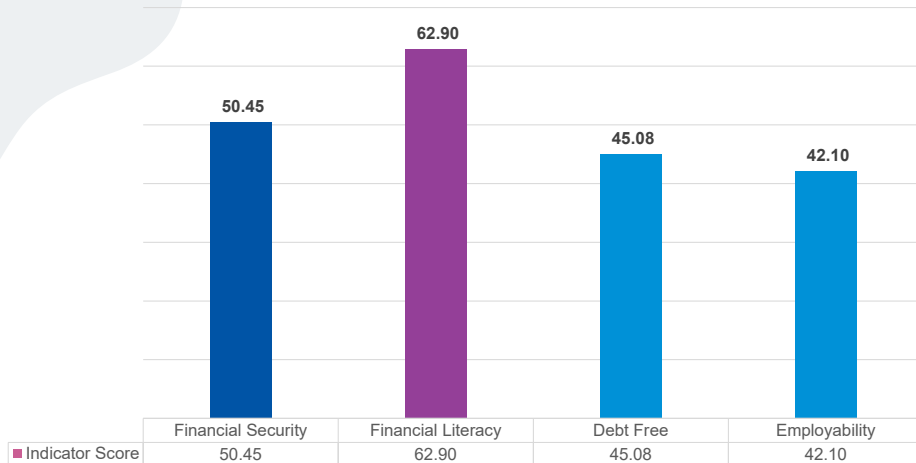
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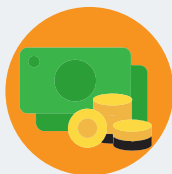
ECONOMY DOMAIN

Economy Domain Score:
59.07
(Less Satisfactory)

MYI'21 ECONOMY DOMAIN AND INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENT (Primary Data)



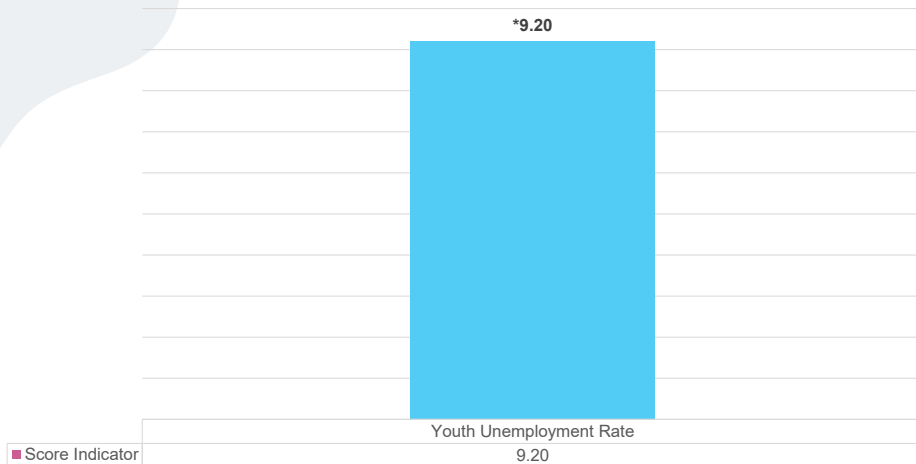
Source:
Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2021). Malaysian Youth Index 2021. Putrajaya: IYRES



ECONOMY DOMAIN

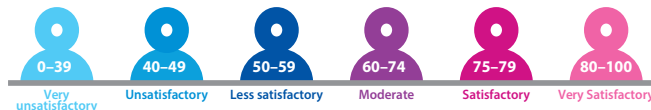
Economy Domain Score:
59.07
(Less Satisfactory)

MYI'21 ECONOMY DOMAIN AND INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENT (Secondary Data)



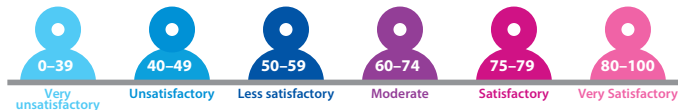
Source:
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MYI'21 SCORE BY DOMAINS & INDICATORS

NO.	DOMAINS	WEIGHTAGE (%)	MYI'21 DOMAIN SCORE	INDICATORS	INDICATORS SCORE	TYPE OF DATA
3.	MENTAL & PHYSICAL WELL-BEING	20	68.91	1. Mental Health	85.03	Primary
				2. Personal Safety and Environment	54.20	Primary
				3. Sanitation	33.70	Primary
				4. BMI (Weight and Height Ratio)	59.00	Primary
				5. Leisure Time	48.49	Primary
				6. Smoking/ Vaping	16.39	Primary
				7. Balanced Diet	46.11	Primary
				8. Alcohols Abuse	0.01	Secondary
				9. Drugs Abuse	0.10	Secondary
				10. HIV Rate	0.02	Secondary
				11. Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI)	0.04	Secondary
				12. Age-Specific Fertility Rate (ASFR)	53.60	Secondary
				13. Standardized Death Rate(SDR)	0.58	Secondary

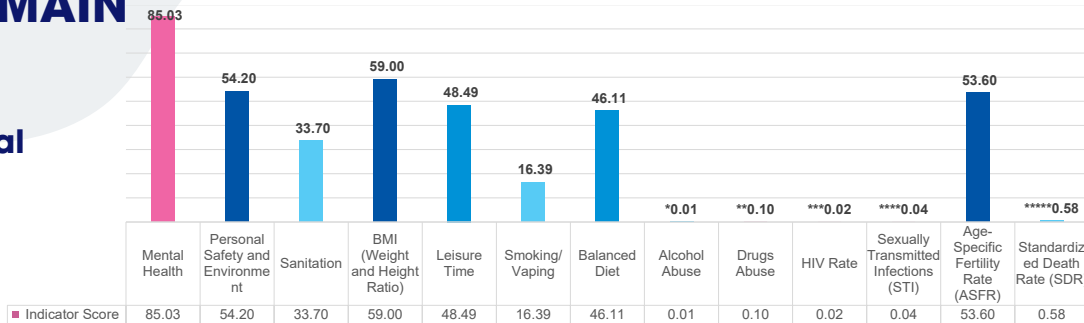




MENTAL & PHYSICAL WELL-BEING DOMAIN

Mental & Physical Well-Being Domain Score: 68.91 (Moderate)

MYI'21 MENTAL & PHYSICAL WELL-BEING DOMAIN AND INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENT (Entire Primary & Secondary Data)



Source:
Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2021). Malaysian Youth Index 2021 (MYI'21). Putrajaya: IYRES

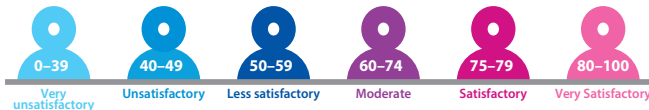
*Note: No Alcohol Abuse is at 99.99 (Very Satisfactory)

**Note: No Drugs Abuse is at 99.90 (Very Satisfactory)

***Note: No HIV Rate is at 99.98 (Very Satisfactory)

****Note: No STI Rate is at 99.96 (Very Satisfactory)

*****Note: Gross Death Rate refers to total amount of death for every 1,000 population with 5.4 for Malaysian population in total.

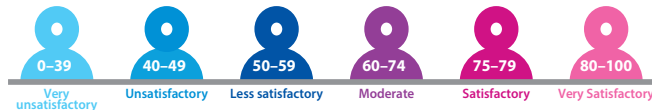
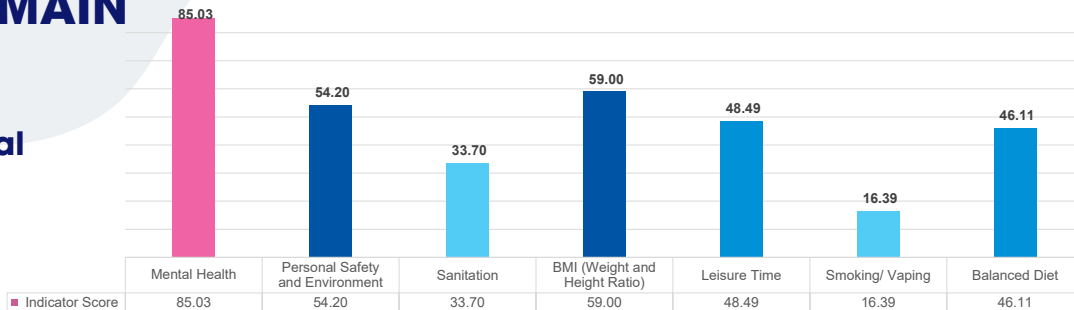




MENTAL & PHYSICAL WELL-BEING DOMAIN

Mental & Physical Well-Being Domain Score: 68.91 (Moderate)

MYI'21 MENTAL & PHYSICAL WELL-BEING DOMAIN AND INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENT (Primary Data)



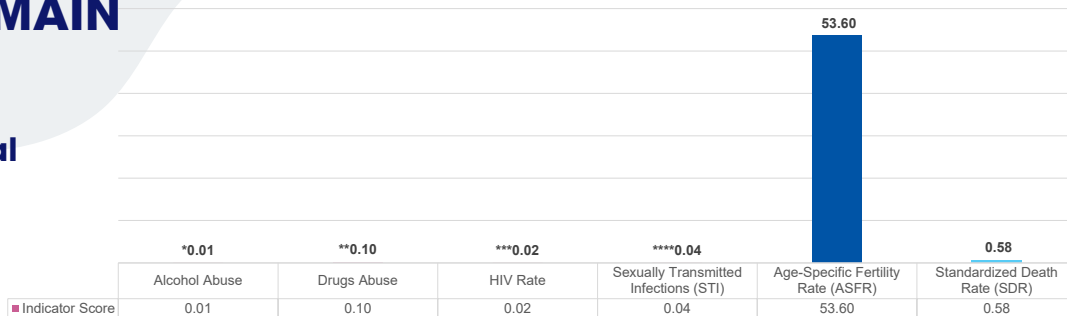
Source: Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2021). Malaysian Youth Index 2021 (MYI'21). Putrajaya: IYRES



MENTAL & PHYSICAL WELL-BEING DOMAIN

Mental & Physical Well-Being Domain Score:
68.91
(Moderate)

MYI'21 MENTAL & PHYSICAL WELL-BEING DOMAIN AND INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENT (Secondary Data)



Source:
Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2021). Malaysian Youth Index 2021 (MYI'21). Putrajaya: IYRES

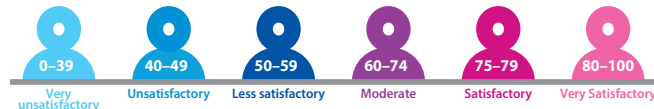
* **Note: No Alcohol Abuse is at 99.99 (Very Satisfactory)

**Note: No Drugs Abuse is at 99.90 (Very Satisfactory)

***Note: No HIV Rate is at 99.98 (Very Satisfactory)

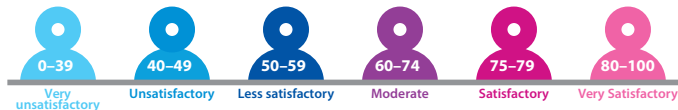
****Note: No STI Rate is at 99.96 (Very Satisfactory)

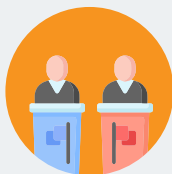
*****Nota: Gross Death Rate refers to total amount of death for every 1,000 population with 5.4 for Malaysian population in total.



MYI'21 SCORE BY DOMAINS & INDICATORS

NO.	DOMAINS	WEIGHTAGE (%)	MYI'21 DOMAIN SCORE	INDICATORS	INDICATORS SCORE	TYPE OF DATA
4.	POLITICAL SOCIALIZATION, NATIONHOOD & DEMOCRACY	15	60.31	1. Existence of Policy Related to Youth Development	70.87	Primary
				2. Existence of Voter Education	69.12	Primary
				3. Youth Freedom of Speech	71.19	Primary
				4. Political Discussion, Nationhood and Democracy	47.63	Primary
				5. Following the Developments of Political Activities, Nationhood and Democracy	42.86	Primary
				6. Involvement in Political Activities, Nationhood and Democracy	35.52	Primary
				7. Patriotism	65.40	Primary
				8. Spirit of Unity	79.89	Primary

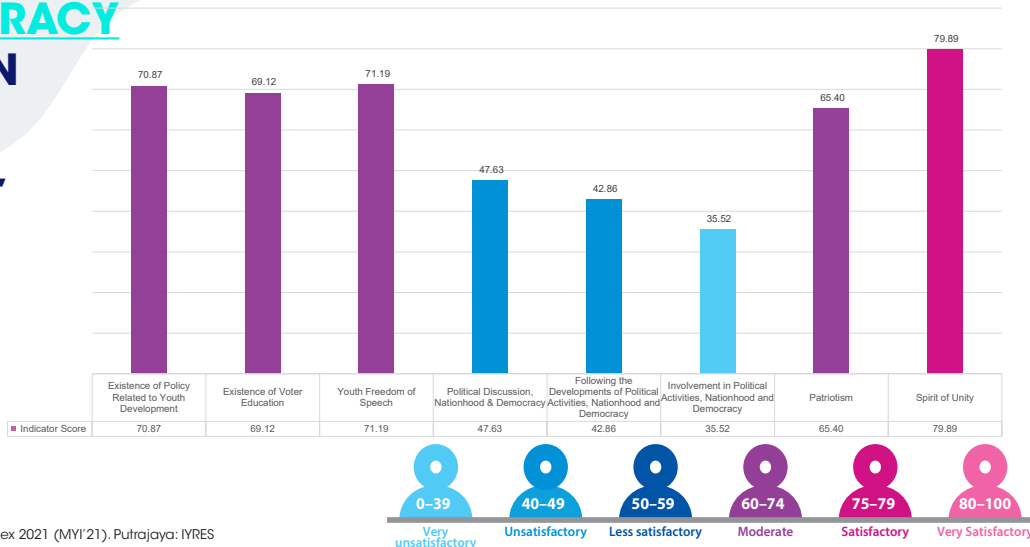




POLITICAL SOCIALIZATION, NATIONHOOD & DEMOCRACY DOMAIN

**Political Socialization,
Nationhood &
Democracy Domain
Score:
60.31
(Moderate)**

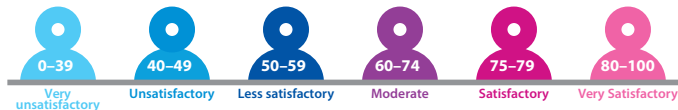
MYI'21 POLITICAL SOCIALIZATION, NATIONHOOD & DEMOCRACY DOMAIN AND INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENT (Entire Primary Data)



Source:
Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2021). Malaysian Youth Index 2021 (MYI'21). Putrajaya: IYRES

MYI'21 SCORE BY DOMAINS & INDICATORS

NO.	DOMAINS	WEIGHTAGE (%)	MYI'21 DOMAIN SCORE	INDICATORS	INDICATORS SCORE	TYPE OF DATA
5.	VALUES & IDENTITY	12.5	75.00	1. Empowered	67.52	Primary
				2. Sensitivity/ Concern	68.50	Primary
				3. Social Relationship	74.01	Primary
				4. Self Concept	74.30	Primary
				5. Lifestyle	78.87	Primary
				6. Leadership	74.50	Primary
				7. Self-Regulation	87.28	Primary

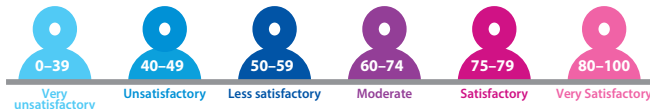
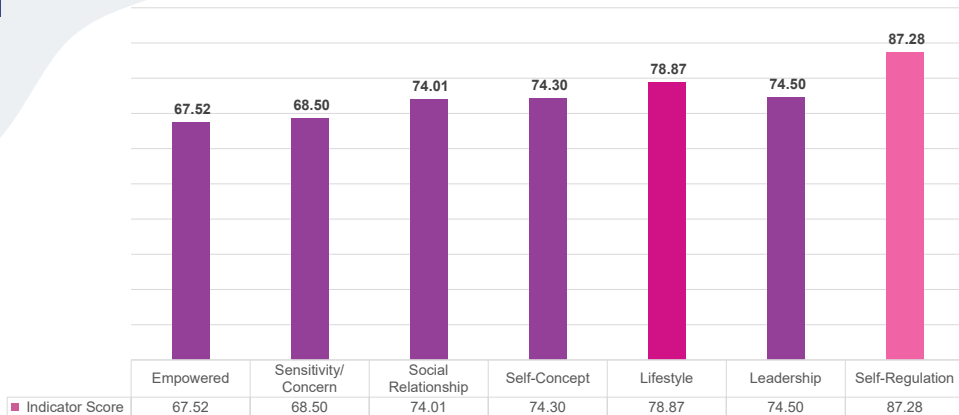




IDENTITY & VALUES DOMAIN

**Values & Identity
Domain Score:**
75.00
(Satisfactory)

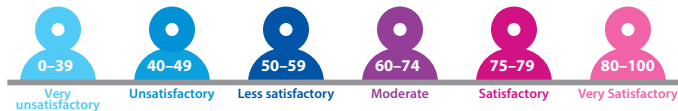
MYI'21 VALUES & IDENTITY DOMAIN AND INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENT (Entire Primary Data)

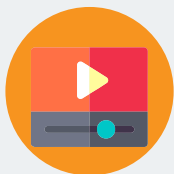


Source:
Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2021). Malaysian Youth Index 2021 (MYI'21). Putrajaya: IYRES

MYI'21 SCORE BY DOMAINS & INDICATORS

NO.	DOMAINS	WEIGHTAGE (%)	MYI'21 DOMAIN SCORE	INDICATORS	INDICATORS SCORE	TYPE OF DATA
6.	MEDIA & DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP	12.5	74.23	1. Access to Media	68.33	Primary
				2. Safety while using internet	81.70	Primary
				3. Digital Literacy	72.65	Primary

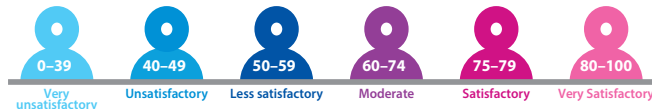
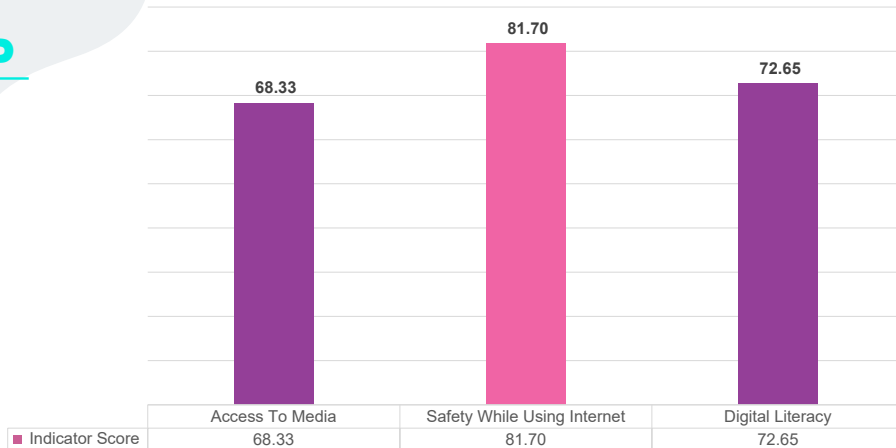




MEDIA & DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP DOMAIN

**Media & Digital
Citizenship Domain
Score:
74.23
(Moderate)**

MYI'21 MEDIA & DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP DOMAIN AND INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENT (Entire Primary Data)



Source:
Institute For Youth Research Malaysia. (2021). Malaysian Youth Index 2021 (MYI'21). Putrajaya: IYRES



MYI ACHIEVEMENT AT NATIONAL LEVEL

MYI ACHIEVEMENT UNTIL 2021

NATIONAL LEVEL

- 1 11MP (2016-2020) and 12MP (2021-2025) national KPI
- 2 Presentation at National Council of Social Services level (2016)
- 3 Malaysian Youth Index presentation at Youth Cyber Wellness in The Digital Era In Conjunction of Safer Internet Day (SID) 2019 #mydigitalH2O Seminar (2019)
- 4 Government Wide Approach through cooperation across ministries for youth development (2016-2021)
- 5 Malaysian Youth Policy (MYP) Assesment Mechanism 2015-2035
 - Malaysia Youth Index
 - Malaysian Youth Asset Study
 - Positive Youth Development Evaluation Study (8C)
 - Comparison at international level
- 6 IYRES Townhall 2020 & 2021
- 7 Department of Statistic Malaysia (DOSM) Statistics Forum & Universiti Malaysia Pahang (UMP)



MYI ACHIEVEMENT AT INTERNATIONAL LEVEL

MYI ACHIEVEMENT UNTIL 2021

INTERNATIONAL LEVEL

1

Referred by:

- Commonwealth Secretariat for Commonwealth Youth Development Index (2013)
- ASEAN Secretariat for ASEAN Youth Development Index (2016)
- Strategy in ASEAN Work Plan On Youth (2016-2020, 2021-2025) documents

2

- Elected as Task Force for ASEAN Youth Development Index (2016-2020)
- Elected as Task Force for ASEAN Youth Development Index (2021-2025)

3

Panel for Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR): The Role of Malaysian Youth Index as Result Based Management for Malaysian Youth Policy (2016)

4

Presentation at Commonwealth Level: Evidence Based Policies On Youth Development in Asia and Southeast Asia Workshop, Bangkok, Thailand (2017)

YOUTH DEVELOPMENT INDEX (YDI)

YDI REPORT 2020

INFO !!

MALAYSIA

YDI Overall Score
0.775 (High)

YDI Domain:

- Education
(0.83 (Very High))
- Employment & Opportunity
(0.881 (Very High))
- Equality & Inclusion
(0.887 (Very High))
- Health & Wellbeing
(0.724 (High))
- Peace & Security
(0.844 (Very High))
- Political & Civic Participation
(0.311 (Low))

GLOBAL LEVEL:

Malaysia – 50/181 Countries

COMMONWEALTH LEVEL:

Malaysia – 11/48 Countries

Source:

Global Development Index & Report,
2020



Youth Age In
Index
15-30
Years

Malaysian Youth Index 2015

12 Domains & 58 Indicators

- Self-Development
- Social Relationships
- Identity
- Self-Potential
- Health
- Economic Wellness
- Safety
- Political Socialization
- Media Usage
- Leisure Time
- Free from Deviant Behavior



Youth Age In
Index
15-30
Years

Brunei Darussalam Youth Development Index 2016

8 Domains & 41 Indicators

- Self-Development
- Leisure Time Activities
- Value & Identity
- Health
- Self-Potential
- Multimedia Exposure
- Community Integration
- Social Problems



Youth Age In
Index
15-30
Years

Philippine Youth Development Index 2016

5 Domains & 17 Indicators

- Education
- Employment
- Health
- Participation
- Organization



Youth Age In
Index
15-30
Years

Indonesian Youth Development Index 2016

5 Domains & 20 Indicators

- Education
- Health
- Welfare
- Leadership Development
- Gender Sensitivity



Youth Age In
Index
15-30
Years

ASEAN Youth Development Index 2016

12 Domains & 58 Indicators

- Education
- Employment & Opportunity
- Health & Well-Being
- Youth Participation & Engagement
- Value & Identity



Youth Age In
Index
15-29
Years

The Commonwealth's Youth Development Index (YDI) 2016

12 Domains & 58 Indicators

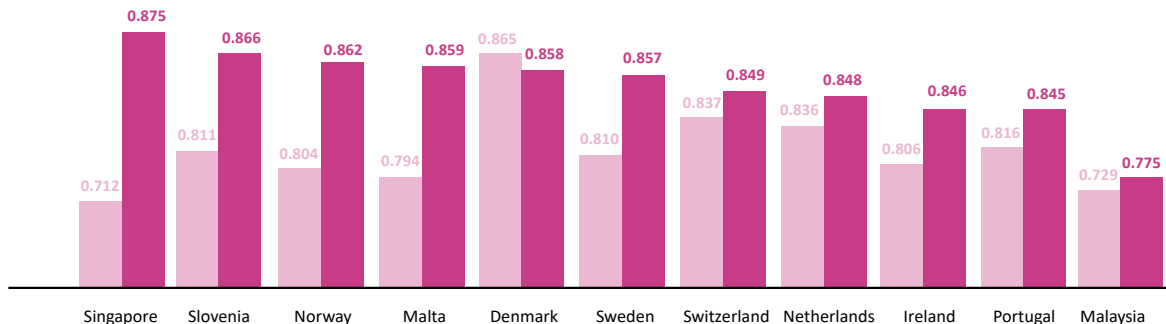
- Education
- Health & Well-Being
- Employment
- Political Participation
- Civic Participation

Sources: IYRES, 2020, Global Youth Development Index, The Commonwealth, 2020, Global Youth Development Index and Report.

QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH

QUALITY LEVEL COMPARISON AT INTERNATIONAL LEVEL

- POSITION AMONG OTHER COUNTRIES IN THE WORLD



2020	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	50
2016	43	12	16	20	2	13	4	6	15	9	34

Indicator

0.000-0.595	Low
0.595-0.691	Medium
0.691-0.78	High
0.78-1000	Very High

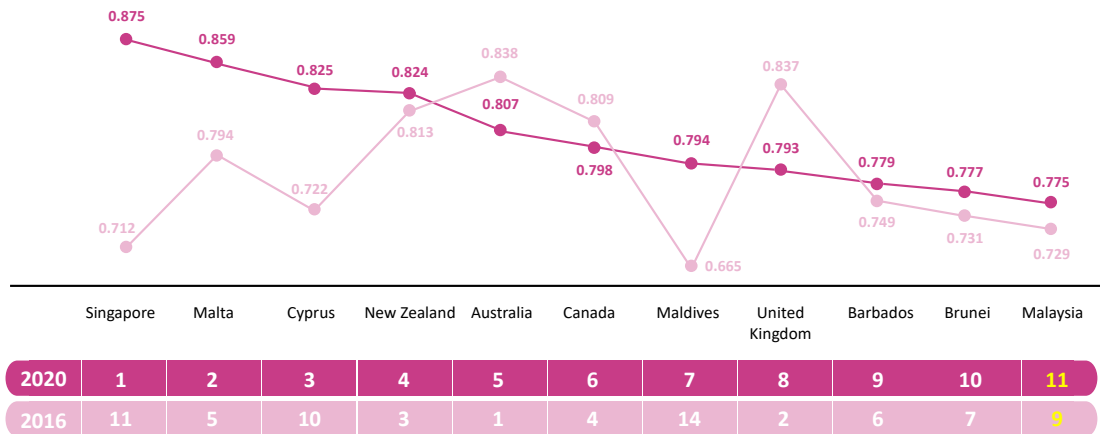
Note:

2016: Malaysia was in position 34/183 countries
 2020: Malaysia was in position 50/181 countries

Source: GYDI 2016 & 2020

QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH

QUALITY LEVEL COMPARISON AT INTERNATIONAL LEVEL – POSITION AMONG COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES



Indicators

0.000-0.595 Low
 0.595-0.691 Medium
 0.691-0.78 High
 0.78-1.000 Very High

Note:

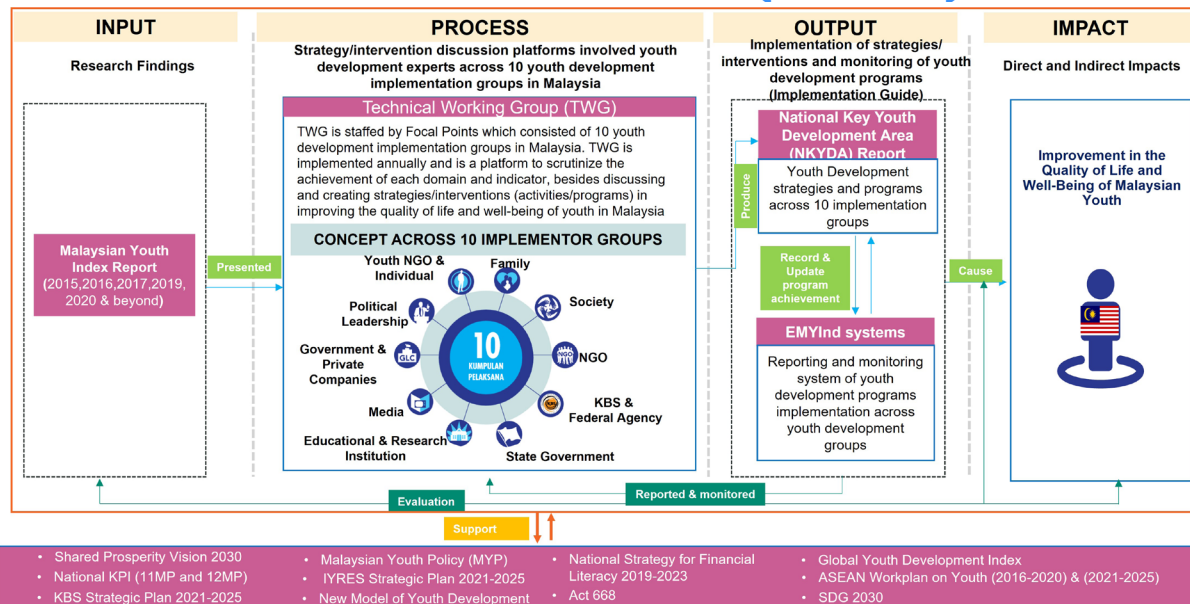
2016: Malaysia was in position 9/49 countries
 2020: Malaysia was in position 11/48 countries

Source: GYDI 2016 & 2020



STRATEGY TO IMPROVE THE QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF MALAYSIAN YOUTH

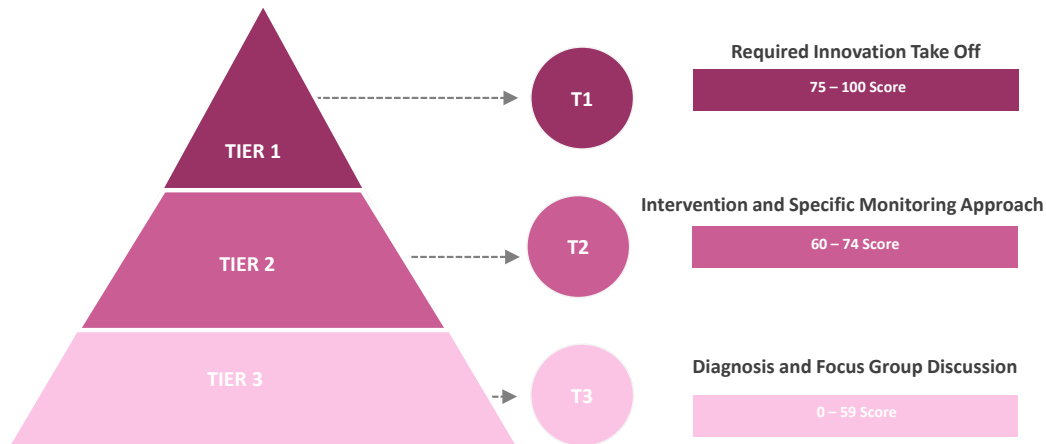
IMPLEMENTATION ON MONITORING OF QUALITY OF LIFE AND WELL-BEING OF YOUTH THROUGH NATIONAL KEY YOUTH DEVELOPMENT AREA (NKYDA)



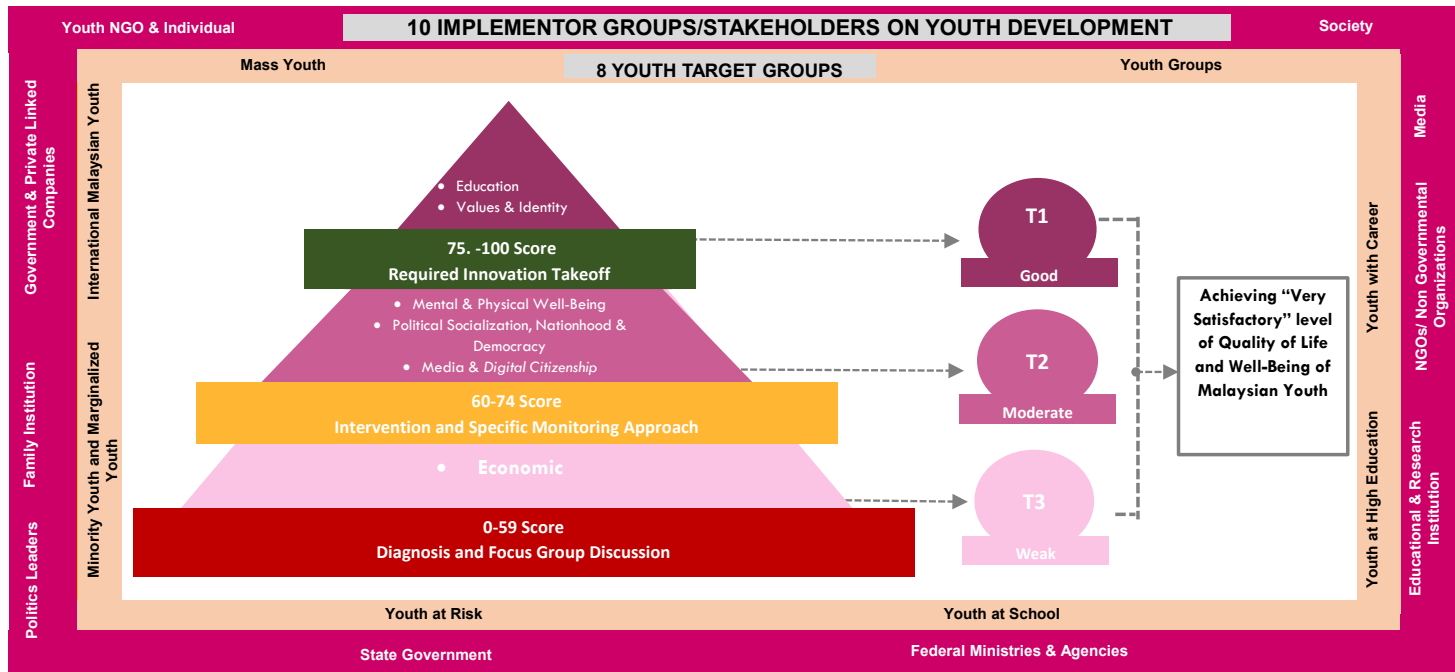
STRATEGY ACROSS IMPLEMENTATION GROUPS/ STAKEHOLDERS OF YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

- The main challenge of today's youth development is how to plan and implement programs that can give the most impact to the target groups with consistency and with limited fund.
- The success of the entirety of youth development programs can be measured only if all stakeholders play their role and function and utilize MYI as input and reference in every youth programs and activities planning in Malaysia.

Youth Canvas for Malaysian Youth Development was proposed to be developed according to three Tiers as follows:



YOUTH CANVAS FOR YOUTH DEVELOPMENT





FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (FAQ)

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTION



What is Malaysian Youth Index (MYI) ?

Malaysian Youth Index is an index developed to measure the level of quality and well-being of youth in Malaysia and provide a more comprehensive description of the current status of the youth generation in the country.



What are the elements or domains that are involved in MYI ? And how was this domain selection made

- a) MYI'15- MYI'20 has been developed with 12 Domains and 58 Indicators that are important in the development of the individual youth. Positive indicators are selected to be in tandem with positive youth development approach or "positive youth development (PYD)". The indicators have been developed are categorized into twelve (12) domains, namely:

1. **Self-Development**
2. **Social Relationship**
3. **Identity**
4. **Self-Potential**
5. **Health**
6. **Education**

- b) MYI'21 has been developed with Six Domains and 41 Indicators after going through improvement process based on current needs, based on analytic model and realignment with Global Youth Development Index (Global, ASEAN). These Indicators which has been developed are categorized into six domains, namely:

1. **Education**
2. **Economy**
3. **Mental & Physical Well-Being**
4. **Political Socialization, Nationhood and Democracy**
5. **Values & Identity**
6. **Media & Digital Citizenship**

Several syndication series (syndication) with youth development stakeholders involving various ministries, agencies, corporate companies, NGOs, academic experts, mass youth from various categories and individual who contributed ideas were implemented to obtain detailed information focused on development, quality and well-being of a comprehensive youth life.



How was MYI developed?

MYI'15 – MYI'20 used review/survey utilizing questionnaire forms and score reports based on Primary data, while for MYI'21, review/survey method using the application of research system and score report based on Primary and Secondary data. Study sample selection represented youth population involving youth age categories, ethnicity, locality, gender and diverse background. The 2010 Census Calculation Block (CB) is used to determine the sample selection area to ensure that the target population has an equal opportunity to be selected. The advisory services of the Department of Statistic Malaysia (DOSM) are also taken into account to ensure that the samples involved are reflective of the national sampling.

Data collection was carried out by trained enumerators (IYRES Community Enumerator) representing 13 states and three (3) Federal Territories in Malaysia. A written manual covering all the required information has been provided along with a map of the Calculation Block (CB). A video clip recording of a simulation of the face-to-face interview handling session is also provided.



What are MYI's improvement over previous years?

1. Data collection using the application of research system compared to previous years which utilized questionnaire forms.
2. Introduction of six domains and 41 Indicators compared to MYI'15 – MYI'20 which were reported through 12 domains and 58 indicators.
3. MYI'21 score report used Primary and Secondary data.
4. Change in target group respondents of 15-30 years old in-tandem with new definition of youth age based on Malaysian Youth Policy (MYP) 2015-2035.
5. Improvement in the benchmark for the score scale from four levels (poor, moderately good, good and very good) to six (6) levels (Very Unsatisfactory, Unsatisfactory, Less Satisfactory, Moderate, Satisfactory, Very Satisfactory) as required by current needs of youth development.
6. Commenced in 2016, the "Outcome" evaluation study of the Malaysian Youth Index will be implemented periodically for the purpose of monitoring and evaluating the performance of the quality of life and well-being of youth.



To what extent is the MYI data validation done?

MYI data will be presented in Technical Working Group (TWG) platform which involves "Focal Point" across Ministries/ Agencies/ Departments/ Academic Specialists/ Youth Development NGOs in Malaysia. TWG is implemented annually starting from 2016 and it is used as a platform to scrutinise the achievements of each domain and indicators in MYI based on the implementation of initiatives and programs carried out by the 10 implementor groups involving ministries and agencies related to Youth Development Agenda in Malaysia.



Can this MYI be compared to other indices internationally?

No. The measurements used are different, domains and indicators were formed based on socio-cultural and scope of development as well as current ecosystem in Malaysia. Additionally, the indices at international level were reported through secondary data only.



Why the outcome evaluation for MYI'21 has to be implemented every year?

Outcome evaluation that is implemented annually after the formation of the Malaysian Youth Index 2021 (MYI'21) is more focused on the impact or outcome results from MYI'21 to measure the achievement of the quality of life and well-being of youth and the comparison can be seen annually based on the base year, 2021, and the achievement of scores may represent the need for improvisation in youth development activities by related youth stakeholders consisting of Youth NGO & Individual, Family, Community, NGOs, Ministry of Youth & Sports and Federal Agencies, State Government, Educational & Research Institution, Media, Government & Private Linked Companies and Political Leadership based on Malaysian Youth Policy (MYP) 2015-2035



What are the importance of MYI to youth development in Malaysia?

1. As the benchmark to measure the quality of life and well-being of Malaysian youth.
2. Providing input for the formation or amendment of policies and principles.
3. Guiding the formation of action plans to improve the quality of life and well-being of Malaysian youth.
4. As an indicator to measure the achievement of Malaysian Youth Policy (MYP) 2015-2035; and
5. To guide stakeholders related to youth development.



Who should use this MYI?

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Youth Development policy and principle makers | 6. Youth Stakeholders |
| 2. Corporate Bodies | 7. Other individual with an interest in youth development management |
| 3. Youth Leaders | |
| 4. Youth development experts | |
| 5. 8 Youth Target Groups namely: | |
| i. Youth at School | vi. International Malaysian Youth |
| ii. Youth at Higher Education | vii. Minority Youth and Marginalized Youth |
| iii. Youth with Career | viii. Youth at Risk |
| iv. Youth Groups | |
| v. Mass Youth | |



How can this book for information on MYI be obtained?

You can get this MYI collection as follows:

- **MYI Book Publishing:**
Institute for Youth Research Malaysia
Level 10, KBS Tower,
No.27 Persiaran Perdana,
62570 Putrajaya

OR can be downloaded free through IYRES Portal <http://www.iyres.gov.my>.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Institute for Youth Research Malaysia (IYRES), Ministry of Youth and Sports (KBS) would like to express our deepest gratitude to study experts, supervisors, enumerators, respondents and individuals involved directly or indirectly in making this study a success. We hope that this study will be a reference for everyone involved in planning and development of youth programs in Malaysia.

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